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### Oracle Database SQL Sample Questions (Q269-Q274):

#### NEW QUESTION # 269

Which two statements cause changes to the data dictionary?

- A. `SELECT * FROM user_tab_privs;`
- B. `ALTER SESSION set NLS_DATE_FORMAT = 'DD/MM/YYYY';`
- C. **`TRUNCATE TABLE emp;`**
- D. **`GRANT UPDATE ON scott.emp TO fin_manager;`**
- E. `DELETE FROM scott.emp;`

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

The data dictionary is a read-only set of tables that provides information about the database. Certain operations that modify the database structure will cause changes to the data dictionary:

\* Option B: `GRANT UPDATE ON scott.emp TO fin_manager;`

\* Granting privileges on a table will change the data dictionary as it records the new privilege.

\* Option D: `TRUNCATE TABLE emp;`

\* Truncating a table affects the data dictionary because it removes all rows from a table and may also reset storage parameters.

Options A, C, and E do not cause changes to the data dictionary:

\* Option A is incorrect because the `DELETE` command modifies data, not the data dictionary structure.

\* Option C is incorrect because altering a session parameter does not change the data dictionary; it is a temporary change for the session.

\* Option E is incorrect because a `SELECT` query does not change the database, it just retrieves information.

#### NEW QUESTION # 270

Which two statements are true about Oracle databases and SQL?

- A. A query can access only tables within the same schema.
- B. **The database guarantees read consistency at select level on user-created tables.**
- C. A user can be the owner of multiple schemas in the same database.
- D. Updates performed by a database user can be rolled back by another user by using the `ROLLBACK` command.
- E. **When you execute an `UPDATE` statement, the database instance locks each updated row.**

**Answer: B,E**

Explanation:

B). True. Oracle databases guarantee read consistency at the transaction level, meaning that each query can only see data that has been committed before the query began executing.

C). True. When an `UPDATE` statement is executed, Oracle locks each row as it is updated to prevent other transactions from modifying it until the transaction is committed or rolled back.

A is incorrect because updates made by one user cannot be rolled back by another user. D is incorrect because a query can access tables in other schemas if proper permissions are granted. E is incorrect because a user can own only one schema, which has the same name as the user in an Oracle database.

#### NEW QUESTION # 271

The `ORDERS` table has a primary key constraint on the `ORDER_ID` column.

The `ORDER_ITEMS` table has a foreign key constraint on the `ORDER_ID` column, referencing the primary key of the `ORDERS`

table.

The constraint is defined with on DELETE CASCADE.

There are rows in the ORDERS table with an ORDER\_TOTAL less than 1000.

Which three DELETE statements execute successfully?

- A. DELETE FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;
- B. DELETE orders WHERE order\_total<1000;
- C. DELETE order\_id FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;
- D. DELETE \* FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;
- E. DELETE FROM orders;

**Answer: A,B,E**

Explanation:

In Oracle 12c SQL, the DELETE statement is used to remove rows from a table based on a condition. Given the constraints and the information provided, let's evaluate the options:

\* A. DELETE FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;; This statement is correctly formatted and will delete rows from the ORDERS table where ORDER\_TOTAL is less than 1000. If there is a DELETE CASCADE constraint, corresponding rows in the ORDER\_ITEMS table will also be deleted.

\* B. DELETE \* FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;; This syntax is incorrect. The asterisk (\*) is not used in the DELETE statement.

\* C. DELETE orders WHERE order\_total<1000;; This statement is also correctly formatted and is a shorthand version of the DELETE statement without the FROM clause.

\* D. DELETE FROM orders;; This statement will delete all rows from the ORDERS table, and with DELETE CASCADE, it will also delete all related rows in the ORDER\_ITEMS table.

\* E. DELETE order\_id FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;; This syntax is incorrect because you cannot specify a column after the DELETE keyword.

References:

\* Oracle Database SQL Language Reference 12c Release 1 (12.1), DELETE Statement

## NEW QUESTION # 272

View the Exhibit and examine the data in the PROMOTIONS table.

PROMO_NAME	PROMO_CATEGORY	PROMO_COST	PROMO_BEGIN_DATE
NO PROMOTION #	NO PROMOTION	0	01-JAN-99
newspaper promotion #16-108	newspaper	200	23-DEC-00
post promotion #20-232	post	300	25-SEP-98
newspaper promotion #16-349	newspaper	400	10-JUL-98
internet promotion #14-471	internet	600	26-FEB-00
TV promotion #13-448	TV	1100	06-AUG-00
internet promotion #25-86	internet	1400	20-SEP-98
TV promotion #12-49	TV	1500	10-AUG-00
post promotion #21-166	post	2000	25-SEP-98
newspaper promotion #19-210	newspaper	2100	19-MAR-99
post promotion #20-282	post	2300	06-DEC-00
newspaper promotion #16-327	newspaper	2800	09-APR-99
internet promotion #29-289	internet	3000	01-NOV-98
TV promotion #12-252	TV	3100	20-JUN-98
magazine promotion #26-258	magazine	3200	04-MAY-00

PROMO\_BEGIN\_DATE is stored in the default date format, dd-mon-rr.

You need to produce a report that provides the name, cost, and start date of all promos in the POST category that were launched before January 1, 2000.

Which SQL statement would you use?

- A. SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_cost LIKE 'post%' AND promo\_begin\_date < '01-01-2000';
- B. SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category LIKE '%post%' AND promo\_begin\_date < '1-JAN-00';
- C. SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category = 'post' AND promo\_begin\_date < '01-01-00';
- D. SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category LIKE 'P%' AND

promo\_begin\_date < '1-JANUARY-00';

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION # 273

The STORES table has a column START\_DATE of data type DATE, containing the date the row was inserted. You only want to display details of rows where START\_DATE is within the last 25 months. Which WHERE clause can be used?

- A. WHERE TO\_NUMBER(start\_date - SYSDATE) <= 25
- B. WHERE MONTHS\_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, start\_date) <= 25
- C. WHERE ADD\_MONTHS(start\_date, 25) <= SYSDATE
- **D. WHERE MONTHS\_BETWEEN(start\_date, SYSDATE) <= 25**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

When you need to compare dates and calculate the difference in months between two dates, you use the MONTHS\_BETWEEN function in Oracle SQL.

- A). This statement is incorrect because MONTHS\_BETWEEN takes the later date first, then the earlier date.
- B). This statement is correct. The MONTHS\_BETWEEN function returns the number of months between two dates. It takes the later date (in this case, SYSDATE) first and the earlier date (start\_date) second. If the start\_date is within the last 25 months, the result will be less than or equal to 25.
- C). This statement is incorrect. The expression TO\_NUMBER(start\_date - SYSDATE) would not give the correct number of months between the dates.
- D). This statement is incorrect. The ADD\_MONTHS(start\_date, 25) function adds 25 months to start\_date, and comparing it to SYSDATE would show dates that are at least 25 months in the future.

#### NEW QUESTION # 274

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