

Topic: Real ISQI CTFL-AT Exam Practice Questions



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ISQI ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester Sample Questions (Q30-Q35):

NEW QUESTION # 30

A calculator application is being developed. The third sprint has been planned to add functionality to the calculator to allow scientific calculations.

Which TWO examples below represent activities that would likely be managed on an agile task board for the third sprint?

- 1) A task to design the features planned for the next sprint.
- 2) A task to run an acceptance test for a user story.
- 3) A task to automate regression tests.
- 4) A task to participate in training in preparation for the fourth sprint.
- 5) A task to produce a daily progress report for the agile team members.

- A. 2, 3
- B. 1, 5
- C. 1, 4
- D. 4, 5

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the ISTQB Tester Foundation Level Agile Tester syllabus, an agile task board is a visual tool that displays the status of the work items in an agile sprint. The task board typically shows the user stories, tasks, and their progress from "to do" to "done". The task board helps the agile team to monitor and coordinate their work, and to communicate with stakeholders. Therefore, the examples that represent activities that would likely be managed on an agile task board for the third sprint are those that are related to the user stories, tasks, and their progress in the current sprint. Option A is the correct answer, as it contains two examples of such activities: running an acceptance test for a user story, and automating regression tests. These are both tasks that are part of the testing process in the current sprint, and their status can be tracked on the task board. Option B is not a correct answer, as it contains two examples of activities that are not related to the current sprint: designing the features planned for the next sprint, and participating in training in preparation for the fourth sprint. These are both activities that are part of the planning or learning process for the future sprints, and they are not managed on the task board. Option C is also not a correct answer, as it contains two examples of activities that are not related to the current sprint: participating in training in preparation for the fourth sprint, and producing a daily progress report for the agile team members. These are both activities that are part of the learning or reporting process, and they are not managed on the task board.

Option D is also not a correct answer, as it contains two examples of activities that are not related to the current sprint: designing the features planned for the next sprint, and producing a daily progress report for the agile team members. These are both activities that are part of the planning or reporting process, and they are not managed on the taskboard. References: ISTQB Tester Foundation Level Agile Tester syllabus, section

2.1.1, page 14; ISTQB Tester Foundation Level Agile Tester syllabus, section 2.1.2, page 15; ISTQB Tester Foundation Level Agile Tester syllabus, section 2.2.1, page 16; ISTQB Tester Foundation Level Agile Tester syllabus, section 2.2.2, page 17.

NEW QUESTION # 31

Which of the following statements about Agile software development approaches is true?

- A. Scrum does not provide guidance on how development has to be done in a Scrum project but prescribes the adoption of specific testing techniques
- B. Communication, simplicity, feedback, courage, and respect are the five fundamental values of Kanban to guide development
- C. In Kanban, transparency of content and progress of tasks is usually done with the visualization of the active tasks, for example on a public whiteboard
- D. Scrum is an Agile management framework that defines three roles: the Scrum Owner, the Product Master, and the Development Team

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

From the ISTQB CTFL-AT Syllabus v4.0, Section 1.2 The Fundamentals of Agile Software Development, Kanban is explained as: "In Kanban, work is visualized using a board that shows tasks in various states of progress. The transparency of the workflow helps teams identify bottlenecks, improve flow, and collaborate effectively." This directly supports Option C, where Kanban boards are used for visualizing active tasks - increasing transparency and progress visibility.

Let's clarify the other options:

* Option A: The five values listed - communication, simplicity, feedback, courage, and respect - are associated with Extreme Programming (XP), not Kanban.

* Option B: Scrum does not prescribe specific testing techniques, but it also does not dictate how development must be done, which makes this a tricky answer that's partially true but not complete or precise enough to be correct.

* Option D: The roles are incorrectly named. The correct Scrum roles are:

* Product Owner,

* Scrum Master,

* Developers (Development Team is no longer a formal term post-2020 Scrum Guide) References:

CTFL-AT Syllabus v4.0, Section 1.2

Scrum Guide 2020 - Official Roles

Learning Objective (K1) - Recognize common Agile development practices

NEW QUESTION # 32

Which of the following statements about a test charter are CORRECT?

- 1) It is used mainly in exploratory tests.
- 2) It is used to monitor a test process.
- 3) It may make reference to user stories.
- 4) It contains notes taken during a test session.
- 5) It is used to outline the company test policy.

- A. 1, 2, 5
- B. 2, 4, 5
- C. 1, 3, 4
- D. 2, 3, 4

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

A test charter is a document that describes the scope, objective, and approach of an exploratory testing session.

It is used mainly in exploratory tests to guide the tester's actions and record the findings. A test charter may make reference to user stories, requirements, risks, or other sources of information that are relevant to the testing mission. A test charter also contains notes taken during a test session, such as test ideas, test results, bugs, issues, and observations. A test charter is not used to monitor a test process, as it is not a formal metric or report. It is also not used to outline the company test policy, as it is specific to a particular test session and context. References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus, Section 2.2.3, page 18; ASTQB Agile Tester Certification Resources, Section 2.2.3, page 18; How to Write an Exploratory Test Charter, Creating an Exploratory Testing Charter, What is Exploratory Testing?.

NEW QUESTION # 33

Which of the following is NOT a typical task performed by the tester within an Agile team?

- A. Working with business stakeholders to clarify requirements.
- B. Ensuring all project status meetings are held according to the plan.
- C. Suggesting improvements in team retrospectives.
- D. Ensuring the appropriate testing tasks are scheduled during iteration planning.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

The tester within an Agile team is not responsible for ensuring all project status meetings are held according to the plan. This is typically a task for the Scrum Master, who facilitates the meetings and ensures that the team follows the Agile principles and practices. The tester within an Agile team is responsible for ensuring the appropriate testing tasks are scheduled during iteration planning, suggesting improvements in team retrospectives, and working with business stakeholders to clarify requirements. These are all tasks that contribute to the quality of the software and the testing process, as well as the collaboration and communication within the team and with the customers. References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus, Section 2.3.1, page 171; ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Sample Exam Questions, Question 2.3.1-1, page 82

NEW QUESTION # 34

Which of the following is NOT a statement of value from the Agile Manifesto?

- A. Responding to change over following a plan.
- B. Working software over comprehensive documentation
- C. Customer collaboration over contract negotiation.
- D. Processes and tools over individuals and interactions.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 35

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