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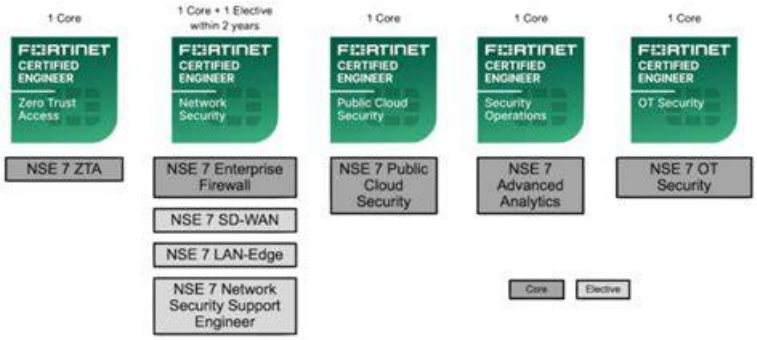

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Fortinet NSE7_SOC_AR-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• SOC Concepts and Frameworks: Covers analyzing security incidents, identifying adversary behaviors, understanding Fortinet SOC architecture, and recognizing common attack vectors.
Topic 2	• SOAR Incident Handling and Threat Hunting: Includes threat hunting analysis, managing FortiSOAR incidents, workload coordination, and using war rooms for incident response.
Topic 3	• Detection Capabilities: Focuses on configuring FortiSIEM incident rules, building log queries, and analyzing incidents for effective threat detection.
Topic 4	• SOAR Playbook Development: Covers configuring playbooks and connectors, using Jinja filters for data handling, and troubleshooting FortiSOAR automation workflows.

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Fortinet NSE 7 - Security Operations 7.6 Architect Sample Questions (Q12-Q17):

NEW QUESTION # 12
Refer to the exhibits.
The Malicious File Detect playbook is configured to create an incident when an event handler generates a malicious file detection

event.
Why did the Malicious File Detect playbook execution fail?

- A. The Attach_Data_To_Incident incident task wasexpecting an integer, but received an incorrect data format.
- B. The Attach Data To Incident task failed, which stopped the playbook execution.
- C. The Get Events task did not retrieve any event data.
- D. The Create Incident task was expecting a name or number as input, but received an incorrect data format

