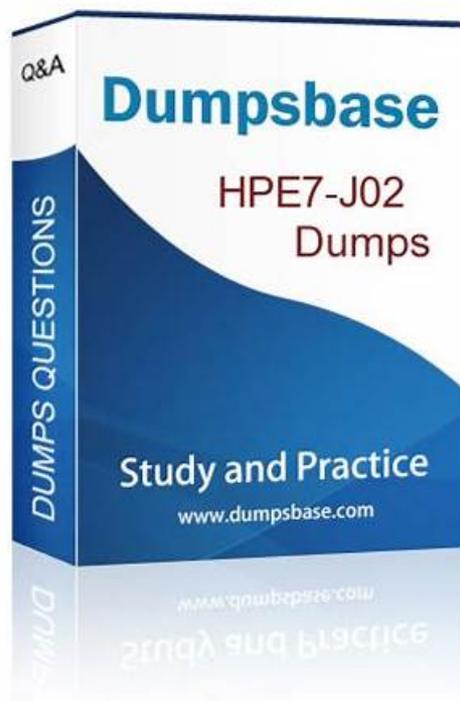# Pass Leader HP HPE7-J02 Dumps & Valid Exam HPE7-J02 Book

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HP HPE7-J02 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Remote Support Configuration: This small but important section tests the ability of System Administrators to configure HPE solutions for remote support, ensuring proactive monitoring and timely resolution of technical issues.
Topic 2	• Monitoring and Telemetry: This section examines the skills of Cloud Operations Specialists in using HPE or third-party management tools to monitor customer telemetry. Candidates must configure alerts, analyze logs, and evaluate reports to identify SLA trends, outages, and performance issues.
Topic 3	• Storage Transport in Multi-Site Solutions: This section evaluates the skills of Storage Architects in describing and applying transport technologies within multi-site solutions. It involves distinguishing between SAN topologies, analyzing transport components, and recommending advanced data protection methods to ensure reliability across enterprise environments.
Topic 4	• HPE Storage Portfolio and Strategy: This domain measures the knowledge of Solution Advisors in positioning HPE's Storage portfolio within enterprise infrastructure. Candidates must understand HPE Storage hardware, procurement options, available tools, and the overarching storage strategy, including its relevance to enterprise-scale solutions.

Valid Exam HPE7-J02 Book & HPE7-J02 Valid Exam Topics

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HP Advanced HPE Storage Integrator Solutions Written Exam Sample Questions (Q30-Q35):

NEW QUESTION # 30
You are working with a customer to upgrade their current VMware infrastructure. The hardware is outdated, and the customer has no information about performance requirements for the new servers and storage array.
You are using HPE CloudPhysics to run an assessment.
Which Card Deck will give you insights on the under- and overprovisioning of the current environment?

- A. Storage Space Management
- B. Infrastructure Planning
- C. Simulator for VM Rightsizing
- D. Reclaimable VMware vDisk Space

Answer: C

Explanation:
Detailed Explanation:
Rationale for Correct Answer:
The Simulator for VM Rightsizing Card Deck in HPE CloudPhysics evaluates actual VM utilization against provisioned resources. It identifies under- and overprovisioned VMs, providing insights into reclaimable resources and accurate sizing recommendations. This directly helps plan server and storage upgrades.
Distractors:
A: Storage Space Management focuses on datastore usage trends, not provisioning mismatches.
B: Reclaimable VMware vDisk Space identifies unused storage, not CPU/RAM sizing.
D: Infrastructure Planning helps plan new builds but doesn't directly analyze current over/under provisioning.
Key Concept: VM Rightsizing = CloudPhysics tool for over/under provisioning analysis.
Reference: HPE CloudPhysics Card Decks Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 31
Two HPE Storage Alletra MP B10000 arrays are deployed with Active Peer Persistence. Both arrays and hosts are installed in close proximity to each other. To enable symmetric access, Peer Persistence must be configured accordingly.
Which Host Proximity Parameter should be selected for host ESX31 in this case?

- A. Primary
- B. Secondary
- C. Exclusive
- D. All

Answer: D

Explanation:
Detailed Explanation:
Rationale for Correct Answer:
Option B (All) is correct because in an Active Peer Persistence deployment where both arrays and hosts are in close proximity (metro or campus cluster scenario), the hosts should be configured with Host Proximity = All. This ensures that the host (ESX31) can access both arrays symmetrically and concurrently, enabling active-active paths. This is essential to deliver seamless failover and load balancing across the arrays in an HPE Alletra MP Peer Persistence environment.

Analysis of Incorrect Options (Distractors):

A (Secondary): This is used for hosts located closer to the secondary array, to bias access toward it in asymmetric deployments.

Not applicable here since the hosts are near both arrays.

C (Exclusive): This option assigns the host to a single array exclusively, preventing dual-active access.

This would defeat the purpose of symmetric Peer Persistence.

D (Primary): Similar to Secondary, this biases access to only the primary array, which is not correct when arrays and hosts are in the same site for active-active.

Key Concept:

This question focuses on Host Proximity parameters in HPE Peer Persistence.

Primary/Secondary = asymmetric designs (hosts closer to one array).

All = symmetric design (hosts equidistant to both arrays, enabling active-active).

Exclusive = restricts access to one array only.

