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Question 1: La "Restricción de Integridad de Entidad" establece que:

- a. El valor de una clave primaria debe existir en una tabla relacionada.
- b. Ningún valor de la clave primaria puede ser nulo (NULL).
- c. Los atributos de la clave primaria deben ser de tipo carácter.
- d. Ningún valor de clave foránea puede ser nulo.

La respuesta correcta es: Ningún valor de la clave primaria puede ser nulo (NULL).

Question 2: Una relación está en 2NF si:

- a. Es 3NF en 1NF.
- b. Todo atributo no primario depende plenamente de la clave.
- c. No tiene dependencias funcionales.
- d. No tiene atributos multivalor.

La respuesta correcta es: Todo atributo no primario depende plenamente de la clave.

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## EMC D-PWF-OE-00 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>PowerFlex Components and Resource Discovery: This domain covers identifying PowerFlex hardware models and software components, using management interfaces to interact with the system, and completing essential post-installation configuration tasks.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Protecting PowerFlex Storage: This section covers data protection through snapshot technology for point-in-time copies and volume replication between clusters for disaster recovery.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>PowerFlex Logical Entities: This section focuses on configuring the logical structures within PowerFlex including templates, resource groups, protection domains, fault sets, and storage pools that organize and manage storage resources.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>PowerFlex Storage: This domain addresses daily storage operations including creating and managing volumes, configuring shared file systems, and working with storage data targets.</li></ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>PowerFlex Upgrades: This domain covers understanding upgrade procedures and executing cluster upgrades to newer software versions.</li></ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Expanding a PowerFlex Cluster: This domain focuses on cluster expansion and maintenance including using maintenance modes, adding nodes, configuring Storage Data Servers and Meta Data Managers, and understanding PowerFlex integration with APEX.</li></ul>

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## EMC Dell PowerFlex Operate Exam Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

### NEW QUESTION # 35

Which PowerFlex feature allows the sharing of storage data across multiple nodes?

- A. PowerFlex File (Shared File Systems)
- B. Fault Sets
- C. Storage Pools
- D. Replication Targets

#### Answer: A

Explanation:

PowerFlex is primarily a block storage solution, but it supports File Services (PowerFlex File) to allow data sharing across multiple nodes.

\* PowerFlex File (Shared File Systems): This architecture adds NAS (Network Attached Storage) capabilities to the PowerFlex cluster. It utilizes NAS Nodes (which can be physical or virtual) that consume PowerFlex block volumes and format them with a file system. These file systems are then exposed to clients via standard protocols like NFS (Network File System) for Linux/Unix and SMB (Server Message Block) for Windows. This allows multiple compute nodes or users to read and write to the same logical storage space simultaneously.

\* Why not the others?

\* Fault Sets are for logical isolation of resources to ensure high availability, not for data sharing.

\* Storage Pools are groupings of physical drives to define performance tiers, not the mechanism for file sharing.

\* Replication is for disaster recovery (copying data to a remote site), not for active sharing within a cluster.

### NEW QUESTION # 36

Which logical entity must be configured before creating a Storage Pool?

- A. Fault Set
- B. Protection Domain
- C. Storage Data Server
- D. Resource Group

#### Answer: B

Explanation:

\* Protection Domain (Option B): The Protection Domain (PD) is the parent container in the PowerFlex hierarchy.

\* Hierarchy: Protection Domain  $\rightarrow$  Storage Pool  $\rightarrow$  Device (Disk).

\* Logic: A Storage Pool cannot exist in a vacuum; it must belong to a specific Protection Domain. The PD defines which group of SDS nodes the pool spans. You must create the PD first, add SDSs to the PD, and then create the Storage Pool inside that PD.

### NEW QUESTION # 37

How can storage pools in PowerFlex be expanded?

- A. Create new protection domains
- B. Increase the node count in the fault set
- C. Configure replication between clusters
- D. Add additional disks to the existing pool

#### Answer: D

Explanation:

PowerFlex Storage Pools are elastic containers for physical drive capacity.

\* Add additional disks to the existing pool (Option A): You can expand a Storage Pool by physically inserting new drives into existing nodes and adding them to the pool, or by adding completely new nodes (populated with drives) to the cluster.

\* The Process: When new devices are added to a Storage Pool, the PowerFlex MDM automatically initiates a Rebalance operation. It moves existing data chunks from the full drives to the new empty drives until the usage percentage is equalized across all drives in the pool. This process is transparent to the host and increases both the capacity and the I/O performance of the pool.

## NEW QUESTION # 38

What are the considerations for configuring new Metadata Managers during cluster expansion? (Choose two).

- A. Ensure even distribution of metadata across nodes
- B. Assign the new nodes to an existing Fault Set
- C. Validate replication protocols between clusters
- D. Maintain redundancy for metadata storage

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

The Metadata Manager (MDM) cluster is the critical control plane of PowerFlex.

\* Maintain redundancy for metadata storage (Option D): The MDM cluster (typically 3 or 5 nodes) must always maintain a quorum. When reconfiguring or expanding the management capabilities, you must ensure that there are enough replicas (Primary, Secondary, Tie-Breakers) to survive a node failure without bringing down the cluster management.

\* Ensure even distribution (Option A): Best practice dictates that MDM roles should be distributed across different failure domains (different racks or chassis) to prevent a single physical failure (like a rack power outage) from taking down the entire MDM cluster simultaneously.

Incorrect Options: MDMs are not assigned to Fault Sets (C)-Fault Sets are for SDSs. Replication protocols (B) are relevant for data disaster recovery, not for the local cluster MDM expansion.

## NEW QUESTION # 39

An administrator wants to configure a shared file system in PowerFlex. What steps should they follow? (Select two).

- A. Assign the file system to a protection domain
- B. Configure multi-node access permissions
- C. Create the shared file system using the GUI
- D. Validate compatibility with all nodes in the cluster

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

Configuring PowerFlex File (NAS) involves creating the logical file system and then defining how clients access it.

\* Create the shared file system using the GUI (Option A): The administrator uses the PowerFlex Manager (or Block UI) to define the file system properties, such as name, size, and the Storage Pool it will consume capacity from.

\* Configure multi-node access permissions (Option C): Once the file system exists, it is not accessible until it is "Exported" (NFS) or "Shared" (SMB). During this step, the administrator must configure the access control lists (ACLs) or export policies that define which client IPs or Subnets (nodes) are allowed to mount the file system and whether they have Read-Only or Read-Write permissions.

## NEW QUESTION # 40

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