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## Reliable Data-Engineer-Associate Test Experience | Data-Engineer-Associate Answers Real Questions

Taking the Amazon Data-Engineer-Associate practice test is very beneficial to clear the AWS Certified Data Engineer - Associate (DEA-C01) Data-Engineer-Associate exam on the first try. You get awareness about the Amazon Data-Engineer-Associate real exam environment because the Data-Engineer-Associate Practice Exam has an actual exam-like pattern. Furthermore, the Amazon Data-Engineer-Associate practice test tracks and reports your performance.

## Amazon AWS Certified Data Engineer - Associate (DEA-C01) Sample

## Questions (Q135-Q140):

### NEW QUESTION # 135

A data engineer must build an extract, transform, and load (ETL) pipeline to process and load data from 10 source systems into 10 tables that are in an Amazon Redshift database. All the source systems generate .csv, JSON, or Apache Parquet files every 15 minutes. The source systems all deliver files into one Amazon S3 bucket. The file sizes range from 10 MB to 20 GB. The ETL pipeline must function correctly despite changes to the data schema.

Which data pipeline solutions will meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Use an Amazon EventBridge rule to invoke an AWS Glue workflow job every 15 minutes. Configure the AWS Glue workflow to have an on-demand trigger that runs an AWS Glue crawler and then runs an AWS Glue job when the crawler finishes running successfully. Configure the AWS Glue job to process and load the data into the Amazon Redshift tables.
- B. Configure an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue workflow when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket. Configure the AWS Glue workflow to have an on-demand trigger that runs an AWS Glue crawler and then runs an AWS Glue job when the crawler finishes running successfully. Configure the AWS Glue job to process and load the data into the Amazon Redshift tables.
- C. Configure an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue job when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket. Configure the AWS Glue job to read the files from the S3 bucket into an Apache Spark DataFrame. Configure the AWS Glue job to also put smaller partitions of the DataFrame into an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream. Configure the delivery stream to load data into the Amazon Redshift tables.
- D. Configure an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue crawler when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket. Configure an AWS Glue job to process and load the data into the Amazon Redshift tables. Create a second Lambda function to run the AWS Glue job. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule to invoke the second Lambda function when the AWS Glue crawler finishes running successfully.
- E. Use an Amazon EventBridge rule to run an AWS Glue job every 15 minutes. Configure the AWS Glue job to process and load the data into the Amazon Redshift tables.

**Answer: A,E**

Explanation:

Using an Amazon EventBridge rule to run an AWS Glue job or invoke an AWS Glue workflow job every 15 minutes are two possible solutions that will meet the requirements. AWS Glue is a serverless ETL service that can process and load data from various sources to various targets, including Amazon Redshift. AWS Glue can handle different data formats, such as CSV, JSON, and Parquet, and also support schema evolution, meaning it can adapt to changes in the data schema over time. AWS Glue can also leverage Apache Spark to perform distributed processing and transformation of large datasets. AWS Glue integrates with Amazon EventBridge, which is a serverless event bus service that can trigger actions based on rules and schedules. By using an Amazon EventBridge rule, you can invoke an AWS Glue job or workflow every 15 minutes, and configure the job or workflow to run an AWS Glue crawler and then load the data into the Amazon Redshift tables. This way, you can build a cost-effective and scalable ETL pipeline that can handle data from 10 source systems and function correctly despite changes to the data schema.

The other options are not solutions that will meet the requirements. Option C, configuring an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue crawler when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket, and creating a second Lambda function to run the AWS Glue job, is not a feasible solution, as it would require a lot of Lambda invocations and coordination. AWS Lambda has some limits on the execution time, memory, and concurrency, which can affect the performance and reliability of the ETL pipeline. Option D, configuring an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue workflow when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket, is not a necessary solution, as you can use an Amazon EventBridge rule to invoke the AWS Glue workflow directly, without the need for a Lambda function. Option E, configuring an AWS Lambda function to invoke an AWS Glue job when a file is loaded into the S3 bucket, and configuring the AWS Glue job to put smaller partitions of the DataFrame into an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream, is not a cost-effective solution, as it would incur additional costs for Lambda invocations and data delivery. Moreover, using Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to load data into Amazon Redshift is not suitable for frequent and small batches of data, as it can cause performance issues and data fragmentation. References:

AWS Glue

Amazon EventBridge

Using AWS Glue to run ETL jobs against non-native JDBC data sources

[AWS Lambda quotas]

[Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose quotas]

### NEW QUESTION # 136

A data engineer uses Amazon Kinesis Data Streams to ingest and process records that contain user behavior data from an application every day.

The data engineer notices that the data stream is experiencing throttling because hot shards receive much more data than other shards in the data stream.

How should the data engineer resolve the throttling issue?

- A. Increase the number of shards in the data stream. Distribute the records across the shards.
- **B. Use a random partition key to distribute the ingested records.**
- C. Limit the number of records that are sent each second by the producer to match the capacity of the stream.
- D. Decrease the size of the records that the producer sends to match the capacity of the stream.

