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### Oracle Database SQL Sample Questions (Q269-Q274):

#### NEW QUESTION # 269

Which two statements cause changes to the data dictionary?

- A. SELECT \* FROM user\_tab\_privs;
- B. ALTER SESSION set NLS\_DATE\_FORMAT = 'DD/MM/YYYY';
- C. TRUNCATE TABLE emp;
- D. GRANT UPDATE ON scott.emp TO fin\_manager;
- E. DELETE FROM scott.emp;

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

The data dictionary is a read-only set of tables that provides information about the database. Certain operations that modify the database structure will cause changes to the data dictionary:

- \* Option B: GRANT UPDATE ON scott.emp TO fin\_manager;
- \* Granting privileges on a table will change the data dictionary as it records the new privilege.
- \* Option D: TRUNCATE TABLE emp;
- \* Truncating a table affects the data dictionary because it removes all rows from a table and may also reset storage parameters.
- Options A, C, and E do not cause changes to the data dictionary:
- \* Option A is incorrect because the DELETE command modifies data, not the data dictionary structure.
- \* Option C is incorrect because altering a session parameter does not change the data dictionary; it is a temporary change for the session.
- \* Option E is incorrect because a SELECT query does not change the database, it just retrieves information.

#### NEW QUESTION # 270

Which two statements are true about Oracle databases and SQL?

- A. A query can access only tables within the same schema.
- B. The database guarantees read consistency at select level on user-created tables.
- C. A user can be the owner of multiple schemas in the same database.
- D. Updates performed by a database user can be rolled back by another user by using the ROLLBACK command.
- E. When you execute an UPDATE statement, the database instance locks each updated row.

**Answer: B,E**

Explanation:

B). True. Oracle databases guarantee read consistency at the transaction level, meaning that each query can only see data that has been committed before the query began executing.

C). True. When an UPDATE statement is executed, Oracle locks each row as it is updated to prevent other transactions from modifying it until the transaction is committed or rolled back.

A is incorrect because updates made by one user cannot be rolled back by another user. D is incorrect because a query can access tables in other schemas if proper permissions are granted. E is incorrect because a user can own only one schema, which has the same name as the user in an Oracle database.

#### NEW QUESTION # 271

The ORDERS table has a primary key constraint on the ORDER\_ID column.

The ORDER\_ITEMS table has a foreign key constraint on the ORDER\_ID column, referencing the primary key of the ORDERS

table.

The constraint is defined with on DELETE CASCADE.

There are rows in the ORDERS table with an ORDER\_TOTAL less than 1000.

Which three DELETE statements execute successfully?

- A. **DELETE FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**
- B. **DELETE orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**
- C. **DELETE order\_id FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**
- D. **DELETE \* FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**
- E. **DELETE FROM orders;**

**Answer: A,B,E**

Explanation:

In Oracle 12c SQL, the DELETE statement is used to remove rows from a table based on a condition. Given the constraints and the information provided, let's evaluate the options:

- \* A. **DELETE FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**: This statement is correctly formatted and will delete rows from the ORDERS table where ORDER\_TOTAL is less than 1000. If there is a DELETE CASCADE constraint, corresponding rows in the ORDER\_ITEMS table will also be deleted.
- \* B. **DELETE \* FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**: This syntax is incorrect. The asterisk (\*) is not used in the DELETE statement.
- \* C. **DELETE orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**: This statement is also correctly formatted and is a shorthand version of the DELETE statement without the FROM clause.
- \* D. **DELETE FROM orders;**: This statement will delete all rows from the ORDERS table, and with DELETE CASCADE, it will also delete all related rows in the ORDER\_ITEMS table.
- \* E. **DELETE order\_id FROM orders WHERE order\_total<1000;**: This syntax is incorrect because you cannot specify a column after the DELETE keyword.

References:

\* Oracle Database SQL Language Reference 12c Release 1 (12.1), DELETE Statement

## NEW QUESTION # 272

View the Exhibit and examine the data in the PROMOTIONS table.

PROMO_NAME	PROMO_CATEGORY	PROMO_COST	PROMO_BEGIN_DATE
NO PROMOTION #	NO PROMOTION	0	01-JAN-99
newspaper promotion #16-108	newspaper	200	23-DEC-00
post promotion #20-232	post	300	25-SEP-98
newspaper promotion #16-349	newspaper	400	10-JUL-98
internet promotion #14-471	internet	600	26-FEB-00
TV promotion #13-448	TV	1100	06-AUG-00
internet promotion #25-86	internet	1400	20-SEP-98
TV promotion #12-49	TV	1500	10-AUG-00
post promotion #21-166	post	2000	25-SEP-98
newspaper promotion #19-210	newspaper	2100	19-MAR-99
post promotion #20-282	post	2300	06-DEC-00
newspaper promotion #16-327	newspaper	2800	09-APR-99
internet promotion #29-289	internet	3000	01-NOV-98
TV promotion #12-252	TV	3100	20-JUN-98
magazine promotion #26-258	magazine	3200	04-MAY-00

PROMO\_BEGIN\_DATE is stored in the default date format, dd-mon-rr.

You need to produce a report that provides the name, cost, and start date of all promos in the POST category that were launched before January 1, 2000.

Which SQL statement would you use?

- A. **SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_cost LIKE 'post%' AND promo\_begin\_date < '01-01-2000';**
- B. **SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category LIKE "%post%" AND promo\_begin\_date < '1-JAN-00';**
- C. **SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category = 'post' AND promo\_begin\_date < '01-01-00';**
- D. **SELECT promo\_name, promo\_cost, promo\_begin\_date FROM promotions WHERE promo\_category LIKE 'P%' AND**

```
promo_begin_date < '1-JANUARY-00';
```

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION # 273

The STORES table has a column START\_DATE of data type DATE, containing the date the row was inserted.

You only want to display details of rows where START\_DATE is within the last 25 months.

Which WHERE clause can be used?

- A. WHERE TO\_NUMBER(start\_date - SYSDATE) <= 25
- B. WHERE MONTHS\_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, start\_date) <= 25
- C. WHERE ADD\_MONTHS(start\_date, 25) <= SYSDATE
- D. WHERE MONTHS\_BETWEEN(start\_date, SYSDATE) <= 25

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

When you need to compare dates and calculate the difference in months between two dates, you use the MONTHS\_BETWEEN function in Oracle SQL.

A). This statement is incorrect because MONTHS\_BETWEEN takes the later date first, then the earlier date.

B). This statement is correct. The MONTHS\_BETWEEN function returns the number of months between two dates. It takes the later date (in this case, SYSDATE) first and the earlier date (start\_date) second. If the start\_date is within the last 25 months, the result will be less than or equal to 25.

C). This statement is incorrect. The expression TO\_NUMBER(start\_date - SYSDATE) would not give the correct number of months between the dates.

D). This statement is incorrect. The ADD\_MONTHS(start\_date, 25) function adds 25 months to start\_date, and comparing it to SYSDATE would show dates that are at least 25 months in the future.

#### NEW QUESTION # 274

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