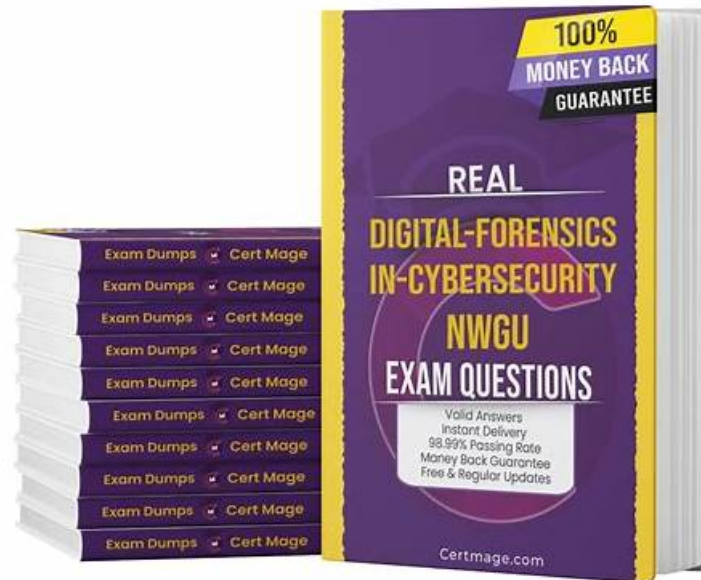


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WGU Digital-Forensics-in-Cybersecurity Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Domain Recovery of Deleted Files and Artifacts: This domain measures the skills of Digital Forensics Technicians and focuses on collecting evidence from deleted files, hidden data, and system artifacts. It includes identifying relevant remnants, restoring accessible information, and understanding where digital traces are stored within different systems.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Domain Incident Reporting and Communication: This domain measures the skills of Cybersecurity Analysts and focuses on writing incident reports that present findings from a forensic investigation. It includes documenting evidence, summarizing conclusions, and communicating outcomes to organizational stakeholders in a clear and structured way.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Domain Digital Forensics in Cybersecurity: This domain measures the skills of Cybersecurity technicians and focuses on the core purpose of digital forensics in a security environment. It covers the techniques used to investigate cyber incidents, examine digital evidence, and understand how findings support legal and organizational actions.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Domain Evidence Analysis with Forensic Tools: This domain measures skills of Cybersecurity technicians and focuses on analyzing collected evidence using standard forensic tools. It includes reviewing disks, file systems, logs, and system data while following approved investigation processes that ensure accuracy and integrity.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Domain Legal and Procedural Requirements in Digital Forensics: This domain measures the skills of Digital Forensics Technicians and focuses on laws, rules, and standards that guide forensic work. It includes identifying regulatory requirements, organizational procedures, and accepted best practices that ensure an investigation is defensible and properly executed.

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WGU Digital Forensics in Cybersecurity (D431/C840) Course Exam Sample Questions (Q46-Q51):

NEW QUESTION # 46

An employee sends an email message to a fellow employee. The message is sent through the company's messaging server. Which protocol is used to send the email message?

- A. SNMP
- B. POP3
- **C. SMTP**
- D. IMAP

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) is the protocol used to send email messages from a client to a mail server or between mail servers. It handles the transmission of outgoing mail. IMAP and POP3 are protocols used for retrieving email, not sending it. SNMP is used for network management.

* IMAP and POP3 are for receiving emails.

* SNMP is unrelated to email delivery.

This is documented in RFC 5321 and supported by all standard email system operations, including forensic analyses.

NEW QUESTION # 47

Which U.S. law criminalizes the act of knowingly using a misleading domain name with the intent to deceive a minor into viewing harmful material?

- **A. 18 U.S.C. 2252B**
- B. Communications Assistance to Law Enforcement Act (CALEA)
- C. The Privacy Protection Act (PPA)
- D. Electronic Communications Privacy Act (ECPA)

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Title 18 U.S.C. § 2252B addresses the criminal offense of using misleading domain names with the intent to deceive minors into accessing harmful material. This law specifically targets online behavior designed to exploit or expose minors to inappropriate content.

* It is part of broader child protection statutes.

* Enforcement requires digital evidence linking domain misuse to the intent.

Reference: Federal statutes and legal frameworks on cybercrime emphasize the applicability of 18 U.S.C. 2252B in prosecuting online deception aimed at minors.

NEW QUESTION # 48

Which principle of evidence collection states that access to evidence must be tracked from the time it is seized through its use in court?

- A. Event log
- B. Audit log
- C. Chain of custody
- D. Evidence record

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

The Chain of Custody (CoC) is the documented and unbroken transfer record of evidence handling, from seizure to presentation in court. It ensures that the evidence has been preserved, controlled, and protected from tampering or alteration.

* Evidence record documents evidence details but is less formal than CoC.

* Event log and audit log are system-generated records and do not replace the formal CoC.

* CoC is a fundamental forensic principle as outlined by NIST SP 800-86 and the Scientific Working Group on Digital Evidence (SWGDE) best practices, ensuring evidence admissibility and reliability in legal proceedings.

NEW QUESTION # 49

A forensic scientist arrives at a crime scene to begin collecting evidence.

What is the first thing the forensic scientist should do?

- A. Seize the computer immediately
- B. Run antivirus scans
- C. Photograph all evidence in its original place
- D. Document user passwords

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Documenting the scene through photographs preserves the original state of evidence before it is moved or altered. This supports chain of custody and evidence integrity, providing context during analysis and court proceedings.

* Photographic documentation is a standard step in forensic protocols.

* It ensures the scene is accurately recorded.

Reference: According to forensic investigation standards (NIST SP 800-86), photographing the scene is the initial action upon arrival.

NEW QUESTION # 50

How should a forensic scientist obtain the network configuration from a Windows PC before seizing it from a crime scene?

- A. By opening the Network and Sharing Center
- B. By rebooting the computer into safe mode
- C. By using the ipconfig command from a command prompt on the computer
- D. By checking the system properties

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