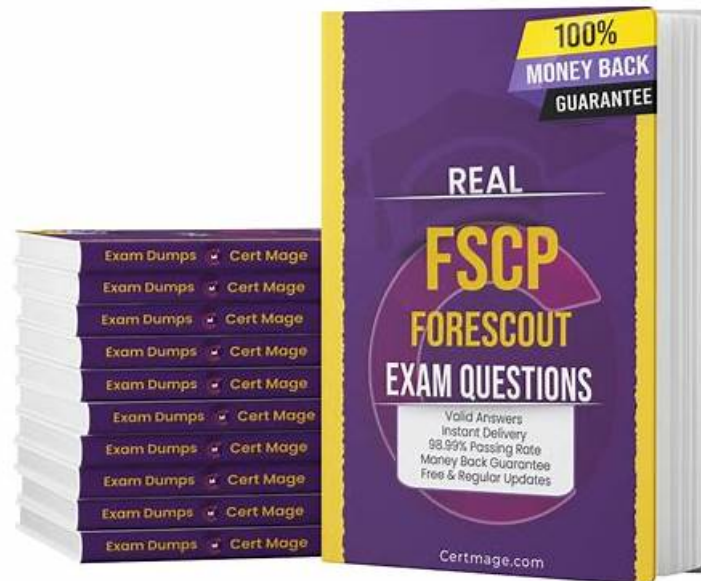


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Fore Scout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q37-Q42):

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which of the following is true regarding the Windows Installed Programs property which employs the "for any /for all" logic mechanism?

- A. Although the condition has sub-properties which could refer to a single program on multiple endpoints, the "any/all" refers to the program's properties.

- B. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, when "ANY" is selected it evaluates the programs for any of the configured sub-properties.
- **C. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, the "any/all" refers to the programs and not the sub-properties.**
- D. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, the "any/all" refers to the sub-properties and not the programs.
- E. The condition does not have any sub-properties. The "any/all" refers to the multiple programs.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

The Windows Installed Programs property condition utilizes multiple sub-properties including Program Name, Program Version, Program Vendor, and Program Path. However, when using the "for ANY/for ALL" logic mechanism, the "any/all" refers to the PROGRAMS and not to the sub-properties.

How the "Any/All" Logic Works with Windows Installed Programs:

When configuring a policy condition with the Windows Installed Programs property, the "any/all" logic determines whether an endpoint should match the condition based on:

- * "For ANY" - The endpoint matches the policy condition if ANY of the configured programs are installed on the endpoint
- * "For ALL" - The endpoint matches the policy condition if ALL of the configured programs are installed on the endpoint Example:

If an administrator creates a condition like:

* Windows Installed Programs contains "Microsoft Office" OR "Adobe Reader"

* Using "For ANY": The endpoint matches if it has EITHER Microsoft Office OR Adobe Reader installed

* Using "For ALL": The endpoint matches only if it has BOTH Microsoft Office AND Adobe Reader installed The sub-properties (Program Name, Version, Vendor, Path) are used to define and identify which specific programs to match against, but the "any/all" logic applies to the PROGRAMS themselves, not to the sub-properties.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A - Incorrectly states the "any/all" evaluates the programs for the sub-properties
- * B - Factually incorrect; the condition definitely has multiple sub-properties (Name, Version, Vendor, Path)
- * C - Confuses the scope; the "any/all" does not refer to "program's properties" but to multiple programs
- * D - Inverted logic; the "any/all" refers to the programs, not the sub-properties Referenced Documentation:
- * Forescout Administration Guide v8.3, v8.4
- * Working with Policy Conditions - List of Properties by Category
- * Windows Applications Content Module Configuration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 38

Which of the following is the best way to brand the CounterACT HTTP pages to look like corporate internal web pages?

- A. Have a webmaster modify the HTML pages within the Tomcat web server
- B. This is not possible with CounterACT portal and HTTP pages
- C. Using the "Reports Portal," modify the CSS for the desired skins
- **D. Using the "User Portal Builder," modify the CSS for the desired skins**
- E. Using the "User Portal Builder" basic interface

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide, the best way to brand CounterACT HTTP pages to match corporate identity is to use "the 'User Portal Builder' to modify the CSS for the desired skins". This is the officially supported method for customizing the appearance of Forescout portal pages.

