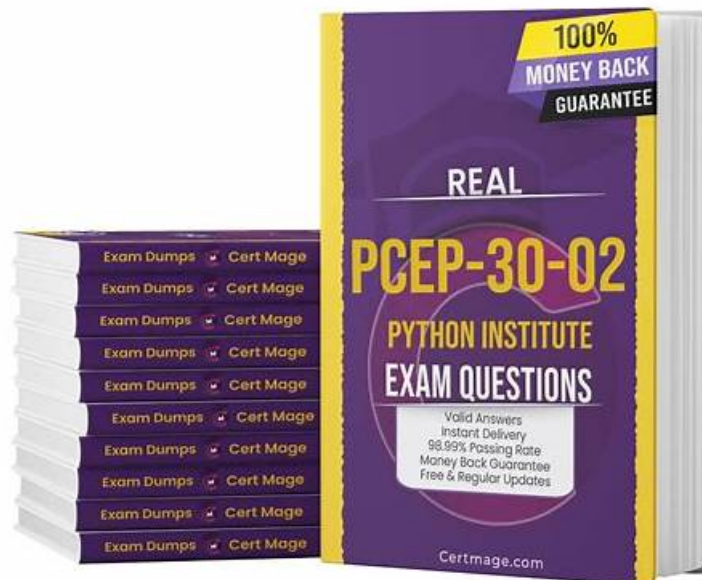


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Python Institute PCEP - Certified Entry-Level Python Programmer Sample Questions (Q31-Q36):

NEW QUESTION # 31

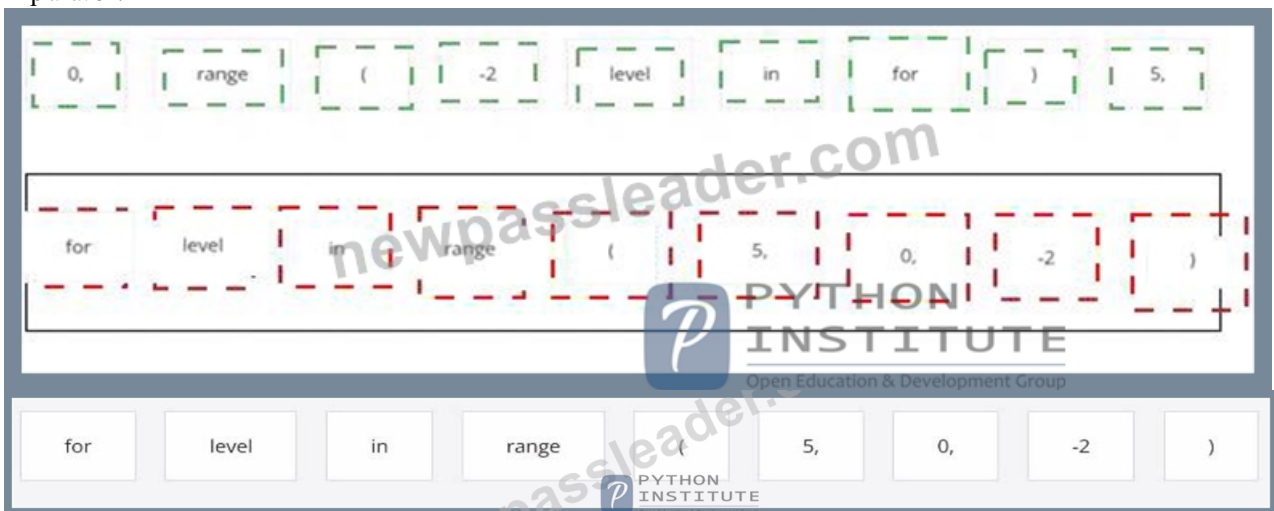
Arrange the code boxes in the correct positions in order to obtain a loop which executes its body with the level variable going

through values 5, 1, and 1 (in the same order).



Answer:

Explanation:



NEW QUESTION # 32

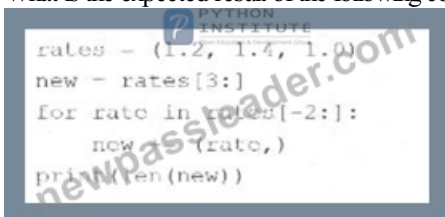
A program written in a high-level programming language is called:

- A. a source code
- B. machine code
- C. a binary code
- D. the ASCII I code

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 33

What is the expected result of the following code?



- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. The code will cause an unhandled
- D. 2

Answer: C

Explanation:

The code snippet that you have sent is trying to use a list comprehension to create a new list from an existing list. The code is as follows:

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] new_list = [x for x in my_list if x > 5]
```

The code starts with creating a list called "my_list" that contains the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Then, it tries to create a new list called "new_list" by using a list comprehension. A list comprehension is a concise way of creating a new list from an existing list by applying some expression or condition to each element. The syntax of a list comprehension is:

```
new_list = [expression for element in old_list if condition]
```

The expression is the value that will be added to the new list, which can be the same as the element or a modified version of it. The element is the variable that takes each value from the old list. The condition is an optional filter that determines which elements will be included in the new list. For example, the following list comprehension creates a new list that contains the squares of the even numbers from the old list:

