

SPLK-2002 Valid Exam Cram - SPLK-2002 Valid Test Blueprint



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The Splunk SPLK-2002 exam is intended for Splunk professionals who have a minimum of three years of experience working with Splunk Enterprise. Candidates who pass the exam are recognized as Splunk Enterprise Certified Architects and are equipped to lead the design and implementation of Splunk environments in complex and large-scale organizations. Splunk Enterprise Certified Architect certification is valid for three years and requires recertification after the expiration of the certification.

The SPLK-2002 Exam is designed to test the skills and knowledge of IT professionals who are responsible for designing and deploying Splunk environments. SPLK-2002 exam covers a range of topics, including architecture, deployment, data management, user management, search and reporting, and troubleshooting. It is intended for individuals who have experience working with Splunk and are looking to take their skills to the next level.

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Splunk Enterprise Certified Architect Sample Questions (Q166-Q171):

NEW QUESTION # 166

When adding or decommissioning a member from a Search Head Cluster (SHC), what is the proper order of operations?

- A. 1. Initialize cluster rebalance operation.2. Remove master node from cluster.3. Trigger replication.
- B. 1. Delete Splunk Enterprise, if it exists.2. Install and initialize the instance.3. Join the SHC.
- C. 1. Trigger replication.2. Remove master node from cluster.3. Initialize cluster rebalance operation.
- D. 1. Install and initialize the instance.2. Delete Splunk Enterprise, if it exists.3. Join the SHC.

Answer: D**NEW QUESTION # 167**

(Based on the data sizing and retention parameters listed below, which of the following will correctly calculate the index storage required?)

- * Daily rate = 20 GB / day
- * Compress factor = 0.5
- * Retention period = 30 days
- * Padding = 100 GB

- A. $20 * 0.5 * 30 + 100 = 400 \text{ GB}$
- B. $20 / 0.5 * 30 + 100 = 1300 \text{ GB}$
- C. $(20 * 30 + 100) * 0.5 = 350 \text{ GB}$
- D. $20 * 30 + 100 = 700 \text{ GB}$

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Splunk Capacity Planning Manual defines the total required storage for indexes as a function of daily ingest rate, compression factor, retention period, and an additional padding buffer for index management and growth.

The formula is:

Storage = (Daily Data * Compression Factor * Retention Days) + Padding

Given the values:

- * Daily rate = 20 GB
- * Compression factor = 0.5 (50% reduction)
- * Retention period = 30 days
- * Padding = 100 GB

Plugging these into the formula gives:

$$20 * 0.5 * 30 + 100 = 400 \text{ GB}$$

This result represents the estimated storage needed to retain 30 days of compressed indexed data with an additional buffer to accommodate growth and Splunk's bucket management overhead.

Compression factor values typically range between 0.5 and 0.7 for most environments, depending on data type. Using compression in calculations is critical, as indexed data consumes less space than raw input after Splunk's tokenization and compression processes. Other options either misapply the compression ratio or the order of operations, producing incorrect totals.

References (Splunk Enterprise Documentation):

- * Capacity Planning for Indexes - Storage Sizing and Compression Guidelines
- * Managing Index Storage and Retention Policies
- * Splunk Enterprise Admin Manual - Understanding Index Bucket Sizes
- * Indexing Performance and Storage Optimization Guide

NEW QUESTION # 168

When using the props.conf LINE_BREAKER attribute to delimit multi-line events, the SHOULD_LINEMERGE attribute should be set to what?

- A. False
- B. Auto
- C. True
- D. None

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation/Reference: <https://answers.splunk.com/answers/6926/how-to-keep-data-together-as-one-event.html>

NEW QUESTION # 169

Which of the following clarification steps should be taken if apps are not appearing on a deployment client?
(Select all that apply.)

- A. Check serverclass.conf of the deployment server.
- B. Check deploymentclient.conf of the deployment client.
- C. Search for relevant events in splunkd.log of the deployment server.
- D. Check the content of SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps of the deployment server.

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

The following clarification steps should be taken if apps are not appearing on a deployment client:

- * Check serverclass.conf of the deployment server. This file defines the server classes and the apps and configurations that they should receive from the deployment server. Make sure that the deployment client belongs to the correct server class and that the server class has the desired apps and configurations.
- * Check deploymentclient.conf of the deployment client. This file specifies the deployment server that the deployment client contacts and the client name that it uses. Make sure that the deployment client is pointing to the correct deployment server and that the client name matches the server class criteria.
- * Search for relevant events in splunkd.log of the deployment server. This file contains information about the deployment server activities, such as sending apps and configurations to the deployment clients, detecting client check-ins, and logging any errors or warnings. Look for any events that indicate a problem with the deployment server or the deployment client.
- * Checking the content of SPLUNK_HOME/etc/apps of the deployment server is not a necessary clarification step, as this directory does not contain the apps and configurations that are distributed to the deployment clients. The apps and configurations for the deployment server are stored in SPLUNK_HOME/etc/deployment-apps. For more information, see Configure deployment server and clients in the Splunk documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 170

Stakeholders have identified high availability for searchable data as their top priority. Which of the following best addresses this requirement?

- A. Increasing the number of CPUs on the indexers in the cluster.
- B. Increasing the search factor in the cluster.
- C. Increasing the replication factor in the cluster.
- D. Increasing the number of search heads in the cluster.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

Increasing the search factor in the cluster will best address the requirement of high availability for searchable data. The search factor determines how many copies of searchable data are maintained by the cluster. A higher search factor means that more indexers can serve the data in case of a failure or a maintenance event.

Increasing the replication factor will improve the availability of raw data, but not searchable data. Increasing the number of search heads or CPUs on the indexers will improve the search performance, but not the availability of searchable data. For more information, see Replication factor and search factor in the Splunk documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 171

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