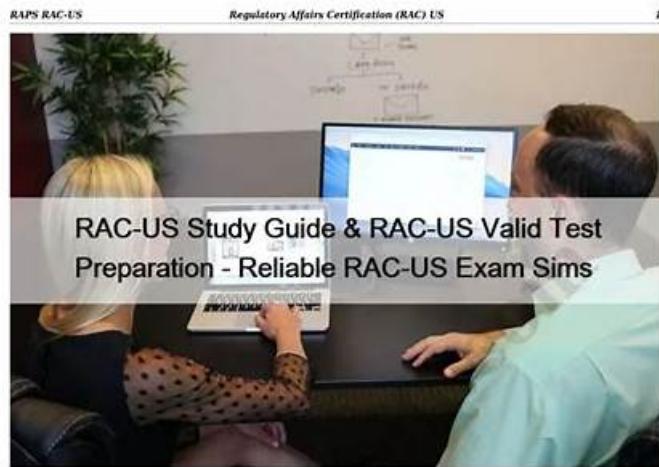


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Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2• 3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General Review of FSCA Topics: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and system administrators, and covers a broad refresh of foundational platform concepts, including architecture, asset identification, and initial deployment considerations. It ensures you are fluent in relevant baseline topics before moving into more advanced areas. Policy Best Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of security policy architects and operational administrators, and covers how to design and enforce robust policies effectively, emphasizing maintainability, clarity, and alignment with organizational goals rather than just technical configuration.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Product Topics Licenses, Extended Modules and Redundancy: This section of the exam measures skills of product deployment leads and solution engineers, and covers topics such as licensing models, optional modules or extensions, high availability or redundancy configurations, and how those affect architecture and operational readiness.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Notifications: This section of the exam measures skills of monitoring and incident response professionals and system administrators, and covers how notifications are configured, triggered, routed, and managed so that alerts and reports tie into incident workflows and stakeholder communication.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Policy Functionality: This section of the exam measures skills of policy implementers and integration specialists, and covers how policies operate within the platform, including dependencies, rule order, enforcement triggers, and how they interact with device classifications and dynamic attributes.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking: This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plugin Tuning HPS: This section of the exam measures skills of plugin developers and endpoint integration engineers, and covers tuning the Host Property Scanner (HPS) plugin: how to profile endpoints, refine scanning logic, handle exceptions, and ensure accurate host attribute collection for enforcement.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Customized Policy Examples: This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.

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Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q71-Q76):

NEW QUESTION # 71

Which of the following lists contain items you should verify when you are troubleshooting a failed switch change VLAN action?

Select one:

- A. The Switch Vendor is compatible for the change VLAN action
The managing appliance IP is allowed read VLAN access to the switch
The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Get traffic to reach the switch The action is disabled in the policy
- B. The Switch Vendor is compatible for the change VLAN action
The Enterprise manager IP is allowed read VLAN access to the switch
The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Get traffic to reach the switch The action is disabled in the policy The Switch Model is compatible for ACL actions The Enterprise manager IP is allowed write VLAN changes to the switch The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Trap traffic to reach the switch The action is enabled in the policy
- **C. The Switch Model is compatible for the change VLAN action**
The managing appliance IP is allowed write VLAN changes to the switch
The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Set traffic to reach the switch The action is enabled in the policy
- D. The Switch Vendor is compatible for all actions
The managing appliance IP is allowed read VLAN access to the switch
The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Set traffic to reach the switch The action is enabled in the policy

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the Forescout Switch Plugin Configuration Guide Version 8.12 and 8.14.2, when troubleshooting a failed change VLAN action, you should verify: "The Switch Model is compatible for the change VLAN action, The managing appliance IP is allowed write VLAN changes to the switch, The network infrastructure allows CounterACT SSH and SNMP Set traffic to reach the switch, The action is enabled in the policy".

Troubleshooting Switch VLAN Changes:

According to the Switch Plugin documentation:

When a VLAN assignment fails, verify:

- * Switch Model Compatibility
- * Not all switch models support VLAN changes via SNMP/SSH
- * Consult Forescout compatibility matrix
- * Refer to Appendix 1 of Switch Plugin guide for capability summary
- * Managing Appliance Permissions
- * The managing appliance must have write access to VLAN settings
- * Requires appropriate SNMP community strings or SNMPv3 credentials
- * Must be allowed to execute SNMP Set commands
- * Network Infrastructure
- * SSH access to the switch (CLI) - typically port 22
- * SNMP Set traffic to the switch - port 161
- * NOT "SNMP Get" (read-only) or "SNMP Trap" (notifications)
- * SNMP Set is specifically for write operations like VLAN assignment
- * Policy Action Status
- * The action must be enabled in the policy
- * If the action is disabled, it won't execute regardless of other settings