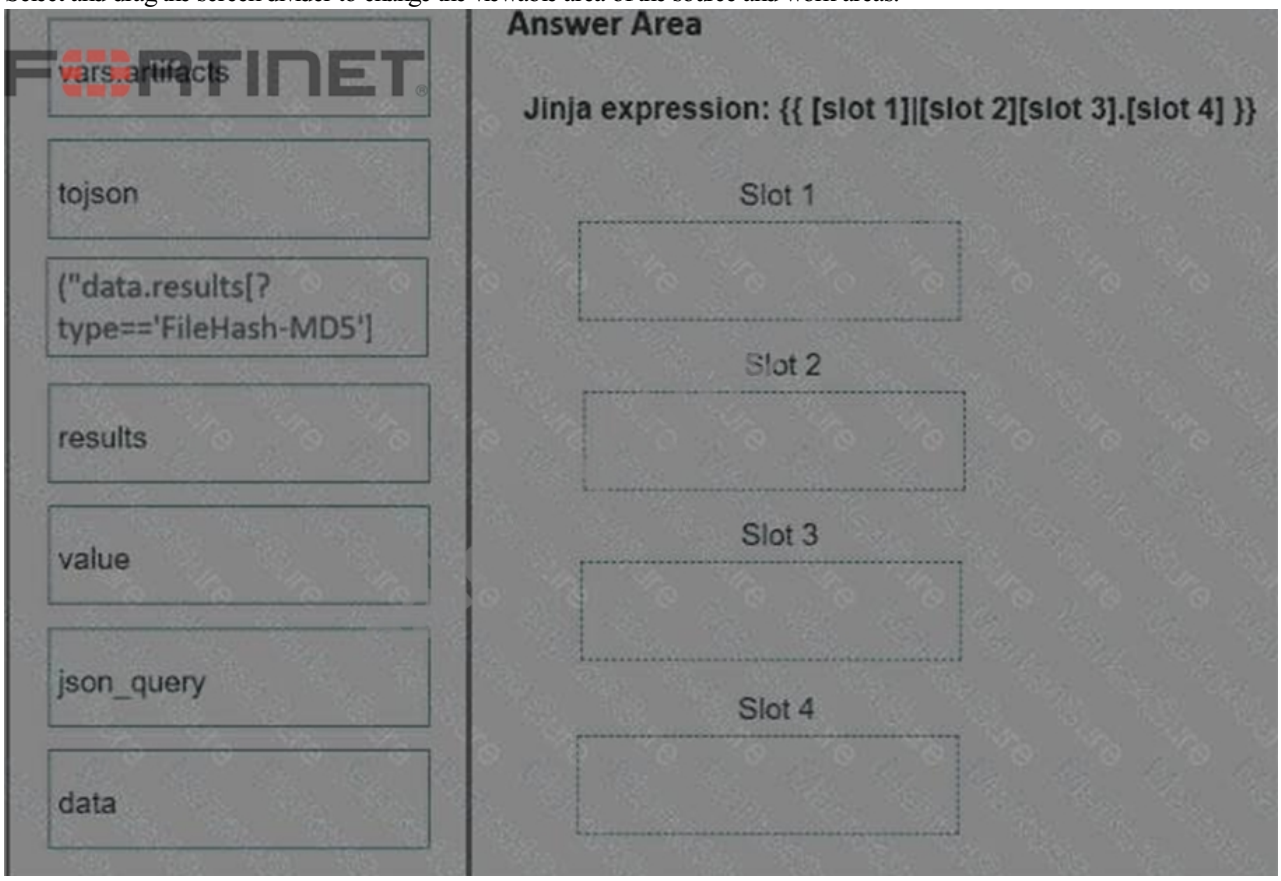
Answer: D

Explanation:
* Understanding the Playbook Configuration:
* The "Malicious File Detect" playbook is designed to create an incident when a malicious file detection event is triggered.
* The playbook includes tasks such as Attach_Data_To_Incident, Create Incident, and Get Events.
* Analyzing the Playbook Execution:
* The exhibit shows that the Create Incident task has failed, and the Attach_Data_To_Incident task has also failed.
* The Get Events task succeeded, indicating that it was able to retrieve event data.
* Reviewing Raw Logs:
* The raw logs indicate an error related to parsing input in the incident_operator.py file.
* The error traceback suggests that the task was expecting a specific input format (likely a name or number) but received an incorrect data format.
* Identifying the Source of the Failure:
* The Create Incident task failure is the root cause since it did not proceed correctly due to incorrect input format.
* The Attach_Data_To_Incident task subsequently failed because it depends on the successful creation of an incident.
* Conclusion:
* The primary reason for the playbook execution failure is that the Create Incident task received an incorrect data format, which was not a name or number as expected.
References:
Fortinet Documentation on Playbook and Task Configuration.
Error handling and debugging practices in playbook execution.

NEW QUESTION # 13
Refer to the exhibit.

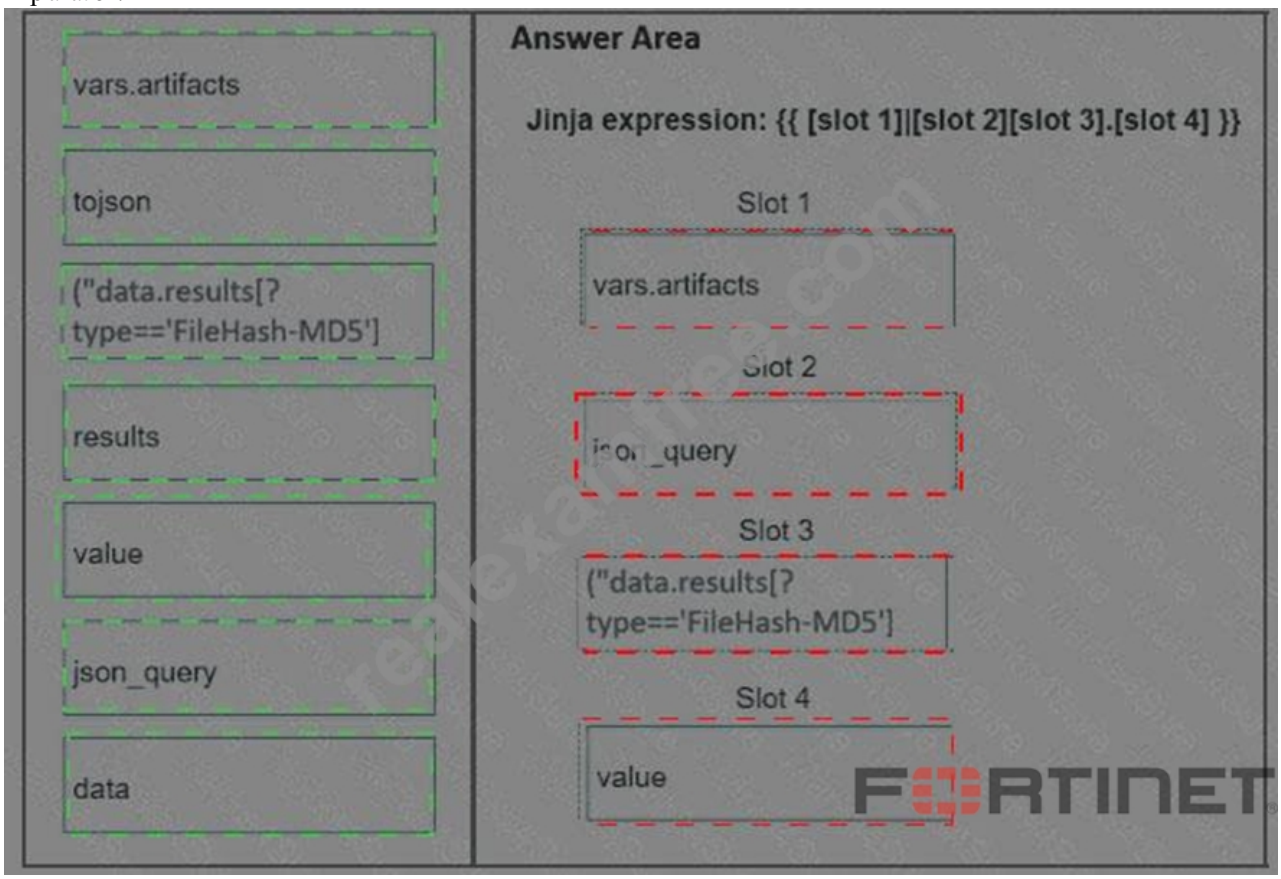
What is the correct Jinja expression to filter the results to show only the MD5 hash values?
{{ [slot 1]|[slot 2] [slot 3].[slot 4] }}
Select the jinja expression in the left column, hold and drag it to a blank position on the right. Place the four correct steps in order,

