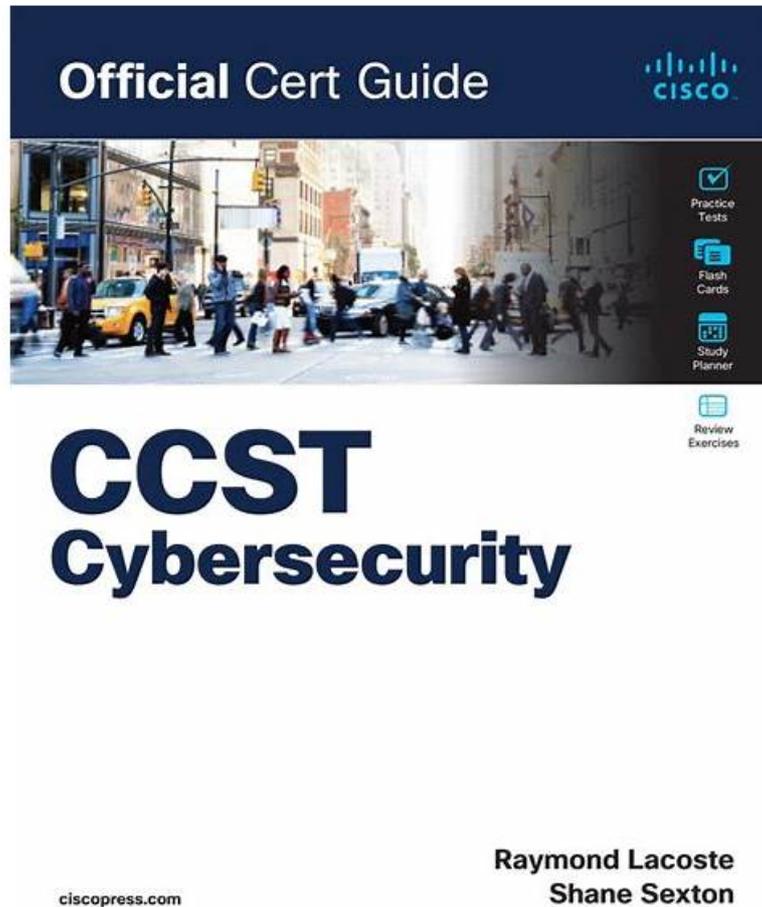


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Cisco 100-160 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Basic Network Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Defender and focuses on understanding network-level protections, including firewalls, VPNs, and intrusion detection prevention systems, providing insight into how threats are mitigated within network environments.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Endpoint Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Endpoint Security Specialist and includes securing individual devices, understanding protections such as antivirus, patching, and access control at the endpoint level, essential for maintaining device integrity.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Incident Handling: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Incident Responder and centers on recognizing security incidents, responding appropriately, and containing threats—forming the essential foundation of incident response procedures.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Risk Management Analyst and entails identifying and assessing vulnerabilities, understanding risk priorities, and applying mitigation strategies that help manage threats proactively within an organization's systems
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Essential Security Principles: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Technician and covers foundational cybersecurity concepts such as the CIA triad (confidentiality, integrity, availability), along with basic threat types and vulnerabilities, laying the conceptual groundwork for understanding how to protect information systems.

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Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity Sample Questions (Q152-Q157):

NEW QUESTION # 152

Which of the following is a key requirement for conducting a security compliance audit?

- **A. A comprehensive understanding of security compliance standards and regulations**
- B. Compliance monitoring tools and systems
- C. A certified auditor with expertise in security compliance
- D. A detailed audit plan and checklist

Answer: A

Explanation:

Option 1: Correct. A certified auditor with expertise in security compliance is a key requirement for conducting a security compliance audit. The auditor should have a deep understanding of security compliance standards and regulations to ensure that the audit is performed effectively.

Option 2: Incorrect.

While having a comprehensive understanding of security compliance standards and regulations is important, it is not a key requirement for conducting a security compliance audit. The main requirement is a certified auditor with expertise in security compliance.

Option 3: Incorrect.

Compliance monitoring tools and systems can be helpful during a security compliance audit, but they are not a key requirement. The main requirement is a certified auditor with expertise in security compliance.

Option 4: Incorrect. While having a detailed audit plan and checklist is important, it is not a key requirement for conducting a security compliance audit. The main requirement is a certified auditor with expertise in security compliance.

NEW QUESTION # 153

Which of the following is an example of multifactor authentication?

- **A. Using a smart card and a PIN**
- B. Using a fingerprint scan only
- C. Using a biometric scan and a passcode
- D. Using a username and password only

Answer: A

Explanation:

Multifactor authentication refers to the use of two or more different factors to verify an individual's identity. In this case, using a smart card (something you have) and a PIN (something you know) constitutes multifactor authentication. Combining something you have and something you know adds an extra layer of security compared to using only one factor.

NEW QUESTION # 154

Which of the following is an example of a detective control in information assurance?

- A. Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)
- B. Security awareness training
- C. Encryption of sensitive data
- D. Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) system

Answer: D

Explanation:

A Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) system is a detective control in information assurance. It collects, correlates, and analyzes security event data from various sources within an organization's network to identify potential security incidents or breaches. It provides real-time monitoring and analysis to detect and respond to security events.

NEW QUESTION # 155

What does hardening mean in the context of cybersecurity?

- A. Making a system more resistant to threats and attacks
- B. Implementing cybersecurity policies and regulations
- C. Removing all vulnerabilities from a system or network
- D. Creating a backup of critical data and configurations

Answer: A

Explanation:

Hardening refers to the process of securing a system by reducing its vulnerability to potential threats and attacks. It involves implementing security best practices, such as disabling unnecessary services, applying patches and updates, configuring access controls, strengthening passwords, and employing additional security measures like firewalls or intrusion detection systems. Hardening helps ensure systems are less susceptible to exploitation.

NEW QUESTION # 156

Which of the following is an example of a network layer (Layer 3) security control?

- A. Intrusion Detection System (IDS)
- B. Antivirus software
- C. Encryption
- D. Firewall

Answer: D

Explanation:

A firewall operates at the network layer (Layer 3) of the OSI model and is designed to control incoming and outgoing network traffic based on a set of predetermined security rules. It acts as a barrier between an internal network and external networks, filtering and inspecting packets to prevent unauthorized access and protect against various types of network attacks.

NEW QUESTION # 157

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