Why Option C is Correct:

According to the documentation:

- * # Switch Model (not Vendor) - Model-specific capabilities matter
- * # Managing appliance (not Enterprise Manager) - For distributed deployments
- * # SNMP Set (not Get or Trap) - Required for write/change operations
- * # Action enabled (not disabled) - Prerequisite for execution

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A - Mixes incorrect items: "action is disabled" is wrong, "SNMP Trap" is for notifications, not VLAN changes
- * B - States "SNMP Get" (read-only) instead of "SNMP Set" (write); has "action is disabled"
- * D - Says "all actions" instead of "change VLAN action"; uses "SNMP Set" correctly but other details wrong

Referenced Documentation:

- * Forescout CounterACT Switch Plugin Configuration Guide v8.12
- * Switch Plugin Configuration Guide v8.14.2
- * Switch Configuration Parameters
- * Switch Restrict Actions

NEW QUESTION # 72

Main rules are executed independently of each other. However, one policy may be set to run first by configuring which of the following?

- A. There is no way to cause one policy to run first
- B. Setting the Main Rule condition to utilize primary classification
- C. Using Irresolvable criteria
- D. **Categorizing the Policy as a classifier**
- E. Categorizing the Policy as an assessment policy

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide, one policy can be set to run first by categorizing the Policy as a classifier. Classifier policies run before other policy types.

Policy Categorization and Execution Order:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide:

Forescout supports different policy categories, and these categories determine execution order:

- * Classifier Policies - Run FIRST
- * Used for initial device classification
- * Establish basic device properties (OS, Function, Network Function)
- * Must complete before other policies can evaluate classification properties
- * Assessment Policies - Run AFTER classifiers
- * Assess compliance based on classified properties
- * Depend on classifier output
- * Control/Action Policies - Run LAST
- * Apply remediation actions
- * Depend on assessment results

How Classifier Policies Run First:

According to the documentation:

"When you categorize a policy as a classifier, it runs before assessment and action policies. This allows the classified properties to be established before other policies attempt to evaluate them" Reason for Classifier Priority:

According to the policy execution guidelines:

Classifier policies must run first because:

- * Dependency Resolution - Other policies depend on classification properties
- * Property Population - Classifiers populate device properties used by other policies
- * Execution Efficiency - Classifiers determine what type of device is being evaluated
- * Logical Flow - You must know what a device is before assessing or controlling it Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
 - * A. There is no way to cause one policy to run first - Incorrect; categorization determines execution order
 - * B. Setting Main Rule condition to utilize primary classification - While main rule conditions can reference classification, this doesn't change policy execution order
 - * C. Categorizing the Policy as an assessment policy - Assessment policies run AFTER classifier policies, not first
 - * E. Using Irresolvable criteria - Irresolvable criteria handling doesn't affect policy execution order

Policy Categorization Example:

According to the documentation:

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Policy Execution Order:

1. CLASSIFIER Policies (Run First)
 - "Device Classification Policy" (categorized as Classifier)
 - Resolves: OS, Function, Network Function
2. ASSESSMENT Policies (Run Second)
 - "Windows Compliance Policy" (categorized as Assessment)
 - Depends on classification from step 1
3. ACTION Policies (Run Last)
 - "Remediate Non-Compliant Devices" (categorized as Control)
 - Depends on assessment from step 2

In this workflow, because "Device Classification Policy" is categorized as a Classifier, it executes first, populating device properties that the subsequent Assessment and Action policies need.

Referenced Documentation:

- * ForeScout CounterACT Administration Guide - Policy Categorization

* Categorize Endpoint Authorizations - Policy Categories and Execution

NEW QUESTION # 73

Proper policy flow should consist of...

- A. Modify as little as possible in discovery, each sub-rule should flow to assess. IT classify policies typically test manageability, IoT classify usually indicates ownership.
- B. Modify as little as possible in discovery, each discovery sub-rule should flow to a classify policy. IT classify policies typically test manageability, IoT classify usually indicates ownership.
- C. Modify as little as possible in discovery, each classify sub-rule should flow to an assess policy, IoT classify policies typically test ownership, IT classify usually indicates ownership.
- D. Discovery should include customized sub-rules, each discovery sub-rule should flow to a classify policy, IT classify policies typically test manageability, IoT classify usually indicates ownership.
- E. **Modify as little as possible in discovery, each classify sub-rule should flow to an assess policy, IoT classify policies typically test manageability, IT classify usually indicates ownership.**

Answer: E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout IoT Security solutions documentation and policy best practices, proper policy flow should consist of: "Modify as little as possible in discovery, each classify sub-rule should flow to an assess policy, IoT classify policies typically test manageability, IT classify usually indicates ownership".