Reference:

HPE Alletra MP Storage Peer Persistence Best Practices Guide

HPE Primera/Alletra Remote Copy and Peer Persistence Technical White Paper VMware Metro Storage Cluster with HPE Peer Persistence Implementation Notes

NEW QUESTION # 32

You are meeting with a customer who wants to replace their current file storage system. You plan to recommend HPE GreenLake for File Storage. The customer asks whether the solution can provide cross- protocol access to the same data using both NFS and SMB simultaneously.

What is the impact on your design?

- A. Two different IP pools are required, one for each access protocol. The virtual IP pool address enables cross-protocol functionality
- B. HPE GreenLake for File Storage supports native cross-protocol access with NFS, SMB, and S3. You must enable both protocols per share
- C. A 3rd-party SDS solution such as Qumulo or Scality should be discussed since the HPE GreenLake for File Storage does not support this
- D. This is perfectly possible with HPE GreenLake for File Storage by creating two file shares (one for each protocol) and setting up replication

Answer: B

Explanation:
Detailed Explanation:
Rationale for Correct Answer:
HPE GreenLake for File Storage, powered by VAST Data software, natively supports cross-protocol access (NFS, SMB, and S3) to the same dataset. This means a file written via NFS can be accessed via SMB or S3 without replication. For cross-protocol access, both protocols must be enabled at the share/bucket level.

This is a core differentiator of HPE's GreenLake for File Storage solution.

Distractors:

A: Wrong, because GreenLake for File Storage already has native multi-protocol support - no need for 3rd party SDS.

C: Incorrect, as replication between separate shares is not required; it is a native capability.
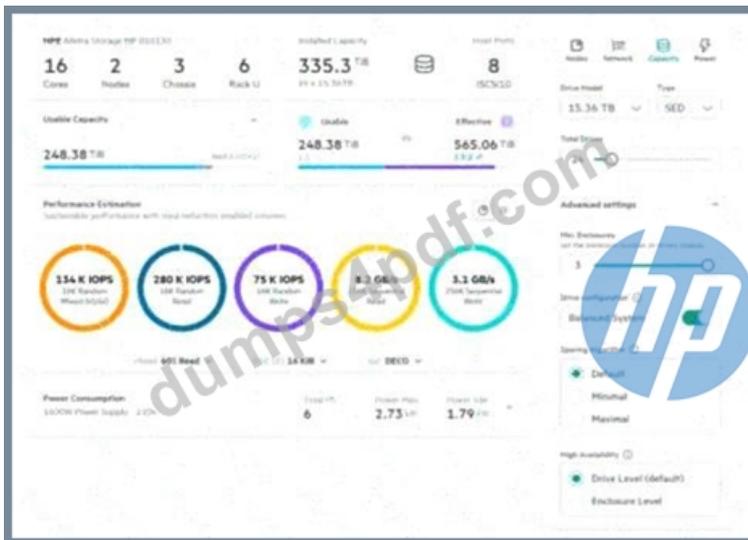
D: Misleading - IP pools are used for load balancing and client connectivity, but not required to enable cross- protocol access.

Key Concept: Multi-protocol access in HPE GreenLake for File Storage (NFS/SMB/S3).

Reference: HPE GreenLake for File Storage Technical Overview, VAST Data Universal Storage white papers

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NEW QUESTION # 33

You are sizing an HPE Alletra Storage MP B10000 array (graphic provided).

What happens when the High Availability (HA) option is switched from Drive Level to Enclosure Level?

- A. The Enclosure Level option is only available with a switched configuration
- B. The Enclosure Level option is not possible with the current number of disk enclosures
- C. The Usable Capacity for the array decreases when selecting Enclosure Level HA
- D. The estimated performance decreases due to lower IOPS and GB/s values

Answer: C

Explanation:
Detailed Explanation:
Rationale for Correct Answer:
Changing HA from Drive Level to Enclosure Level means the system must reserve additional capacity to tolerate the loss of an entire disk enclosure. This decreases usable capacity, as more parity/spare space is required. Performance remains similar, but capacity overhead increases.
Distractors:
A: Multiple enclosures exist in the config; option is valid.
B: Switched vs direct-connect is unrelated to HA settings.
C: Performance estimates are not directly reduced by HA level change; capacity is.
Key Concept: Enclosure HA = more reserve overhead # less usable capacity.
Reference: HPE Alletra MP Sizing Tool User Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 34
Two HPE Alletra 6000 arrays are configured for peer persistence between datacenters A and B, which have a fiber distance of 50km (31mi). The datacenter B hardware will be relocated to a new location that will increase the fiber distance to 150km (93mi). Which condition is valid once the relocation is finished?

- A. The peer persistence setup needs to be changed to active peer persistence.
- B. The peer persistence configuration is supported, when latency remains <10ms.
- C. The fiber distance exceeds the distance supported for peer persistence setup.
- D. The peer persistence replication links need to be changed to RC transport.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Detailed Explanation:
Rationale for Correct Answer:
HPE Peer Persistence is supported over distances of up to 150-200 km, as long as the round-trip latency is
#10ms. Therefore, even after relocation to 150km, Peer Persistence remains supported provided latency requirements are met.
Distractors:
B: RC (Remote Copy) transport is already the underlying technology, but no change is required.
C: Peer Persistence is already an active-active design; no change to "active" mode is needed.
D: Distance does not exceed the supported range; only latency matters.

Key Concept: Latency <10ms is the critical requirement for Peer Persistence.
Reference: HPE Alletra 6000/Primera Peer Persistence Best Practices.

NEW QUESTION # 35

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