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Amazon AWS Certified Data Engineer - Associate (DEA-C01) Sample Questions (Q133-Q138):

NEW QUESTION # 133

A data engineer wants to orchestrate a set of extract, transform, and load (ETL) jobs that run on AWS. The ETL jobs contain tasks that must run Apache Spark jobs on Amazon EMR, make API calls to Salesforce, and load data into Amazon Redshift. The ETL jobs need to handle failures and retries automatically. The data engineer needs to use Python to orchestrate the jobs. Which service will meet these requirements?

- A. Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA)
- B. Amazon EventBridge
- C. AWS Glue
- D. AWS Step Functions

Answer: A

Explanation:

The data engineer needs to orchestrate ETL jobs that include Spark jobs on Amazon EMR, API calls to Salesforce, and loading data into Redshift. They also need automatic failure handling and retries. Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA) is the best solution for this requirement.

Option A: Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA)

Apache Airflow is designed for complex job orchestration, allowing users to define workflows (DAGs) in Python. MWAA manages Airflow and its integrations with other AWS services, including Amazon EMR, Redshift, and external APIs like Salesforce. It provides automatic retry handling, failure detection, and detailed monitoring, which fits the use case perfectly.

Option B (AWS Step Functions) can orchestrate tasks but doesn't natively support complex workflow definitions with Python like Airflow does.

Option C (AWS Glue) is more focused on ETL and doesn't handle the orchestration of external systems like Salesforce as well as Airflow.

Option D (Amazon EventBridge) is more suited for event-driven architectures rather than complex workflow orchestration.

Reference:

Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow

Apache Airflow on AWS

NEW QUESTION # 134

A company is developing machine learning (ML) models. A data engineer needs to apply data quality rules to training data. The company stores the training data in an Amazon S3 bucket.

- A. Create an AWS Lambda function to check data quality and to raise exceptions in the code.
- B. Create AWS Lambda functions to evaluate data quality rules and orchestrate with AWS Step Functions.
- C. Create an Amazon EMR provisioned cluster. Add a Python data quality package.
- D. Create an AWS Glue DataBrew project for the data in the S3 bucket. Create a ruleset for the data quality rules. Create a profile job to run the data quality rules. Use Amazon EventBridge to run the profile job when data is added to the S3 bucket.

Answer: D

Explanation:

AWS Glue DataBrew provides a no-code way to define and run data quality rulesets for data stored in S3.

You can trigger profiling jobs via Amazon EventBridge on new uploads for automated checks.

"Use AWS Glue DataBrew to define and run data quality rules on S3 datasets with minimal coding effort.

Automate validation by triggering jobs through EventBridge."

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NEW QUESTION # 135

A company needs to partition the Amazon S3 storage that the company uses for a data lake. The partitioning will use a path of the S3 object keys in the following format: s3://bucket/prefix/year=2023/month=01/day=01.

A data engineer must ensure that the AWS Glue Data Catalog synchronizes with the S3 storage when the company adds new partitions to the bucket.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST latency?

- A. Run the MSCK REPAIR TABLE command from the AWS Glue console.
- B. Schedule an AWS Glue crawler to run every morning.
- C. Use code that writes data to Amazon S3 to invoke the Boto3 AWS Glue create partition API call.

- D. Manually run the AWS Glue CreatePartition API twice each day.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The best solution to ensure that the AWS Glue Data Catalog synchronizes with the S3 storage when the company adds new partitions to the bucket with the least latency is to use code that writes data to Amazon S3 to invoke the Boto3 AWS Glue create partition API call. This way, the Data Catalog is updated as soon as new data is written to S3, and the partition information is immediately available for querying by other services. The Boto3 AWS Glue create partition API call allows you to create a new partition in the Data Catalog by specifying the table name, the database name, and the partition values¹. You can use this API call in your code that writes data to S3, such as a Python script or an AWS Glue ETL job, to create a partition for each new S3 object key that matches the partitioning scheme.

Option A is not the best solution, as scheduling an AWS Glue crawler to run every morning would introduce a significant latency between the time new data is written to S3 and the time the Data Catalog is updated. AWS Glue crawlers are processes that connect to a data store, progress through a prioritized list of classifiers to determine the schema for your data, and then create metadata tables in the Data Catalog². Crawlers can be scheduled to run periodically, such as daily or hourly, but they cannot run continuously or in real-time.