Policy Flow Architecture:

According to the Forescout IoT Security documentation:

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Discovery Phase (Passive)

#

Classification Phase (Determine device type)

IoT Classify - Test MANAGEABILITY

IT Classify - Indicate OWNERSHIP

#

Assessment Phase (Evaluate compliance)

#

Control Phase (Apply actions)

Discovery Phase - Minimal Modification:

According to the documentation:

"Modify as little as possible in discovery. Discovery should remain passive and non-invasive, using only network traffic analysis and passive profiling to gain device visibility." This approach prevents operational disruption and maintains passive-only visibility.

Classification Phase:

According to the Forescout solution brief:

* IT Device Classification Policies:

* Typically indicate OWNERSHIP (corporate vs. BYOD)

* Determine if device is managed or unmanaged

* Establish if device belongs to organization

* IoT Device Classification Policies:

* Typically test MANAGEABILITY (can it be managed)

* Determine if device can support agents or management

* Assess remote accessibility capabilities

Assessment Phase Flow:

According to the documentation:

"Each classify sub-rule should flow to an assess policy. This hierarchical flow ensures that assessment policies evaluate endpoints based on their classification, not before." The workflow is:

text

Classify Sub-Rule # Assessment Policy

If device matches classifier criteria

Then assessment policy evaluates compliance

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* A. IoT classify policies typically test ownership - Incorrect; IT classify policies test ownership, IoT policies test manageability

* C. Each sub-rule should flow to assess - Missing the critical "from classify" part; sub-rules flow from classify to assess

- * D. Discovery should include customized sub-rules - Incorrect; discovery should be minimal; sub-rules are for classify/assess phases
- * E. Each discovery sub-rule should flow to classify policy - Incorrect terminology; discovery doesn't have sub-rules that flow forward
- Referenced Documentation:
 - * Forescout IoT Security Solution Brief
 - * Internet of Things (IoT) Platform Overview
 - * Forescout IoT Security - Total Device Visibility

NEW QUESTION # 74

When troubleshooting a SecureConnector management issue for a Windows host, how would you determine if SecureConnector management packets are reaching CounterACT successfully?

- A. Use the tcpdump command and filter for tcp port 2200 traffic from the host IP address reaching the management port
- B. Use the tcpdump command and filter for tcp port 2200 traffic from the host IP address reaching the management port
- **C. Use the tcpdump command and filter for tcp port 10003 traffic from the host IP address reaching the management port**
- D. Use the tcpdump command and filter for tcp port 10005 traffic from the host IP address reaching the monitor port
- E. Use the tcpdump command and filter for tcp port 10003 traffic from the host IP address reaching the monitor port

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
 According to the Forescout Quick Installation Guide and official port configuration documentation, SecureConnector for Windows uses TCP port 10003, and the management packets should be captured from the host IP address reaching the management port (not the monitor port). Therefore, the correct command would use tcpdump filtering for tcp port 10003 traffic reaching the management port.

SecureConnector Port Assignments:

According to the official documentation:

SecureConnector Type

Port

Protocol

Function

Windows

10003/TCP

TLS (encrypted)

Allows SecureConnector to create a secure encrypted TLS connection to the Appliance from Windows machines OS X

10005/TCP

TLS (encrypted)

Allows SecureConnector to create a secure encrypted TLS connection to the Appliance from OS X machines Linux

10006/TCP

TLS 1.2 (encrypted)

Allows SecureConnector to create a secure connection over TLS 1.2 to the Appliance from Linux machines Port 2200 is for Legacy Linux SecureConnector (older versions using SSH encryption), not for Windows.

Forescout Appliance Interface Types:

- * Management Port - Used for administrative access and SecureConnector connections
- * Monitor Port - Used for monitoring and analyzing network traffic
- * Response Port - Used for policy actions and responses

SecureConnector connections reach the management port, not the monitor port.

