

検証するNCP-AIN | 100%合格率のNCP-AIN日本語版 試験解答試験 | 試験の準備方法NVIDIA-Certified Professional AI Networking合格内容



さらに、Japancert NCP-AINダンプの一部が現在無料で提供されています: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=10jjqEREkrTGhXkw93GRneCiKqOhTnuTg>

なにごとによらず初手は難しいです、どのようにNVIDIA NCP-AIN試験への復習を始めて悩んでいますか。我々のNVIDIA NCP-AIN問題集を購入するのはあなたの試験に準備する第一歩です。我々の提供するNVIDIA NCP-AIN問題集はあなたの需要に満足できるだけでなく、試験に合格する必要があります。あなたはまだ躊躇しているなら、JapancertのNCP-AIN問題集デモを参考しましょう。

NVIDIA NCP-AIN 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• InfiniBand Configuration, Optimization, Security, and Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Center Network Administrators and covers the configuration and operational maintenance of NVIDIA InfiniBand switches. It includes setting up InfiniBand fabrics for multi-tenant environments, managing subnet configurations, testing connectivity, and using UFM to troubleshoot and analyze issues. It also focuses on validating rail-optimized topologies for optimal network performance.
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Spectrum-X Configuration, Optimization, Security, and Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Performance Engineers and covers configuring, managing, and securing NVIDIA Spectrum-X switches. It includes setting performance baselines, resolving performance issues, and using diagnostic tools such as CloudAI benchmark, NCCL, and NetQ. It also emphasizes leveraging DPUs for network acceleration and using monitoring tools like Grafana and SNMP for telemetry analysis.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AI Network Architecture: This section of the exam measures the skills of AI Infrastructure Architects and covers the ability to distinguish between AI factory and AI data center architectures. It includes understanding how Ethernet and InfiniBand differ in performance and application, and identifying the right storage options based on speed, scalability, and cost to fit AI networking needs.

>> NCP-AIN日本語版試験解答 <<

NCP-AIN合格内容 & NCP-AIN試験解説

なぜ我々社は試験に合格しないなら、全額での返金を承諾するのは大勢の客様が弊社のNVIDIA NCP-AIN問題集を使用して試験に合格するのは我々に自信を与えるからです。NVIDIA NCP-AIN試験はIT業界での人にとって、とても重要な能力証明である一方で、大変難しいことです。それで、弊社の専門家たちは多くの時間と精

力を尽くし、NVIDIA NCP-AIN試験資料を研究開発されます。

NVIDIA-Certified Professional AI Networking 認定 NCP-AIN 試験問題 (Q29-Q34):

質問 # 29

You are setting up PKey memberships for different tenants in an InfiniBand network. You want to ensure that some tenants have limited communication capabilities. Which PKey membership type allows members to communicate with full members but not with other members of the same type?

- A. Full membership
- B. Restricted membership
- C. Isolated membership
- D. Limited/partial membership

正解: D

解説:

In InfiniBand networks, P_Keys (Partition Keys) control communication boundaries. Each port can belong to one or more partitions with either full or limited membership.

From NVIDIA InfiniBand Documentation (Partitioning and P_Keys):

"A limited (or partial) membership permits a port to communicate only with other ports in the same partition that have full membership. It cannot communicate with other limited members, even if they are in the same P_Key partition." This makes limited/partial membership ideal for multi-tenant security, where tenant ports can reach infrastructure ports (full members) but not other tenant ports (limited members).

Incorrect Options:

* A & Bare not valid InfiniBand P_Key types.

* C (Full membership) allows unrestricted communication within the same partition.

Reference: NVIDIA InfiniBand Guide - PKey Partitioning and Membership Types

質問 # 30

You are troubleshooting a Spectrum-X network and need to ensure that the network remains operational in case of a link failure. Which feature of Spectrum-X ensures that the fabric continues to deliver high performance even if there is a link failure?

