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Huawei HCIP-Access V2.5 Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

NEW QUESTION # 10
Which of the following is a RADIUS feature?

- A. RADIUS has reliable transmission.
- B. The same transmission protocol as HWTACACS is used.
- C. After a user passes authentication, the returned message is different from that returned by the HWTACACS server.
- D. You can adjust the fields to be encrypted in packets according to user requirements.

Answer: C

Explanation:
A: Incorrect - RADIUS typically uses UDP (1812/1813), while HWTACACS/TACACS+ uses TCP (port 49).
B: Incorrect - In RADIUS, only the user-password attribute is encrypted; fields are not selectively encrypted by user choice. TACACS+ can encrypt the entire payload.
D: Incorrect - Because RADIUS uses UDP, transport is not inherently reliable.
C: Correct - RADIUS and HWTACACS differ in message structure and returned attributes after authentication (e.g., RADIUS attribute-value pairs for access control/QoS/VLAN vs. HWTACACS command /privilege oriented responses). Thus the returned content/format differs between the two.
References: HCIP-Access V2.5 Study Guide - AAA overview and comparison of RADIUS vs HWTACACS (transport, encryption scope, response attributes).

NEW QUESTION # 11
(Single-choice) An IPTV user reflects that the TV cannot be watched, open the debug switch on the OLT side, and the debug printing information is as follows: huawei(config).
This can be judged by the results of the query

- A. The poN port multicast bandwidth is insufficient
- B. The user does not have permission to watch the show
- C. User bandwidth validation failed
- D. IGMP Sakamoto Fussel

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 12
The OLT is configured to use IGMP Version 2. When the OLT receives an IGMPv3 Join (Report) message forwarded from an ONT, what action will it take?

- A. Send a specific-group query message
- B. Send a general (universal) group query message
- C. Normal forwarding
- D. Discard directly

Answer: D

Explanation:
Huawei multicast guidance stresses IGMP version compatibility: devices running an earlier version must interoperate only with hosts using the same or earlier version, otherwise v3 messages may not be processed.
In Huawei's multicast feature guidance for access devices (OLT side vs. user side), the behavior documented is that when the device is operating in IGMPv2, IGMPv3 Report messages from terminals are not processed- interoperation is restored only after the

terminal/device side is downgraded to v2 (often driven by periodic queries that induce hosts to respond in v2). This maps operationally to dropping unsolicited IGMPv3 Reports when the OLT is fixed to v2. Huawei also recommends ensuring the device runs an IGMP version the same as or later than member hosts to avoid such loss. Therefore, with OLT fixed at v2, an incoming v3 Join is discarded.

NEW QUESTION # 13
In the evolution of EPON to 10 G EPON, a smooth transition is achieved at the local level by adding WDM WDM modules, and ODNs coexist

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 14
(Radio) Which of the following options can improve the service experience of multicast users when switching channels (switching time is shorter)

- A. When adding a multicast program, the prejoin feature is disabled
- B. Enables the Quick Leave feature when adding a multicast user
- C. When you add a multicast user, enable the preview feature
- D. Use group addresses with small values

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 15
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