

IICRC WRT시험패스가능덤프공부 & WRT시험패스가능공부문제

IICRC WRT Test

- #1. During the inspection process, restorers shall make a reasonable effort to - answer C. identify and address potential safety hazards
- #2. A significant amount of water absorption and evaporation load where wet porous materials represent ~5% to ~40% of combined ceiling, walls, and flooring surface areas and where low evaporation materials and assemblies are minimally wet is - answer B. class 2
- #3. Multiple extraction of salvageable materials, especially porous material (e.g. Carpet, cushion) often are required to: - answer decrease drying time
- #4. To enhance drying, restorers should manage both ambient temperature and - answer surface temperatures of affected materials
- #5. Water damage restoration services should not begin until after the: - answer restorer has entered into an adequately written contract.
- #6. Two tools that should be used to properly disengage most stretched-in carpet - answer Knee kicker and carpet awl
- #7. When inspecting a water damage structure, restorers should inspect: - answer all potentially affected areas.
- #8. Buckled or damaged particle board should - answer removed and replaced with new material.
- #9. upon entering a building, professional moisture detection equipment should be used to evaluate and document: - answer applicable psychrometric conditions and moisture content or level readings .
- #10. When wet, a structural material that loses most of its structural integrity, but regains its strength when dry, is: - answer Concrete
- #11 Initially, a method of search for abnormal moisture behind ceramic tile or resilient flooring can be accomplished by - answer using a non-penetrating (non-invasive) moisture meter

IICRC인증 WRT시험을 준비하기 위해 잠도 설치하면서 많이 힘들죠? PassTIP덤프가 고객님의 곁을 지켜드립니다. PassTIP에서 제공해드리는IICRC인증 WRT덤프는 실제IICRC인증 WRT시험문제를 연구하여 만든 공부자료이기에 최고의 품질을 자랑합니다. PassTIP덤프를 열심히 공부하여 멋진 IT전문의의 꿈을 이루세요.

IICRC 인증WRT인증시험공부자료는PassTIP에서 제공해드리는IICRC 인증WRT덤프가 가장 좋은 선택입니다. PassTIP에서는 시험문제가 업데이트되면 덤프도 업데이트 진행하도록 최선을 다하여 업데이트서비스를 제공해드려 고객님의께서소유하신 덤프가 시장에서 가장 최신버전덤프로 되도록 보장하여 시험을 맞이할수 있게 도와드립니다.

>> IICRC WRT시험패스 가능 덤프공부 <<

높은 통과율 WRT시험패스 가능 덤프공부 인기 덤프자료

PassTIP 의 IICRC인증 WRT덤프는IICRC인증 WRT시험에 도전장을 던진 분들이 신뢰할수 있는 든든한 길잡이 입니다. IICRC인증 WRT시험대비 덤프뿐만 아니라 다른 IT인증시험에 대비한 덤프자료도 적중율이 끝내줍니다. IICRC 인증 WRT시험이나 다른 IT인증자격증시험이나PassTIP제품을 사용해보세요.투자한 덤프비용보다 훨씬 큰 이득을 보실수 있을것입니다.

최신 IICRC Restoration WRT 무료샘플문제 (Q12-Q17):

질문 # 12

As the humidity ratio and dew point increase or decrease, what other psychrometric measurement also increases or decreases proportionally?

- A. Vapor pressure
- B. Dehumidification rate
- C. Permeability
- D. Temperature

정답: A

설명:

The IICRC WRT body of knowledge explains that humidity ratio, dew point, and vapor pressure are directly related psychrometric measurements. When humidity ratio increases or decreases, both dew point and vapor pressure change proportionally.

Vapor pressure represents the energy exerted by water vapor molecules in the air. As more moisture is added to the air (higher humidity ratio), vapor pressure increases; when moisture is removed, vapor pressure decreases. Dew point follows the same pattern because it reflects the temperature at which that vapor pressure results in saturation.

Temperature and permeability are not directly proportional to humidity ratio, and dehumidification rate is a performance outcome rather than a psychrometric property.

Because vapor pressure governs moisture movement between materials and air, its proportional relationship to humidity ratio and dew point makes it one of the most important measurements in WRT drying science.

질문 # 13

Why are multiple extractions of carpet and cushion (pad, underlay) performed?

- A. To eliminate antimicrobial application
- B. To decrease drying time
- C. To eliminate microbial growth
- D. To increase the need for dehumidification

정답: B

설명:

The IICRC WRT body of knowledge explains that multiple extractions of carpet and cushion are performed to reduce moisture content and decrease drying time. Initial extraction removes bulk water, but additional extractions-particularly after capillary movement redistributes moisture-can significantly reduce the remaining moisture load.

Repeated extraction lowers the amount of water that must be removed through evaporation, allowing dehumidification and airflow to work more efficiently. The WRT manual emphasizes that effective extraction is one of the most cost-effective and impactful steps in minimizing overall drying duration.

Multiple extractions do not eliminate microbial growth directly and do not replace proper drying or antimicrobial use when appropriate. Instead, they reduce moisture availability, which indirectly limits microbial amplification.

The WRT curriculum reinforces extraction as a critical early-stage drying strategy that supports faster, more controlled restoration.