placing the first step in the first slot. Once you place an expression, you can move it again if you want to change your answer before moving to the next question. You need to drop four jinja expressions in the work area.
Select and drag the screen divider to change the viewable area of the source and work areas.



Answer:

Explanation:



Explanation:
Slot 1: vars.artifacts
Slot 2: json_query
Slot 3: (" data.results[?type== ' FileHash-MD5 ']
Slot 4: value
Exact Extract: "You can assign specific fields from your connector action output to their own variables and further manipulate the data using Jinja filters. This approach allows you to efficiently extract, clean, and prepare information for use in later steps of your automation." Exact Extract: The guide shows the same Jinja pattern:
{{ vars.steps.Advanced_Search_Query.data.events | json_query(' [].attributes.srcIpAddr ') | unique }} and explains that similar Jinja logic applies to extracting other variables from structured output.
The correct expression is {{ vars.artifacts | json_query(" data.results[?type== ' FileHash-MD5 '].value ") }} because the JSON object stores artifact records under vars.artifacts.data.results. Each object in results has a type and a value. The filter condition [? type== ' FileHash-MD5 '] selects only records whose type is FileHash-MD5 , and .value returns only the MD5 hash strings, not the full objects.
tojson is unnecessary because the data is already structured and queryable. results, data, and value alone are incomplete because they do not filter by artifact type. The key operation is json_query , which uses a JMESPath-style expression to filter a list and project only the required field.
Technical Deep Dive: This is a classic FortiSOAR playbook parsing pattern. Use json_query when the object is already JSON-like and you know the path. The expression returns a list such as:
[" 6aad63bcc3dd4e148f3724808955f912 " , " 9fd2b1c0e4a37658bca9d0f1e2c34567 "] This is automation-layer data extraction. FortiGate NP/CP offloading is irrelevant because no packet inspection or firewall data-plane forwarding is involved.

NEW QUESTION # 14
Review the incident report:
An attacker identified employee names, roles, and email patterns from public press releases, which were then used to craft tailored emails.
The emails were directed to recipients to review an attached agenda using a link hosted off the corporate domain.
Which two MITRE ATT&CK tactics best fit this report? (Choose two answers)

- A. Reconnaissance
- B. Discovery
- C. Defense Evasion
- D. Initial Access

Answer: A,D

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From FortiSOAR 7.6., FortiSIEM 7.3 Exact Extract study guide:
Based on the official documentation forFortiSIEM 7.3(which utilizes the MITRE ATT&CK mapping for incident correlation) andFortiSOAR 7.6(which uses these tactics for incident classification and playbook triggering):
* Reconnaissance (Tactic TA0043):This tactic consists of techniques that involve adversaries actively or passively gathering information that can be used to support targeting. In this scenario, the attacker identifies "employee names, roles, and email patterns from public press releases." This is categorized underGather Victim Org Information (T1591)andSearch Open Technical Databases (T1596). Since this activity happens prior to the compromise and involves gathering intelligence, it is strictly Reconnaissance.
* Initial Access (Tactic TA0001):This tactic covers techniques that use various entry vectors to gain an initial foothold within a network. The act of sending "tailored emails... to recipients to review an attached agenda using a link" is the definition ofPhishing: Spearphishing Link (T1566.002). This is the specific delivery mechanism used to gain the initial entry.
Why other options are incorrect:
* Discovery (B):This tactic involves techniques an adversary uses to gain knowledge about the internal network after they have already gained access. Since the attacker is looking at public press releases, they are operating outside the perimeter.
* Defense Evasion (D):This tactic consists of techniques that adversaries use to avoid detection throughout their compromise. While using an external link might bypass some basic reputation filters, the primary goal described in the report is the act of establishing contact and access, which is the core of the Initial Access tactic.

