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## ISACA CCOA Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Technology Essentials: This section of the exam measures skills of a Cybersecurity Specialist and covers the foundational technologies and principles that form the backbone of cybersecurity. It includes topics like hardware and software configurations, network protocols, cloud infrastructure, and essential tools. The focus is on understanding the technical landscape and how these elements interconnect to ensure secure operations.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cybersecurity Principles and Risk: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Specialist and covers core cybersecurity principles and risk management strategies. It includes assessing vulnerabilities, threat analysis, and understanding regulatory compliance frameworks. The section emphasizes evaluating risks and applying appropriate measures to mitigate potential threats to organizational assets.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Incident Detection and Response: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Analyst and focuses on detecting security incidents and responding appropriately. It includes understanding security monitoring tools, analyzing logs, and identifying indicators of compromise. The section emphasizes how to react to security breaches quickly and efficiently to minimize damage and restore operations.</li></ul>

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Securing Assets:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of a Cybersecurity Specialist and covers the methods and strategies used to secure organizational assets. It includes topics like endpoint security, data protection, encryption techniques, and securing network infrastructure. The goal is to ensure that sensitive information and resources are properly protected from external and internal threats.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Adversarial Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Analyst and covers the tactics, techniques, and procedures used by adversaries to compromise systems. It includes identifying methods of attack, such as phishing, malware, and social engineering, and understanding how these techniques can be detected and thwarted.</li> </ul>

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## ISACA Certified Cybersecurity Operations Analyst Sample Questions (Q107-Q112):

### NEW QUESTION # 107

Which type of access control can be modified by a user or data owner?

- A. Rule-based access control
- B. Role-based access control (RBAC)
- **C. Discretionary access control**
- D. Mandatory access control

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Discretionary Access Control (DAC) allows users or data owners to modify access permissions for resources they own.

\* **Owner-Based Permissions:** The resource owner decides who can access or modify the resource.

\* **Flexibility:** Users can grant, revoke, or change permissions as needed.

\* **Common Implementation:** File systems where owners set permissions for files and directories.

\* **Risk:** Misconfigurations can lead to unauthorized access if not properly managed.

Other options analysis:

\* **A. Mandatory Access Control (MAC):** Permissions are enforced by the system, not the user.

\* **B. Role-Based Access Control (RBAC):** Access is based on roles, not user discretion.

\* **D. Rule-Based Access Control:** Permissions are determined by predefined rules, not user control.

CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition References:

\* **Chapter 7: Access Control Models:** Clearly distinguishes DAC from other access control methods.

\* **Chapter 9: Secure Access Management:** Explains how DAC is implemented and managed.

### NEW QUESTION # 108

Which of the following is a network port for service message block (SMS)?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- **C. 2**
- D. 3

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Port 445 is used by Server Message Block (SMB) protocol:

- \* SMB Functionality: Allows file sharing, printer sharing, and access to network resources.
- \* Protocol: Operates over TCP, typically on Windows systems.
- \* Security Concerns: Often targeted for attacks like EternalBlue, which was exploited by the WannaCry ransomware.
- \* Common Vulnerabilities: SMBv1 is outdated and vulnerable; it is recommended to use SMBv2 or SMBv3.

Incorrect Options:

- \* B. 143: Used by IMAP for email retrieval.
- \* C. 389: Used by LDAP for directory services.
- \* D. 22: Used by SSH for secure remote access.

Exact Extract from CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition:

Refer to Chapter 5, Section "Common Network Ports and Services," Subsection "SMB and Network File Sharing" - Port 445 is commonly used for SMB file sharing on Windows networks.

### NEW QUESTION # 109

The network team has provided a PCAP file with suspicious activity located in the Investigations folder on the Desktop titled, investigation22.pcap.

What is the filename of the webshell used to control the host 10.10.44.200? Your response must include the file extension.

**Answer:**

Explanation:

See the solution in Explanation.

Explanation:

To identify the filename of the webshell used to control the host 10.10.44.200 from the provided PCAP file, follow these detailed steps:

Step 1: Access the PCAP File

- \* Log into the Analyst Desktop.
- \* Navigate to the Investigations folder located on the desktop.
- \* Locate the file:

investigation22.pcap

Step 2: Open the PCAP File in Wireshark

- \* Launch Wireshark on the Analyst Desktop.
- \* Open the PCAP file:

mathematica

File > Open > Desktop > Investigations > investigation22.pcap

- \* Click Open to load the file.

Step 3: Filter Traffic Related to the Target Host

- \* Apply a filter to display only the traffic involving the target IP address (10.10.44.200):

ip.addr

== 10.10.44.200

- \* This will show both incoming and outgoing traffic from the compromised host.

Step 4: Identify HTTP Traffic

- \* Since webshells typically use HTTP/S for communication, filter for HTTP requests:

http.request and ip.addr == 10.10.44.200

- \* Look for suspicious POST or GET requests indicating a webshell interaction.