- A. RoCE Performance Isolation
- B. RoCE Congestion Control
- C. NVIDIA NetQ
- D. RoCE Adaptive Routing

正解: D

解説:

RoCE Adaptive Routing is a key feature of NVIDIA Spectrum-X that ensures high performance and resiliency in the network, even in the event of a link failure. This technology dynamically reroutes traffic to the least congested and operational paths, effectively mitigating the impact of link failures. By continuously evaluating the network's egress queue loads and receiving status notifications from neighboring switches, Spectrum-X can adaptively select optimal paths for data transmission. This ensures that the network maintains high throughput and low latency, crucial for AI workloads, even when certain links are down.

Reference Extracts from NVIDIA Documentation:

* "Spectrum-X employs global adaptive routing to quickly reroute traffic during link failures, minimizing disruptions and preserving optimal storage fabric utilization."

* "RoCE Adaptive Routing avoids congestion by dynamically routing large AI flows away from congestion points. This approach improves network resource utilization, leaf/spine efficiency, and performance."

質問 # 31

You have implemented adaptive routing in your Spectrum-X network to optimize AI workload performance.

You need to verify the effectiveness of this configuration and monitor its impact on network congestion.

Which tool would be most appropriate for monitoring and analyzing the adaptive routing performance in your Spectrum-X environment?

- A. CloudAI Benchmark
- **B. NetQ**
- C. Ansible
- D. MLNXOS

正解: B

解説:

NVIDIA NetQ is a comprehensive network operations tool designed to provide real-time visibility into the health and performance of NVIDIA networking environments, including Spectrum-X. It offers detailed telemetry and analytics, allowing administrators to monitor adaptive routing behaviors, detect congestion, and analyze traffic patterns. By leveraging NetQ, you can ensure that adaptive routing is functioning as intended and that the network is optimized for AI workloads.

Reference Extracts from NVIDIA Documentation:

* "The NVIDIA NetQ network validation and ASIC monitoring tool set provide visibility into the network health and behavior. The NetQ flow telemetry analysis shows the paths that data flows take as they traverse the network, providing network latency and performance insights."

* "By leveraging telemetry from Spectrum Ethernet switches and BlueField-3 SuperNICs, NVIDIA NetQ can detect network issues proactively and troubleshoot network issues faster for optimal use of network capacity."

質問 # 32

You are tasked with configuring multi-tenancy using partition key (PKey) for a high-performance storage fabric running on InfiniBand. Each tenant's GPU server is allowed to access the shared storage system but cannot communicate with another tenant's GPU server.

Which of the following partition key membership configurations would you implement to set up multi-tenancy in this environment?

- A. Assign limited membership to both GPU servers and storage system.
- B. Assign full membership to both GPU servers and storage system.
- **C. Assign full membership PKey to the shared storage system and limited membership PKey to each tenant's GPU servers.**
- D. Assign limited membership PKey to the shared storage system and full membership PKey to each tenant's GPU servers.

正解: C

解説:

To enforce strict multi-tenancy, where:

* Tenant A's GPU cannot talk to Tenant B's GPU

* But both can access shared storage

The correct solution is:

* Storage system # Full PKey membership

* Each tenant's GPU # Limited PKey membership

From the NVIDIA InfiniBand P_Key Partitioning Guide:

"A port with limited membership can only communicate with full members of the same PKey. It cannot communicate with other limited members, even within the same partition." This isolates tenants from each other, while allowing shared access to storage.

Incorrect Options:

* A permits tenant-to-tenant communication.

* B isolates everything, including access to storage.

* C prevents GPU access to storage.

Reference: NVIDIA InfiniBand - Multi-Tenant PKey Partitioning Design

質問 # 33

In Cumulus Linux, which technology enables the ability to provide active-active redundancy to servers, without the need for direct inter-switch links?

- A. MLAG
- B. VSS
- **C. EVPN Multi-homing**

正解: C

解説:

