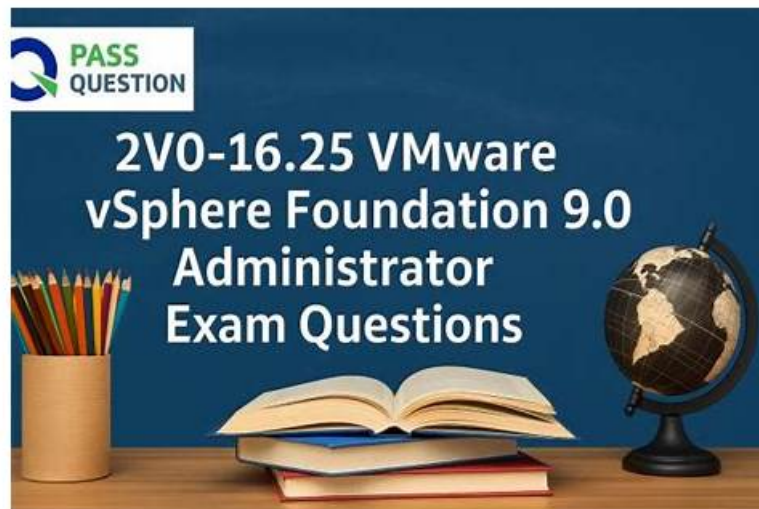


# 一番お進める2V0-16.25前提条件: VMware vSphere Foundation 9.0 Administrator 安心に合格2V0-16.25トレーニング



2026年Topexamの最新2V0-16.25 PDFダンプおよび2V0-16.25試験エンジンの無料共有: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=102uIA7upjghP\\_qJF9yWAWsGB5yqyMCyH](https://drive.google.com/open?id=102uIA7upjghP_qJF9yWAWsGB5yqyMCyH)

一つの試験だけでは多くの時間を無駄にする必要がありません。2V0-16.25認定試験が大変難しいと感じて、多くの時間を取らなければならないとしたら、ツールとしてTopexamの2V0-16.25問題集を利用したほうがいいです。この問題集はあなたに時間を節約させることができますから。もっと重要なのは、この問題集はあなたが試験に合格することを保証できますから。この問題集よりもっと良いツールは何一つありません。試験の準備をするのにたくさんの時間を無駄にするより、そんな時間を利用してもっと有意義なことをしたほうがいいです。ですから、はやくTopexamのサイトに行ってもっと多くの情報を読みましょう。この素晴らしいチャンスを見逃したらきっと後悔しますよ。

## VMware 2V0-16.25 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Troubleshoot and Optimize the VMware Solution: This section of the exam measures the ability of Systems Engineers to troubleshoot and optimize VMware-based environments. While no explicit testable objectives are listed, candidates are expected to apply their problem-solving skills to diagnose, resolve, and enhance VMware solutions for improved reliability and performance.</li></ul>
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• VMware vSphere Foundation Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures the skills of Virtualization Engineers and focuses on the essentials of virtualization technology. It introduces the principles of virtualization, explores use cases, and highlights the value it brings to businesses. Candidates are expected to demonstrate knowledge of VMware compute components such as vCenter and ESX, cluster configuration, and lifecycle management of virtual machines. It also covers secure workload operations, encryption, and managing resources with content libraries. In addition, storage fundamentals are examined through configuring vSphere storage, deploying VMware vSAN clusters, defining storage policies, and ensuring data availability. Networking fundamentals are also introduced, requiring the ability to differentiate between VMware vSphere networking components.</li></ul>
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Plan and Design the VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures the ability of VMware Solution Architects to plan and design solutions. While there are no specific testable objectives included, the focus is on preparing professionals to design VMware-based solutions that align with organizational goals and best practices.</li></ul>

トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section of the exam measures the understanding of IT Infrastructure Architects and covers foundational concepts of architectures, emerging technologies, and industry standards. Although no testable objectives are listed here, it establishes the baseline knowledge needed to interpret and design VMware-related environments effectively.</li> </ul>
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deploy, Configure, and Operate VMware vSphere Foundation (VVF): This section of the exam measures the expertise of Data Center Administrators and emphasizes hands-on skills in deploying and configuring VMware vSphere Foundation environments. Candidates must understand the components of a VVF deployment, configure Supervisors within clusters, and manage identity, access control, licensing, and certificate management. The objectives also extend to lifecycle management within the vSphere Foundation. Furthermore, it explores operational tasks including monitoring and analyzing logs, configuring alerting, managing dashboards, and integrating with VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Operations. Candidates will also be tested on cost and pricing configuration, compliance monitoring, and security hardening practices. Finally, automation skills are validated through deploying services with Supervisors, running Kubernetes workloads, using VM services, and integrating VCF Operations Orchestrator to support enterprise automation.</li> </ul>

>> 2V0-16.25前提条件 <<

## 2V0-16.25 トレーニング、2V0-16.25 関連資格知識

2V0-16.25試験を恐れることはありません。2V0-16.25準備資料があなたの現在の生活を変えるのに役立つと信じています。2V0-16.25試験に合格して認定を取得できれば、近い将来新しい有意義な生活を始めることができます。したがって、2V0-16.25模擬試験の準備をすることは非常に重要です。2V0-16.25認定ガイドにもっと注意を払う必要があります。また、2V0-16.25試験の質問は、認定を取得するためのすべての手助けとなります。

## VMware vSphere Foundation 9.0 Administrator 認定 2V0-16.25 試験問題 (Q34-Q39):

### 質問 # 34

An administrator must configure identity access for VMware vSphere Foundation (VVF) to allow admin accounts from the enterprise Active Directory domain corp.local to log in using domain credentials. Security requires authentication to use the default Active Directory protocol, without federation.

Which configuration step is required to enable Active Directory users to authenticate to vCenter?

- A. Add Active Directory over LDAP as an identity source.
- B. Configure a trusted identity provider using OpenID Connect (OIDC).
- C. Add the domain controller certificate to the Trusted Root store in vCenter.
- D. Configure Identity Federation using SAML with corp.local.

正解: A

### 解説:

To allow Active Directory domain users (corp.local) to authenticate in vCenter with domain credentials:

\* The correct method is configuring Active Directory over LDAP as an identity source. (D)

\* This uses the default AD protocol (LDAP/Kerberos) without requiring SAML or OIDC federation.

Other options:

\* A. Adding domain controller certificate# Needed for LDAPS but not the main step.

\* B. Identity Federation with SAML# Requires federation, not allowed per requirements.

\* C. OpenID Connect (OIDC)# Used for external IdPs, not traditional AD auth.

References:

VMware vSphere 9.0 -Configuring Active Directory Identity Sources

VMware Docs: Add AD over LDAP as Identity Source

### 質問 # 35

An administrator is tasked with enabling a Supervisor in a VMware vSphere Foundation (VVF) environment using vSphere

networking and the Foundation Load Balancer. The vSAN-backed cluster has been configured with a vSphere Distributed Switch. Which two actions must the administrator perform when enabling a Supervisor using vSphere networking? (Choose two.)

- A. Assign a vSphere Distributed Switch and a corresponding port group.
- B. Provide a static IP address range for the Supervisor control plane VMs.
- C. Configure a Tier-0 Gateway with BGP or static routing.
- D. Enable the VM Service before deploying the Supervisor.
- E. Select a vSphere namespace template to define initial namespace limits.

正解: A、B

解説:

When enabling a Supervisor Cluster in vSphere with Tanzu using vSphere networking and the Foundation Load Balancer:

- \* You must provide a static IP range for the Supervisor control plane VMs so they can be deployed with dedicated addresses. (B)
- \* You must assign a vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS) with an appropriate port group for Supervisor networking. (E) Other options:
- \* A. Namespace template# Optional after Supervisor is enabled, not required at setup.
- \* C. Tier-0 Gateway# Applies to NSX networking, not vSphere networking.
- \* D. VM Service# Enabled after Supervisor, not a prerequisite.

References:

VMware vSphere 9.0 - Enable a Supervisor Cluster with vSphere Networking VMware Docs: Supervisor Setup Networking Requirements

### 質問 # 36

An administrator is tasked with importing a vSphere Lifecycle Manager image and applying it to a cluster containing six hosts, with two of the hosts in maintenance mode. The administrator uses the vSphere Client, navigates to the cluster, and edits the remediation settings to enable Parallel Remediation and clicks the Remediate All button to execute the remediation process. What is the expected result of this remediation process?

