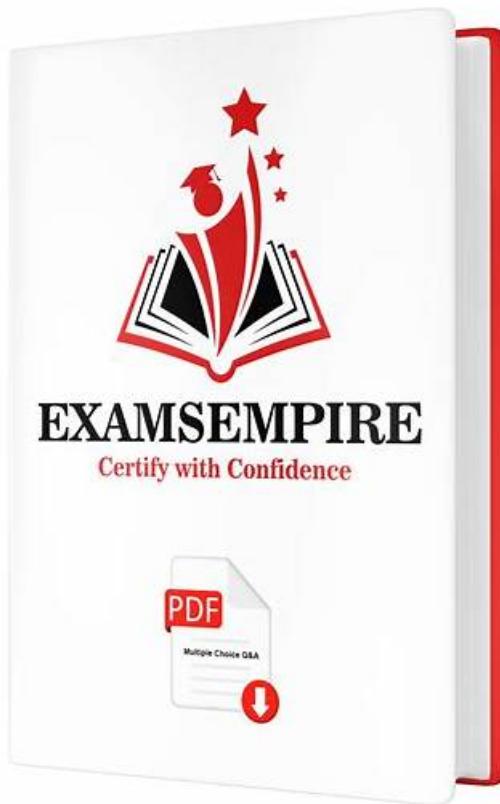


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EC-COUNCIL EC-Council Certified Network Defender CND Sample Questions (Q647-Q652):

NEW QUESTION # 647

Consider a scenario consisting of a tree network. The root Node N is connected to two main nodes N1 and N2. N1 is connected to N11 and N12. N2 is connected to N21 and N22. What will happen if any one of the main nodes fail?

- A. Does not cause any disturbance to the child nodes or its transmission
- B. **Failure of the main node will affect all related child nodes connected to the main node**
- C. Failure of the main node affects all other child nodes at the same level irrespective of the main node.
- D. Affects the root node only

Answer: B

Explanation:

In a tree network, each node is connected in a hierarchical manner, with the root node at the top.

If a main node (such as N1 or N2) fails, all the child nodes connected to it (N11, N12 for N1 and N21, N22 for N2) will be affected because the tree structure relies on the connectivity of the parent node to its children. The failure of a main node will disrupt the transmission path from the root to the child nodes, leading to a loss of connectivity for those child nodes. This is consistent with the principles of network resilience and fault tolerance as outlined in the EC-Council's Certified Network Defender (CND) program, which emphasizes the importance of each node in maintaining the network's overall integrity.

NEW QUESTION # 648

Which of the following is a network layer protocol used to obtain an IP address for a given hardware (MAC) address?

- A. PIM
- B. RARP
- C. ARP
- D. IP

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reverse Address Resolution Protocol (RARP) is a Network layer protocol used to obtain an IP address for a given hardware (MAC) address. RARP is sort of the reverse of an ARP. Common protocols that use RARP are BOOTP and DHCP.

Answer option D is incorrect. Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is a network maintenance protocol of the TCP/IP protocol suite. It is responsible for the resolution of IP addresses to media access control (MAC) addresses of a network interface card (NIC). The ARP cache is used to maintain a correlation between a MAC address and its corresponding IP address. ARP provides the protocol rules for making this correlation and providing address conversion in both directions. ARP is limited to physical network systems that support broadcast packets.

Answer option B is incorrect. Protocol-Independent Multicast (PIM) is a family of multicast routing protocols for Internet Protocol (IP) networks that provide one-to-many and many-to-many distribution of data over a LAN, WAN, or the Internet. It is termed protocol-independent because PIM does not include its own topology discovery mechanism, but instead uses routing information supplied by other traditional routing protocols, such as Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

Answer option A is incorrect. The Internet Protocol (IP) is a protocol used for communicating data across a packet-switched inter-network using the Internet Protocol Suite, also referred to as TCP/IP.

IP is the primary protocol in the Internet Layer of the Internet Protocol Suite and has the task of delivering distinguished protocol datagrams (packets) from the source host to the destination host solely based on their addresses. For this purpose, the Internet Protocol defines addressing methods and structures for datagram encapsulation. The first major version of addressing structure, now referred to as Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4), is still the dominant protocol of the Internet, although the successor, Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6), is being deployed actively worldwide.

NEW QUESTION # 649

Mark works as a Network Administrator for Infonet Inc. The company has a Windows 2000 Active Directory domain-based network. The domain contains one hundred Windows XP Professional client computers. Mark is deploying an 802.11 wireless LAN on the network. The wireless LAN will use Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) for all the connections. According to the company's security policy, the client computers must be able to automatically connect to the wireless LAN. However, the

Unauthorized computers must not be allowed to connect to the wireless LAN and view the wireless network. Mark wants to configure all the wireless access points and client computers to act in accordance with the company's security policy. What will he do to accomplish this? Each correct answer represents a part of the solution. Choose three.

- A. Configure the authentication type for the wireless LAN to Shared Key.
- B. Broadcast SSID to connect to the access point (AP).
- C. On each client computer, add the SSID for the wireless LAN as the preferred network.
- D. Disable SSID Broadcast and enable MAC address filtering on all wireless access points.
- E. Configure the authentication type for the wireless LAN to Open system
- F. Install a firewall software on each wireless access point.

Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

To configure all the wireless access points and client computers to act in accordance with the company's security policy, Mark will take the following actions: Configure the authentication type for the wireless LAN to Shared Key. Shared Key authentication provides access control. Disable SSID Broadcast and enable MAC address filtering on all the wireless access points. Disabling SSID Broadcast and enabling MAC address filtering will prevent unauthorized wireless client computers from connecting to the access point (AP). Only the computers with particular MAC addresses will be able to connect to the wireless access points. On each client computer, add the SSID for the wireless LAN as the preferred network. Answer option E is incorrect. Setting the authentication type for the wireless LAN to Open System will disable Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP). This level of WEP will not provide security.

NEW QUESTION # 650

What enables an organization to analyze, identify, and rectify hazards and prevent future recurrence in business continuity management?

- A. Incident management
- B. Business recovery
- C. Crisis management
- D. Emergency management

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 651

Which of the following is a management process that provides a framework for promoting quick recovery and the capability for an effective response to protect the interests of its brand, reputation, and stakeholders?

- A. Incident handling
- B. Patch management
- C. Log analysis
- D. Business Continuity Management

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 652

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