Therefore, using a crawler to synchronize the Data Catalog with the S3 storage would not meet the requirement of the least latency. Option B is not the best solution, as manually running the AWS Glue CreatePartition API twice each day would also introduce a significant latency between the time new data is written to S3 and the time the Data Catalog is updated. Moreover, manually running the API would require more operational overhead and human intervention than using code that writes data to S3 to invoke the API automatically.

Option D is not the best solution, as running the MSCK REPAIR TABLE command from the AWS Glue console would also introduce a significant latency between the time new data is written to S3 and the time the Data Catalog is updated. The MSCK REPAIR TABLE command is a SQL command that you can run in the AWS Glue console to add partitions to the Data Catalog based on the S3 object keys that match the partitioning scheme³. However, this command is not meant to be run frequently or in real-time, as it can take a long time to scan the entire S3 bucket and add the partitions. Therefore, using this command to synchronize the Data Catalog with the S3 storage would not meet the requirement of the least latency. References:

- * AWS Glue CreatePartition API
- * Populating the AWS Glue Data Catalog
- * MSCK REPAIR TABLE Command
- * AWS Certified Data Engineer - Associate DEA-C01 Complete Study Guide

NEW QUESTION # 136

A data engineer uses Amazon Kinesis Data Streams to ingest and process records that contain user behavior data from an application every day.

The data engineer notices that the data stream is experiencing throttling because hot shards receive much more data than other shards in the data stream.

How should the data engineer resolve the throttling issue?

- A. Decrease the size of the records that the producer sends to match the capacity of the stream
- B. Increase the number of shards in the data stream. Distribute the records across the shards.
- C. **Limit the number of records that are sent each second by the producer to match the capacity of the stream.**
- D. Use a random partition key to distribute the ingested records.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 137

A company stores data in a data lake that is in Amazon S3. Some data that the company stores in the data lake contains personally identifiable information (PII). Multiple user groups need to access the raw data. The company must ensure that user groups can access only the PII that they require.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST effort?

- A. Use Amazon QuickSight to access the data. Use column-level security features in QuickSight to limit the PII that users can retrieve from Amazon S3 by using Amazon Athena. Define QuickSight access levels based on the PII access requirements of the users.
- B. Create IAM roles that have different levels of granular access. Assign the IAM roles to IAM user groups. Use an identity-based policy to assign access levels to user groups at the column level.
- C. Build a custom query builder UI that will run Athena queries in the background to access the data. Create user groups in

Amazon Cognito. Assign access levels to the user groups based on the PII access requirements of the users.

- D. Use Amazon Athena to query the data. Set up AWS Lake Formation and create data filters to establish levels of access for the company's IAM roles. Assign each user to the IAM role that matches the user's PII access requirements.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Amazon Athena is a serverless, interactive query service that enables you to analyze data in Amazon S3 using standard SQL. AWS Lake Formation is a service that helps you build, secure, and manage data lakes on AWS. You can use AWS Lake Formation to create data filters that define the level of access for different IAM roles based on the columns, rows, or tags of the data. By using Amazon Athena to query the data and AWS Lake Formation to create data filters, the company can meet the requirements of ensuring that user groups can access only the PII that they require with the least effort. The solution is to use Amazon Athena to query the data in the data lake that is in Amazon S3. Then, set up AWS Lake Formation and create data filters to establish levels of access for the company's IAM roles. For example, a data filter can allow a user group to access only the columns that contain the PII that they need, such as name and email address, and deny access to the columns that contain the PII that they do not need, such as phone number and social security number. Finally, assign each user to the IAM role that matches the user's PII access requirements. This way, the user groups can access the data in the data lake securely and efficiently. The other options are either not feasible or not optimal. Using Amazon QuickSight to access the data (option B) would require the company to pay for the QuickSight service and to configure the column-level security features for each user. Building a custom query builder UI that will run Athena queries in the background to access the data (option C) would require the company to develop and maintain the UI and to integrate it with Amazon Cognito. Creating IAM roles that have different levels of granular access (option D) would require the company to manage multiple IAM roles and policies and to ensure that they are aligned with the data schema. Reference:

Amazon Athena

AWS Lake Formation

AWS Certified Data Engineer - Associate DEA-C01 Complete Study Guide, Chapter 4: Data Analysis and Visualization, Section 4.3: Amazon Athena

NEW QUESTION # 138

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