- A. The image is remediated on the hosts in maintenance mode in parallel, and when completed the hosts not in maintenance mode are remediated in parallel.
- B. The image is remediated on the four hosts not in maintenance mode, in sequence. The hosts in maintenance mode are not remediated.
- C. The image is remediated on the four hosts not in maintenance mode, in parallel. The hosts in maintenance mode are not remediated.
- D. The image is remediated on the hosts in maintenance mode in parallel. The hosts not in maintenance mode are not remediated.

正解: D

解説:

When using vSphere Lifecycle Manager (vLCM) with Parallel Remediation enabled, the following rules apply:

- \* Parallel remediation only applies to ESXi hosts that are already in Maintenance Mode.
- \* vLCM does not put hosts into Maintenance Mode automatically in this mode.
- \* Similarly, it does not exit Maintenance Mode automatically after remediation.
- \* Hosts not in Maintenance Mode are skipped.
- \* If Parallel Remediation is activated, vLCM remediates only those hosts that are already in Maintenance Mode.
- \* Any hosts that are not in Maintenance Mode remain untouched.
- \* Remediation happens in parallel for all eligible hosts.
- \* In this case, two of the six hosts are in Maintenance Mode. Those two hosts will be remediated in parallel.
- \* The remaining four hosts (not in Maintenance Mode) will not be remediated at all.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- \* A. Four hosts not in maintenance mode are remediated in parallel##Incorrect. Hosts must already be in Maintenance Mode to be remediated.
- \* B. Hosts in maintenance mode first, then non-maintenance hosts##Incorrect. Non-maintenance mode hosts are skipped, not remediated after.
- \* C. Four hosts remediated sequentially, others skipped##Incorrect. Parallel Remediation does not touch non-maintenance mode hosts.
- \* D. Hosts in maintenance mode remediated in parallel; others skipped##Correct and matches VMware documentation.

References:

### 質問 # 37

Which component of VMware vSphere Foundation (VVF) is essential for supporting containerized workloads within the vSphere environment?

- A. VCF Operations
- B. VCF Automation
- C. VCF Fleet Manager
- **D. vSphere Kubernetes Service**

正解: D

解説:

To support containerized workloads within VMware vSphere Foundation (VVF), the essential component is vSphere Kubernetes Service (vSphere with Tanzu).

\* Provides native Kubernetes integration with vSphere clusters.

\* Enables running Pods, Tanzu Kubernetes clusters, and containerized workload on vSphere infrastructure.

Other options:

\* VCF Automation (A): Automates VCF lifecycle but not containers.

\* VCF Fleet Manager (B): Manages multi-instance environments, not workload containers.

\* VCF Operations (C): Provides monitoring/analytics but not container runtime.

References:

VMware vSphere 9.0 -vSphere with Tanzu Overview

VMware Docs: Kubernetes in vSphere (Tanzu)

### 質問 # 38

An administrator is tasked to configure VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Operations alerts to notify only relevant stakeholders when alerts trigger.

Which configuration step will satisfy the requirement?

- A. Configure notification to use generic contact information.
- **B. Configure notification to specific alert recipients.**
- C. Configure notification for only critical alerts.
- D. Configure notification to write a file to an output folder.

正解: B

解説:

In VCF Operations, alerts can be configured with notification settings. To ensure only relevant stakeholders receive alerts:

\* You assign specific recipients to notifications.

\* This avoids alert fatigue and ensures teams only see alerts they are responsible for.

Other options:

\* A. Write to file# Not for stakeholder notifications.

\* B. Only critical alerts# Reduces volume, but still not targeted to relevant recipients.

\* D. Generic contact info# Sends to broad groups, not selective.

References:

VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 -Alerting and Notification Settings

VMware Docs: Configuring Notifications in vRealize Operations

### 質問 # 39

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21世紀の情報時代の到着に伴い、VMwareの2V0-16.25試験の認定はIT業種で不可欠な認定になっています。初心者にしても、サラリーマンにしても、Topexamは君のために特別なVMwareの2V0-16.25問題集を提供します。君は他の人の一半の努力で、同じVMwareの2V0-16.25認定試験を簡単に合格できます。Topexamはあなたと一緒に