NEW QUESTION # 15
Which two types of variables can you use in playbook tasks? (Choose two.)

- A. Create

- B. input
- C. Trigger
- D. Output

Answer: B,D

Explanation:
* Understanding Playbook Variables:
* Playbook tasks in Security Operations Center (SOC) playbooks use variables to pass and manipulate data between different steps in the automation process.
* Variables help in dynamically handling data, making the playbook more flexible and adaptive to different scenarios.
* Types of Variables:
* Input Variables:
* Input variables are used to provide data to a playbook task. These variables can be set manually or derived from previous tasks.
* They act as parameters that the task will use to perform its operations.
* Output Variables:
* Output variables store the result of a playbook task. These variables can then be used as inputs for subsequent tasks.
* They capture the outcome of the task's execution, allowing for the dynamic flow of information through the playbook.
* Other Options:
* Create:Not typically referred to as a type of variable in playbook tasks. It might refer to an action but not a variable type.
* Trigger:Refers to the initiation mechanism of the playbook or task (e.g., an event trigger), not a type of variable.
* Conclusion:
* The two types of variables used in playbook tasks areinputandoutput.
References:
Fortinet Documentation on Playbook Configuration and Variable Usage.
General SOC Automation and Orchestration Practices.

NEW QUESTION # 16
When configuring a FortiAnalyzer to act as a collector device, which two steps must you perform? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure Fabric authorization on the connecting interface.
- B. Enable log compression.
- C. Configure the data policy to focus on archiving.
- D. Configure log forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:
* Understanding FortiAnalyzer Roles:
* FortiAnalyzer can operate in two primary modes: collector mode and analyzer mode.
* Collector Mode: Gathers logs from various devices and forwards them to another FortiAnalyzer operating in analyzer mode for detailed analysis.
* Analyzer Mode: Provides detailed log analysis, reporting, and incident management.
* Steps to Configure FortiAnalyzer as a Collector Device:
* A. Enable Log Compression:
* While enabling log compression can help save storage space, it is not a mandatory step specifically required for configuring FortiAnalyzer in collector mode.
* Not selected as it is optional and not directly related to the collector configuration process.
* B. Configure Log Forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in Analyzer Mode:
* Essential for ensuring that logs collected by the collector FortiAnalyzer are sent to the analyzer FortiAnalyzer for detailed processing.
* Selected as it is a critical step in configuring a FortiAnalyzer as a collector device.
* Step 1: Access the FortiAnalyzer interface and navigate to log forwarding settings.
* Step 2: Configure log forwarding by specifying the IP address and necessary credentials of the FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode.
Fortinet Documentation on Log Forwarding FortiAnalyzer Log Forwarding
C). Configure the Data Policy to Focus on Archiving:
Data policy configuration typically relates to how logs are stored and managed within FortiAnalyzer, focusing on archiving may not be specifically required for a collector device setup.
Not selected as it is not a necessary step for configuring the collector mode.
D). Configure Fabric Authorization on the Connecting Interface:

Necessary to ensure secure and authenticated communication between FortiAnalyzer devices within the Security Fabric.
Selected as it is essential for secure integration and communication.
Step 1: Access the FortiAnalyzer interface and navigate to the Fabric authorization settings.
Step 2: Enable Fabric authorization on the interface used for connecting to other Fortinet devices and FortiAnalyzers.
Reference: Fortinet Documentation on Fabric Authorization FortiAnalyzer Fabric Authorization Implementation Summary:
Configure log forwarding to ensure logs collected are sent to the analyzer.
Enable Fabric authorization to ensure secure communication and integration within the Security Fabric.
Conclusion:
Configuring log forwarding and Fabric authorization are key steps in setting up a FortiAnalyzer as a collector device to ensure proper log collection and forwarding for analysis.
References:
Fortinet Documentation on FortiAnalyzer Roles and Configurations FortiAnalyzer Administration Guide By configuring log forwarding to a FortiAnalyzer in analyzer mode and enabling Fabric authorization on the connecting interface, you can ensure proper setup of FortiAnalyzer as a collector device.

NEW QUESTION # 17
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