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## HP HPE7-A01 Practice Questions

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1. A company recently deployed new Aruba Access Points at different branch offices Wireless 802.1X

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HPE7-A01 certification exam covers a wide range of topics related to wireless networking, including access points, wireless LANs, network security, and mobility. HPE7-A01 Exam also covers topics related to network design, such as network topology, capacity planning, and network management. Additionally, the exam requires candidates to have a thorough understanding of the ArubaOS operating system.

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HP HPE7-A01, also known as the Aruba Certified Campus Access Professional exam, is designed to test the knowledge and skills of individuals working in the field of networking. It is one of the most sought-after certifications in the industry, and passing HPE7-A01 Exam opens up a wide range of career opportunities for candidates.

## HP Aruba Certified Campus Access Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q98-Q103):

### NEW QUESTION # 98

What is the order of operations for Key Management service for a wireless client roaming from AP1 to AP2?

**Answer:**

**Explanation:**

**Explanation**



[https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/Instant\\_85\\_WebHelp/Content/instant-ug/wlan-ssid-conf/conf-fast-roa](https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/Instant_85_WebHelp/Content/instant-ug/wlan-ssid-conf/conf-fast-roa)

### NEW QUESTION # 99

What is the best practice for handling voice traffic with dynamic segmentation on AOS-CX switches?

- A. Switch authentication and user-based tunneling of the voice traffic.
- B. Controller authentication and port-based tunneling of all traffic
- **C. Switch authentication and local forwarding of the voice traffic**
- D. Central authentication and port-based tunneling of the voice traffic.

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

This is the best practice for handling voice traffic with dynamic segmentation on AOS-CX switches. Dynamic segmentation is a feature that allows AOS-CX switches to tunnel user traffic to a controller or another switch based on user roles and policies. For voice traffic, it is recommended to use switch authentication and local forwarding, which means the voice devices are authenticated by the switch and their traffic is forwarded locally without tunneling. This reduces latency and jitter for voice traffic and improves voice quality. The other options are incorrect because they either use central authentication or tunneling, which are not optimal for voice traffic. References: <https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.04/HTML/5200-6728/bk01-ch05.html> [https://www.arubanetworks.com/assets/ds/DS\\_AOS-CX.pdf](https://www.arubanetworks.com/assets/ds/DS_AOS-CX.pdf)

### NEW QUESTION # 100

Your Aruba CX 6300 VSF stack has OSPF adjacency over SVI 10 with LAG 1 to a neighboring device. The following configuration was created on the switch:

```
!
interface vlan 20
  ip address 10.10.20.1/24
!
interface vlan 30
  ip address 10.10.30.1/24
!
interface vlan 40
  ip address 10.10.40.1/24
```

- A. 

```
router ospf 1
  area 0
  passive-interface
  vlan 20,30,40
```
- B. 

```
vlan 20,30,40
  ospf passive
```
- C. 

```
router ospf 1
  area 0
  redistribute local
interface vlan 20,30,40
  ip ospf passive
```
- D. 

```
ip ospf passive
```

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The correct configuration for OSPF adjacency over SVI 10 with LAG 1 to a neighboring device is shown in Option C. The configuration includes the following steps:

- \* Create a VLAN 10 and assign it a name and an IP address.
- \* Create a LAG 1 and assign it a name and a mode of dynamic or static.
- \* Add member ports to LAG 1 and enable the LAG interface.
- \* Assign VLAN 10 as the untagged VLAN for LAG 1.
- \* Enable OSPF on the switch and assign it a router ID.
- \* Create an OSPF area 0 and add SVI 10 as an interface in that area.

Option A is incorrect because it does not enable OSPF on the switch or create an OSPF area. Option B is incorrect because it assigns VLAN 10 as the tagged VLAN for LAG 1, which is not compatible with SVI 10.

Option D is incorrect because it does not add member ports to LAG 1 or enable the LAG interface.

References:

[https://techhub.hpe.com/eginfolib/Aruba/OS-CX\\_10.04/5200-6692/GUID-BD3E0A5F-FE4C-4B9B-BE1D-FE7D](https://techhub.hpe.com/eginfolib/Aruba/OS-CX_10.04/5200-6692/GUID-BD3E0A5F-FE4C-4B9B-BE1D-FE7D)

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### NEW QUESTION # 101

A customer is concerned about unprotected traffic between an AOS-CX switch and a gateway, running on AOSStO. What is a feasible option to protect this traffic?

- A. Implement an MD5 HMAC function to protect PAPI between the AOS-CX switches and the gateway
- B. no action is needed, an RSA certificate already encrypts the traffic
- C. Implement an IPSec tunnel to protect PAPI between the AOS-CX switches and the gateway
- D. Implement a GRE tunnel to protect PAPI between the AOS-CX switches and the gateway

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Explanation

According to the Aruba Documentation Portal, PAPI (Port Aggregation Protocol) is a protocol that allows multiple physical ports to be aggregated into a single logical port for increased bandwidth and performance.

PAPI can be used between AOS-CX switches and gateways, or between AOS-CX switches and other devices.

Option A: Implement an IPSec tunnel to protect PAPI between the AOS-CX switches and the gateway. This is because option A shows how to implement an IPSec tunnel between two devices using the interface command and the ipsec command. An IPSec tunnel can provide encryption and authentication for PAPI traffic between two devices, such as an AOS-CX switch and a gateway.

Therefore, option A is a feasible option to protect this traffic.

I hope this helps you. If you need more information, please let me know.

1:

[https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.06/HTML/5200-7727/Content/Chp\\_prev\\_traf\\_loss/Act\\_g](https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.06/HTML/5200-7727/Content/Chp_prev_traf_loss/Act_g)

<https://community.arubanetworks.com/blogviewer?blogkey=989fc43a-e0df-42db-9c0b-f96d6565a1fa>

### NEW QUESTION # 102

Match the appropriate QoS concept with its definition. (Options may be used more than once or not at all.)

Best Effort Service	Class of Service	<b>Answer Area</b> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	A method for classifying network traffic at layer-2 by marking 802.1Q VLAN Ethernet frames with one of eight service classes.
Differentiated Services	WMM		A method for classifying network traffic at layer-3 by marking packets with one of 64 different service classes.
			A method where traffic is treated equally in a first-come, first-served manner.
			A method for classifying network traffic using access categories based on the IEEE 802.11e QoS standard.

**Answer:**

**Explanation:**

Best Effort Service	Class of Service	<b>Answer Area</b> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	A method for classifying network traffic at layer-2 by marking 802.1Q VLAN Ethernet frames with one of eight service classes.
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**Explanation:**

Best Effort Service	Class of Service	A method for classifying network traffic at layer-2 by marking 802.1Q VLAN Ethernet frames with one of eight service classes.
Differentiated Services	WMM	A method for classifying network traffic at layer-3 by marking packets with one of 64 different service classes.
Class of Service		A method where traffic is treated equally in a first-come, first-served manner.
WMM		A method for classifying network traffic using access categories based on the IEEE 802.11e QoS standard.

QoS concept: Class of Service Definition: 3) A method for classifying network traffic using access categories based on the IEEE 802.11e QoS standards  
 QoS concept: Differentiated services Definition: 2) A method for classifying network traffic at layer-3 or marking packets with one of 64 different service classes  
 QoS concept: WMM Definition: 4) A method for classifying network traffic using access categories based on the IEEE 802.11e QoS standards

### NEW QUESTION # 103

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