User Portal Builder for Branding:

The User Portal Builder provides:

- * CSS Customization - Modify cascading stylesheets to match corporate branding
- * Skin Selection - Choose different portal skins/themes
- * Logo and Colors - Customize logos, color schemes
- * Supported Customization - Official, supported method through the GUI

Why Option C is Correct:

The User Portal Builder specifically provides CSS modification capabilities to customize the appearance of Forescout HTTP portal pages to match organizational branding standards.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. Reports Portal - Reports Portal is separate from HTTP portal pages; not for branding

- * B. Not possible - Customization IS possible through User Portal Builder
- * D. Modify HTML in Tomcat - While technically possible, this is NOT supported; may break with updates
- * E. Basic interface only - The full User Portal Builder supports CSS modification, not just basic interface Supported Customization Methods:

According to the documentation:

- * # User Portal Builder (CSS) - Supported, recommended method
- * # Direct Tomcat HTML modification - Not supported; unsupported method
- * # Manual CSS editing - Unsupported; may conflict with updates

Referenced Documentation:

- * Forescout Administration Guide - User Portal Builder section

NEW QUESTION # 39

Which field in the User Directory plugin should be configured for Active Directory subdomains?

- A. Parent Groups
- B. Replicas
- C. Address
- **D. Domain Aliases**
- E. DNS Detection

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide - Microsoft Active Directory Server Settings, the field that should be configured for Active Directory subdomains is "Domain Aliases".

Domain Aliases for Subdomains:

According to the Microsoft Active Directory Server Settings documentation:

"Configure the following additional server settings in the Directory and Additional Domain Aliases sections:

Domain Aliases - Configure additional domain names that users can use to log in, such as subdomains." Purpose of Domain Aliases:

According to the documentation:

Domain Aliases are used to specify:

- * Subdomains - Alternative domain names like subdomain.company.com
- * Alternative Domain Names - Other domain name variations
- * User Login Options - Additional domains users can use to authenticate
- * Alias Resolution - Maps aliases to the primary domain

Example Configuration:

For an organization with the primary domain company.com and subdomain accounts.company.com:

- * Domain Field - Set to: company.com
- * Domain Aliases Field - Add: accounts.company.com

This allows users from either domain to authenticate successfully.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. Replicas - Replicas configure redundant User Directory servers, not subdomains
- * B. Address - Address field specifies the server IP/FQDN, not domain aliases
- * C. Parent Groups - Parent Groups relate to group hierarchy, not domain subdomains
- * E. DNS Detection - DNS Detection is not a User Directory configuration field Additional Domain Configuration:

According to the documentation:

text

Primary Configuration:

```
## Domain: company.com
## Domain Aliases: accounts.company.com
# services.company.com
# mail.company.com
## Port: 636 (default)
```

Referenced Documentation:

- * Microsoft Active Directory Server Settings
- * Define User Directory Servers - Domain Aliases section

NEW QUESTION # 40

Which of the following is true regarding the Windows Installed Programs property which employs the "for any /for all" logic mechanism?

- A. Although the condition has sub-properties which could refer to a single program on multiple endpoints, the "any/all" refers to the program's properties.
- B. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, when "ANY" is selected it evaluates the programs for any of the configured sub-properties.
- **C. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, the "any/all" refers to the programs and not the sub- properties.**
- D. Although the condition has multiple sub-properties, the "any/all" refers to the sub-properties and not the programs.
- E. The condition does not have any sub-properties. The "any/all" refers to the multiple programs.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

The Windows Installed Programs property condition utilizes multiple sub-properties including Program Name, Program Version, Program Vendor, and Program Path. However, when using the "for ANY/for ALL" logic mechanism, the "any/all" refers to the PROGRAMS and not to the sub-properties.