질문 # 14

In a home with a Class 2 intrusion, where the floor is 1,300 square feet with an 8-foot ceiling, what is the initial recommended Pints Per Day (PPD) if using LGR dehumidifiers?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

정답: A

설명:

The IICRC WRT body of knowledge teaches that initial dehumidification capacity for LGR dehumidifiers is based on cubic footage and class of water intrusion. Class 2 intrusions involve a larger amount of moisture absorption than Class 1 but do not reach the full

saturation of Class 3.

First, calculate the affected volume:

$1,300 \text{ sq ft} \times 8 \text{ ft} = 10,400 \text{ cubic feet}$.

For Class 2 losses, a commonly accepted WRT guideline is approximately one LGR dehumidifier (#200-210 PPD) per 10,000-12,000 cubic feet. This capacity balances evaporation demand without over-drying or inefficiency.

A recommendation of 208 PPD aligns directly with this guidance and reflects standard WRT training tables used for initial equipment placement. Lower values (26 or 99 PPD) are insufficient for the moisture load, while 303 PPD exceeds the initial requirement for a Class 2 loss and would require justification through monitoring data.

The WRT manual emphasizes that this is an initial recommendation and must be validated by daily psychrometric and material moisture monitoring. Equipment may be adjusted as drying progresses.

질문 # 15

What is the process used by refrigerant dehumidifiers to remove water from the air?

- A. Sublimation
- B. Absorption
- C. Adsorption
- **D. Condensation**

정답: D

설명:

Refrigerant dehumidifiers remove moisture from the air through the process of condensation, as outlined in the IICRC WRT body of knowledge. In this process, warm, moist air is drawn across a cold evaporator coil inside the dehumidifier. When the air temperature is reduced below its dew point, water vapor changes phase from a gas to a liquid and condenses on the coil surface.

The collected liquid water then drains into a reservoir or is pumped out of the unit, while the dried air is reheated slightly and discharged back into the drying chamber. This mechanism is fundamental to both conventional refrigerant and low-grain refrigerant (LGR) dehumidifiers.

The WRT curriculum contrasts condensation with adsorption, which is used by desiccant dehumidifiers, and absorption, which involves liquids-not air drying. Sublimation (solid to vapor) is not relevant to restoration drying.

Understanding condensation is essential because refrigerant dehumidifiers rely on sufficient temperature and humidity conditions to function efficiently. The WRT manual highlights operational limits and emphasizes monitoring to ensure that refrigerant systems are appropriate for the environmental conditions present on the job.

질문 # 16

Which of the following regulated hazardous materials require compliance with federal and local laws and regulations to remove or repair?

- A. Vinyl composition tile and luxury vinyl tile
- B. Hardboard and medium-density fiberboard
- **C. Lead-based paint and asbestos-containing adhesive**
- D. Acoustical tiles and gypsum board

정답: C

설명:

The IICRC WRT body of knowledge explicitly recognizes lead-based paint and asbestos-containing materials as regulated hazardous materials that require compliance with federal, state, and local laws when disturbed, removed, or repaired. These materials pose significant health risks when fibers or particles become airborne and are therefore subject to strict regulatory oversight.

Lead-based paint, commonly found in structures built before regulatory bans, can produce hazardous dust during demolition or sanding. Asbestos-containing adhesives, mastics, or building materials can release microscopic fibers when disturbed, leading to long-term respiratory disease risks. The WRT manual emphasizes that restoration technicians must not disturb regulated materials unless they are properly trained, certified, and authorized to do so, or unless licensed specialists are retained.

The presence of regulated materials must be identified during the initial inspection and hazard assessment, and work plans must be adjusted accordingly. Failure to comply with applicable regulations can result in serious legal liability, fines, and health consequences. Other listed materials-such as gypsum board, MDF, or vinyl flooring-may require removal due to water damage but are not inherently regulated hazardous materials under federal law. The WRT standard reinforces that compliance with environmental and occupational safety regulations is a non-negotiable component of professional restoration practice.

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WRT시험패스 가능한 공부문제: <https://www.passtip.net/WRT-pass-exam.html>

두 배로 마력이 빨리 닳아서 부담이 큰 마법인데 이렇게 한 번에 될 줄이야, 그가 조금 웃었다. 시험공부할 시간이 충족하지 않은 분들은 PassTIP 에서 제공해드리는 IICRC 인증 WRT덤프로 시험준비를 하시면 자격증 취득이 쉬워집니다.

- WRT덤프공부문제 □ WRT완벽한 시험덤프 □ WRT유효한 공부 □ 《 www.passstip.net 》을 통해 쉽게“WRT”무료 다운로드 받기WRT퍼펙트 덤프공부자료
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- 최신버전 WRT시험패스 가능 덤프공부 퍼펙트한 덤프는 시험패스에 가장 좋은 공부자료 □ 【 www.itdumpskr.com 】의 무료 다운로드➡ WRT □페이지가 지금 열립니다WRT시험패스 가능 덤프
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- 시험대비 WRT시험패스 가능 덤프공부 최신 덤프모음집 □ 지금（ kr.fast2test.com ）에서▶ WRT◀를 검색하고 무료로 다운로드하세요WRT완벽한 시험덤프
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