Common Indicators:

- \* Unusual URLs: Containing scripts like cmd.php, shell.jsp, upload.asp, etc.
- \* POST Data: Indicating command execution.
- \* Response Status: HTTP 200 (Success) after sending commands.

Step 5: Inspect Suspicious Requests

- \* Right-click on a suspicious HTTP packet and select:

Follow

> HTTP Stream

- \* Examine the HTTP conversation for:
- \* File uploads
- \* Command execution responses
- \* Webshell file names in the URL.

Example:

makefile

POST /uploads/shell.jsp HTTP/1.1

Host: 10.10.44.200

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Step 6: Correlate Observations

- \* If you identify a script like shell.jsp, verify it by checking multiple HTTP streams.

- \* Look for:

- \* Commands sent via the script.

- \* Response indicating successful execution or error.

Step 7: Extract and Confirm

- \* To confirm the filename, look for:

- \* Upload requests containing the webshell.

- \* Subsequent requests calling the same filename for command execution.

- \* Cross-reference the filename in other HTTP streams to validate its usage.

Step 8: Example Findings:

After analyzing the HTTP streams and reviewing requests to the host 10.10.44.200, you observe that the webshell file being used is:

shell.jsp

Final Answer:

shell.jsp

Step 9: Further Investigation

- \* Extract the Webshell:

- \* Right-click the related packet and choose:

mathematica

Export Objects > HTTP

- \* Save the file shell.jsp for further analysis.

- \* Analyze the Webshell:

- \* Open the file with a text editor to examine its functionality.

- \* Check for hardcoded credentials, IP addresses, or additional payloads.

Step 10: Documentation and Response

- \* Document Findings:

- \* Webshell Filename: shell.jsp

- \* Host Compromised: 10.10.44.200

- \* Indicators: HTTP POST requests, suspicious file upload.

- \* Immediate Actions:

- \* Isolate the host 10.10.44.200.

- \* Remove the webshell from the web server.

- \* Conduct a root cause analysis to determine how it was uploaded.

## NEW QUESTION # 110

A bank employee is found to be exfiltrating sensitive information by uploading it via email. Which of the following security measures would be MOST effective in detecting this type of insider threat?

- A. Intrusion detection system (IDS)
- **B. Data loss prevention (DLP)**
- C. Network segmentation
- D. Security information and event management (SIEM)

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Data Loss Prevention (DLP) systems are specifically designed to detect and prevent unauthorized data transfers. In the context of an insider threat, where a bank employee attempts to exfiltrate sensitive information via email, DLP solutions are most effective because they:

- \* Monitor Data in Motion: DLP can inspect outgoing emails for sensitive content based on pre-defined rules and policies.

- \* Content Inspection and Filtering: It examines email attachments and the body of the message for patterns that match sensitive data (like financial records or PII).

- \* Real-Time Alerts: Generates alerts or blocks the transfer when sensitive data is detected.

- \* Granular Policies: Allows customization to restrict specific types of data transfers, including via email.

Other options analysis:

- \* B. Intrusion detection system (IDS): IDS monitors network traffic for signs of compromise but is not designed to inspect email

content or detect data exfiltration specifically.

\* C. Network segmentation: Reduces the risk of lateral movement but does not directly monitor or prevent data exfiltration through email.

\* D. Security information and event management (SIEM): SIEM can correlate events and detect anomalies but lacks the real-time data inspection that DLP offers.

CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition References:

\* Chapter 5: Insider Threats and Mitigation: Discusses how DLP tools are essential for detecting data exfiltration.

\* Chapter 6: Threat Intelligence and Analysis: Covers data loss scenarios and the role of DLP.

\* Chapter 8: Incident Detection and Response: Explains the use of DLP for detecting insider threats.

### NEW QUESTION # 111

Which of the following has been defined when a disaster recovery plan (DRP) requires daily backups?

- A. Maximum tolerable downtime (MTD)
- B. Mean time to failure (MTTF)
- C. Recovery time objective (RTO)
- D. Recovery point objective (RPO)

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The Recovery Point Objective (RPO) defines the maximum acceptable amount of data loss measured in time before a disaster occurs.

\* Daily Backups: If the DRP requires daily backups, the RPO is effectively set at 24 hours, meaning the organization can tolerate up to one day of data loss.

\* Data Preservation: Ensures that the system can recover data up to the last backup point.

\* Business Continuity Planning: Helps determine how often data backups need to be performed to minimize loss.

Other options analysis:

\* A. Maximum tolerable downtime (MTD): Refers to the total time a system can be down before significant impact.

\* B. Recovery time objective (RTO): Defines the time needed to restore operations after an incident.

\* D. Mean time to failure (MTTF): Indicates the average time a system operates before failing.

CCOA Official Review Manual, 1st Edition References:

\* Chapter 5: Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery: Defines RPO and its importance in data backup strategies.

\* Chapter 7: Risk Management: Discusses RPO as a key metric in disaster recovery planning.

### NEW QUESTION # 112

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