How the "Any/All" Logic Works with Windows Installed Programs:

When configuring a policy condition with the Windows Installed Programs property, the "any/all" logic determines whether an endpoint should match the condition based on:

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* "For ALL" - The endpoint matches the policy condition if ALL of the configured programs are installed on the endpoint Example:

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* Using "For ALL": The endpoint matches only if it has BOTH Microsoft Office AND Adobe Reader installed The sub-properties (Program Name, Version, Vendor, Path) are used to define and identify which specific programs to match against, but the "any/all" logic applies to the PROGRAMS themselves, not to the sub- properties.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* A - Incorrectly states the "any/all" evaluates the programs for the sub-properties

* B - Factually incorrect; the condition definitely has multiple sub-properties (Name, Version, Vendor, Path)

* C - Confuses the scope; the "any/all" does not refer to "program's properties" but to multiple programs

* D - Inverted logic; the "any/all" refers to the programs, not the sub-properties Referenced Documentation:

* Forescout Administration Guide v8.3, v8.4

* Working with Policy Conditions - List of Properties by Category

* Windows Applications Content Module Configuration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 41

If the condition of a sub-rule in your policy is looking for Windows Antivirus updates, how should the scope and main rule read?

- A. Scope "all ips", filter by group "windows", main rule "No Conditions"
- B. Scope "corporate range", filter by group "None", main rule "member of Group = Windows"
- C. Scope "threat exemptions", filter by group "windows managed", main rule "member of group = windows"
- **D. Scope "corporate range", filter by group "windows managed", main rule "No conditions"**
- E. Scope "all ips", filter by group blank, main rule member of group "Windows"

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Define Policy Scope documentation and Windows Update Compliance Template configuration, when the condition of a sub-rule is looking for Windows Antivirus updates, the scope and main rule should read: Scope "corporate range", filter by group "windows managed", main rule "No conditions".

Policy Scope Definition:

According to the policy scope documentation:

When defining the scope for a Windows Antivirus/Updates policy:

* Scope - Should be set to "corporate range" (endpoints within the corporate IP address range)

* Filter by group - Should filter by the "windows managed" group (Windows endpoints that are manageable)

* Main rule - Should have "No conditions" (meaning the policy applies to all endpoints matching the scope and group) Why "No conditions" for the Main Rule:

According to the Windows Update Compliance Template documentation:

The main rule is designed to be:

- * Broad in scope - Applies to all eligible Windows managed endpoints
- * Without specific conditions - Specific conditions are handled by sub-rules
- * Efficient filtering - The scope and group filter do the initial endpoint selection The sub-rules then contain the specific conditions (e.g., "Windows Antivirus Update Date < 30 days ago") to evaluate each endpoint's compliance.

Policy Structure for Windows Updates:

According to the documentation:

text

Policy Scope: "Corporate Range"

Filter by Group: "windows managed"

Main Rule: "No Conditions"

```
## Sub-rule 1: "Windows Antivirus Update Date > 30 days"
```

```
# Action: Trigger update
```

```
## Sub-rule 2: "Windows Antivirus Running = False"
```

```
# Action: Start Antivirus Service
```

```
## Sub-rule 3: "Windows Updates Missing = True"
```

```
Action: Initiate Windows Updates
```

"Windows Managed" Group:

According to the policy template documentation:

The "windows managed" group specifically includes:

- * Windows endpoints that can be remotely managed
- * Endpoints with proper connectivity to management services
- * Systems with necessary admin accounts configured
- * Machines capable of executing remote scripts and commands

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. Scope "all ips", filter by group blank, main rule member of group "Windows" - Too broad scope (includes non-Windows systems); "all ips" is inefficient
- * B. Scope "corporate range", filter by group "None", main rule "member of Group = Windows" - Correct scope and filtering wrong (should filter by group, not in main rule)
- * C. Scope "threat exemptions", filter by group "windows managed", main rule "member of group = windows" - Wrong scope (threat exemptions is for excluding systems); redundant main rule
- * E. Scope "all ips", filter by group "windows", main rule "No Conditions" - Too broad initial scope; "all ips" is inefficient and includes non-corporate systems

Recommended Policy Configuration:

According to the documentation:

For Windows Antivirus/Updates policies:

- * Scope - Define as "corporate range" to limit to organizational endpoints
- * Filter by Group - Set to "windows managed" to exclude non-manageable systems
- * Main Rule - Set to "No conditions" for simplicity; let scope/group do the filtering
- * Sub-rules - Define specific compliance conditions (e.g., patch level, antivirus status) This structure ensures:
- * Efficient policy evaluation
- * Only applicable Windows endpoints are assessed
- * Manageable systems are prioritized
- * Specific compliance checks occur in sub-rules

Referenced Documentation:

- * Define Policy Scope documentation
- * Windows Update Compliance Template v2
- * Defining a Policy Main Rule

NEW QUESTION # 42

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