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION # 137

A data engineer needs to securely transfer 5 TB of data from an on-premises data center to an Amazon S3 bucket. Approximately 5% of the data changes every day. Updates to the data need to be regularly proliferated to the S3 bucket. The data includes files that are in multiple formats. The data engineer needs to automate the transfer process and must schedule the process to run periodically.

Which AWS service should the data engineer use to transfer the data in the MOST operationally efficient way?

- A. Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration
- **B. AWS DataSync**
- C. AWS Glue
- D. AWS Direct Connect

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

AWS DataSync is an online data movement and discovery service that simplifies and accelerates data migrations to AWS as well as moving data to and from on-premises storage, edge locations, other cloud providers, and AWS Storage services<sup>1</sup>. AWS DataSync can copy data to and from various sources and targets, including Amazon S3, and handle files in multiple formats. AWS DataSync also supports incremental transfers, meaning it can detect and copy only the changes to the data, reducing the amount of data transferred and improving the performance. AWS DataSync can automate and schedule the transfer process using triggers, and monitor the progress and status of the transfers using CloudWatch metrics and events<sup>1</sup>.

AWS DataSync is the most operationally efficient way to transfer the data in this scenario, as it meets all the requirements and offers a serverless and scalable solution. AWS Glue, AWS Direct Connect, and Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration are not the best options for this scenario, as they have some limitations or drawbacks compared to AWS DataSync. AWS Glue is a serverless ETL service that can extract, transform, and load data from various sources to various targets, including Amazon S3<sup>2</sup>. However, AWS Glue is not designed for large-scale data transfers, as it has some quotas and limits on the number and size of files it can process<sup>3</sup>. AWS Glue also does not support incremental transfers, meaning it would have to copy the entire data set every time, which would be inefficient and costly.

AWS Direct Connect is a service that establishes a dedicated network connection between your on-premises data center and AWS, bypassing the public internet and improving the bandwidth and performance of the data transfer. However, AWS Direct Connect is not a data transfer service by itself, as it requires additional services or tools to copy the data, such as AWS DataSync, AWS Storage Gateway, or AWS CLI. AWS Direct Connect also has some hardware and location requirements, and charges you for the port hours and data transfer out of AWS.

Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration is a feature that enables faster data transfers to Amazon S3 over long distances, using the AWS edge locations and optimized network paths. However, Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration is not a data transfer service by itself, as it requires additional services or tools to copy the data, such as AWS CLI, AWS SDK, or third-party software. Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration also charges you for the data transferred over the accelerated endpoints, and does not guarantee a performance improvement for every transfer, as it depends on various factors such as the network conditions, the distance, and the object size.

Reference:

AWS DataSync

AWS Glue

AWS Glue quotas and limits

[AWS Direct Connect]

[Data transfer options for AWS Direct Connect]

[Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration]

[Using Amazon S3 Transfer Acceleration]

#### NEW QUESTION # 138

A company stores customer data in an Amazon S3 bucket. The company must permanently delete all customer data that is older than 7 years.

- **A. Configure an S3 Lifecycle policy to permanently delete objects that are older than 7 years.**
- B. Configure an S3 Lifecycle policy to move objects that are older than 7 years to S3 Glacier Deep Archive.
- C. Use Amazon Athena to query the S3 bucket for objects that are older than 7 years. Configure Athena to delete the results.
- D. Configure an S3 Lifecycle policy to enable S3 Object Lock on all objects that are older than 7 years.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

S3 Lifecycle policies automate data retention and deletion. By specifying an expiration rule for 7 years, objects older than that period are permanently deleted without manual intervention.

"To automatically delete aged data, configure an S3 Lifecycle rule with an expiration policy for objects older than the retention period."

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### NEW QUESTION # 139

A data engineer needs to onboard a new data producer into AWS. The data producer needs to migrate data products to AWS. The data producer maintains many data pipelines that support a business application. Each pipeline must have service accounts and their corresponding credentials. The data engineer must establish a secure connection from the data producer's on-premises data center to AWS. The data engineer must not use the public internet to transfer data from an on-premises data center to AWS. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Instruct the new data producer to create Amazon Machine Images (AMIs) on Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) to store the code base of the application. Create security groups in a public subnet that allow connections only to the on-premises data center.
- B. Create an AWS Direct Connect connection to the on-premises data center. Store the application keys in AWS Secrets Manager. Create Amazon S3 buckets that contain resigned URLs that have one-day expiration dates.
- **C. Create an AWS Direct Connect connection to the on-premises data center. Store the service account credentials in AWS Secrets manager.**
- D. Create a security group in a public subnet. Configure the security group to allow only connections from the CIDR blocks that correspond to the data producer. Create Amazon S3 buckets than contain presigned URLs that have one-day expiration dates.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

For secure migration of data from an on-premises data center to AWS without using the public internet, AWS Direct Connect is the most secure and reliable method. Using Secrets Manager to store service account credentials ensures that the credentials are managed securely with automatic rotation.

\* AWS Direct Connect:

\* Direct Connect establishes a dedicated, private connection between the on-premises data center and AWS, avoiding the public internet. This is ideal for secure, high-speed data transfers.

### NEW QUESTION # 140

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