Troubleshooting SecureConnector Connectivity:

To verify that SecureConnector management packets from a Windows host are successfully reaching CounterACT, use the following tcpdump command:

bash

tcpdump -i [management_interface] -nn "tcp port 10003 and src [windows_host_ip]" This command:

- * Monitors the management interface
- * Filters for TCP port 10003 traffic
- * Captures packets from the Windows host IP address reaching the management port
- * Verifies bidirectional TLS communication

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * A. tcp port 10005 from host IP reaching monitor port - Port 10005 is for OS X, not Windows; should reach management port, not monitor port

- * B. tcp port 2200 reaching management port - Port 2200 is for legacy Linux SecureConnector with SSH, not Windows
- * C. tcp port 10003 reaching monitor port - Port 10003 is correct for Windows, but should reach management port, not monitor port
- * D. tcp port 2200 reaching management port - Port 2200 is for legacy Linux SecureConnector, not Windows SecureConnector

Connection Process:

According to the documentation:

- * SecureConnector on the Windows endpoint initiates a connection to port 10003
- * Connection is established to the Appliance's management port
- * When SecureConnector connects to an Appliance or Enterprise Manager, it is redirected to the Appliance to which its host is assigned
- * Ensure port 10003 is open to all Appliances and Enterprise Manager for transparent mobility

Referenced Documentation:

- * Forescout Quick Installation Guide v8.2
- * Forescout Quick Installation Guide v8.1
- * Port configuration section: SecureConnector for Windows

NEW QUESTION # 75

Which of the following is the SMB protocol version required to manage Windows XP or Windows Vista endpoints?

- A. SMB V2.0
- B. SMB V3.1.1
- C. SMB V3.0
- D. **SMB V1.0**
- E. SMB is not required for XP or Vista

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide and Microsoft SMB Protocol documentation, the SMB protocol version required to manage Windows XP or Windows Vista endpoints is SMB V1.0.

SMB Version Timeline:

According to the Microsoft documentation and Forescout requirements:

Windows Version

SMB Support

Windows XP

SMB 1.0 only

Windows Vista

SMB 1.0 and SMB 2.0

Windows 7

SMB 1.0, SMB 2.0, and SMB 2.1

Windows 8/Server 2012

SMB 2.0, SMB 2.1, and SMB 3.0

Windows 10

SMB 2.1 and SMB 3.x

Windows XP and Vista SMB Requirements:

According to Forescout documentation:

The documentation explicitly states:

"When you require SMB signing, Remote Inspection can no longer be used to manage endpoints that cannot work with SMB signing, for example: Old Windows XP/Server 2003 systems" This indicates that Windows XP requires SMB support, specifically SMB 1.0, which doesn't support modern SMB signing requirements.

SMB Version Negotiation:

According to the official documentation:

When a Forescout CounterACT appliance connects to an endpoint:

- * Version Negotiation - Both client and server advertise their supported SMB versions
- * Highest Common Version Selected - The highest version supported by BOTH is used
- * Fallback Behavior - If SMB 2.0 is available on Vista but not supported by CounterACT, it falls back to SMB 1.0 For Windows XP (SMB 1.0 only) and Windows Vista (SMB 1.0/2.0):
- * Minimum Required: SMB 1.0
- * Maximum Supported: SMB 2.0 (Vista only)

Port Requirements for SMB 1.0:

According to the Forescout documentation:

For Windows XP and Vista endpoints using SMB 1.0:

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Port 139/TCP must be available

(Port 445/TCP is used for Windows 7 and above)

Historical Context:

According to the documentation:

* SMB 1.0 was the original protocol used by Windows 2000, NT, and earlier versions

* Windows Vista SP1 and Windows Server 2008 introduced SMB 2.0

* SMB 1.0 is considered legacy and insecure (no encryption, subject to security vulnerabilities)

* Microsoft recommends disabling SMB 1.0 in modern networks

However, for legacy Windows XP and early Vista systems, SMB 1.0 is the only option.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* A. SMB V3.1.1 - This is the latest version, introduced with Windows Server 2016 and Windows 10; not supported on XP or Vista

* C. SMB is not required for XP or Vista - Incorrect; SMB is essential for Windows manageability and script execution

* D. SMB V2.0 - While Vista supports SMB 2.0, Windows XP does NOT; only SMB 1.0 works on both

* E. SMB V3.0 - This requires Windows 8/Server 2012 or later; not supported on XP or Vista Legacy Endpoint Management

Considerations:

According to the documentation:

For legacy endpoints requiring SMB 1.0:

* Cannot require SMB signing (not supported in SMB 1.0)

* Must allow unencrypted SMB communication

* Should be isolated on network segments with security controls

* Represents security risk due to SMB 1.0 vulnerabilities

Referenced Documentation:

* Forescout HPS Inspection Engine - About SMB documentation

* Operational Requirements - Port requirements

* Microsoft - SMB Protocol Versions and Requirements

* Microsoft - Detect, Enable, and Disable SMBv1, SMBv2, and SMBv3 in Windows

NEW QUESTION # 76

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