```
old_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6] new_list = [x ** 2 for x in old_list if x % 2 == 0] new_list = [4, 16, 36]
```

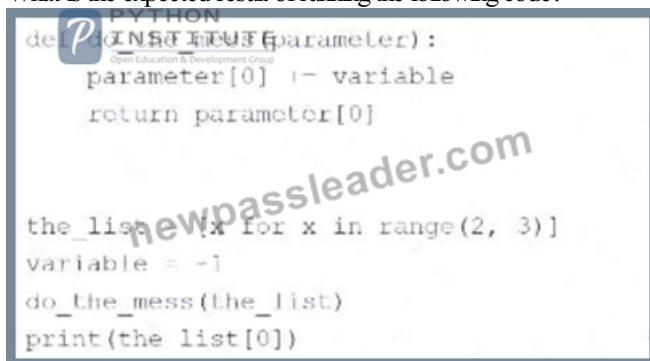
The code that you have sent is trying to create a new list that contains the elements from the old list that are greater than 5. However, there is a problem with this code. The problem is that none of the elements in the old list are greater than 5, so the condition is always false. This means that the new list will be empty, and the expression will never be evaluated. However, the expression is not valid, because it uses the variable x without defining it. This will cause a NameError exception, which is an error that occurs when a variable name is not found in the current scope. The code does not handle the exception, and therefore it will terminate with an error message.

The expected result of the code is an unhandled exception, because the code tries to use an undefined variable in an expression that is never executed. Therefore, the correct answer is D. The code will cause an unhandled exception.

Reference: Python - List Comprehension - W3Schools Python - List Comprehension - GeeksforGeeks Python Exceptions: An Introduction - Real Python

NEW QUESTION # 34

What is the expected result of running the following code?



```
def do_the_mess(parameter):  
    parameter[0] = variable  
    return parameter[0]  
  
the_list = [x for x in range(2, 3)]  
variable = -1  
do_the_mess(the_list)  
print(the_list[0])
```

- A. The code prints 2
- B. The code raises an unhandled exception.
- C. The code prints 1 .
- D. The code prints 0

Answer: B

Explanation:

The code snippet that you have sent is trying to use the index method to find the position of a value in a list.

The code is as follows:

```
the_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] print(the_list.index(6))
```

The code starts with creating a list called "the_list" that contains the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Then, it tries to print the result of calling the index method on the list with the argument 6. The index method is used to return the first occurrence of a value in a list. For example, the_list.index(1) returns 0, because 1 is the first value in the list.

However, the code has a problem. The problem is that the value 6 is not present in the list, so the index method cannot find it. This will cause a ValueError exception, which is an error that occurs when a function or operation receives an argument that has the right type but an inappropriate value. The code does not handle the exception, and therefore it will terminate with an error message.

The expected result of the code is an unhandled exception, because the code tries to find a value that does not exist in the list.

Therefore, the correct answer is C. The code raises an unhandled exception.

Reference: Python List index() Method - W3Schools Python Exceptions: An Introduction - Real Python

NEW QUESTION # 35

What is true about tuples? (Select two answers.)

- A. Tuples can be indexed and sliced like lists.
- B. The len { } function cannot be applied to tuples.
- C. An empty tuple is written as { } .
- D. Tuples are immutable, which means that their contents cannot be changed during their lifetime.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

Explanation

Tuples are one of the built-in data types in Python that are used to store collections of data. Tuples have some characteristics that distinguish them from other data types, such as lists, sets, and dictionaries. Some of these characteristics are:

Tuples are immutable, which means that their contents cannot be changed during their lifetime. Once a tuple is created, it cannot be modified, added, or removed. This makes tuples more stable and reliable than mutable data types. However, this also means that tuples are less flexible and dynamic than mutable data types. For example, if you want to change an element in a tuple, you have to create a new tuple with the modified element and assign it to the same variable¹² Tuples are ordered, which means that the items in a tuple have a defined order and can be accessed by using their index. The index of a tuple starts from 0 for the first item and goes up to the length of the tuple minus one for the last item. The index can also be negative, in which case it counts from the end of the tuple. For example, if you have a tuple `t = ("a", "b", "c")`, then `t[0]` returns "a", and `t[-1]` returns "c"¹² Tuples can be indexed and sliced like lists, which means that you can get a single item or a sublist of a tuple by using square brackets and specifying the start and end index. For example, if you have a tuple `t = ("a", "b", "c", "d", "e")`, then `t[2]` returns "c", and `t[1:4]` returns ("b", "c", "d"). Slicing does not raise any exception, even if the start or end index is out of range. It will just return an empty tuple or the closest possible sublist¹² Tuples can contain any data type, such as strings, numbers, booleans, lists, sets, dictionaries, or even other tuples. Tuples can also have duplicate values, which means that the same item can appear more than once in a tuple. For example, you can have a tuple `t = (1, 2, 3, 1, 2)`, which contains two 1s and two 2s¹²

Tuples are written with round brackets, which means that you have to enclose the items in a tuple with parentheses. For example, you can create a tuple `t = ("a", "b", "c")` by using round brackets. However, you can also create a tuple without using round brackets, by just separating the items with commas. For example, you can create the same tuple `t = "a", "b", "c"` by using commas. This is called tuple packing, and it allows you to assign multiple values to a single variable¹² The `len()` function can be applied to tuples, which means that you can get the number of items in a tuple by using the `len()` function. For example, if you have a tuple `t = ("a", "b", "c")`, then `len(t)` returns 3¹² An empty tuple is written as `()`, which means that you have to use an empty pair of parentheses to create a tuple with no items. For example, you can create an empty tuple `t = ()` by using empty parentheses. However, if you want to create a tuple with only one item, you have to add a comma after the item, otherwise Python will not recognize it as a tuple. For example, you can create a tuple with one item `t = ("a",)` by using a comma¹² Therefore, the correct answers are A.

Tuples are immutable, which means that their contents cannot be changed during their lifetime. and D. Tuples can be indexed and sliced like lists.

NEW QUESTION # 36

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