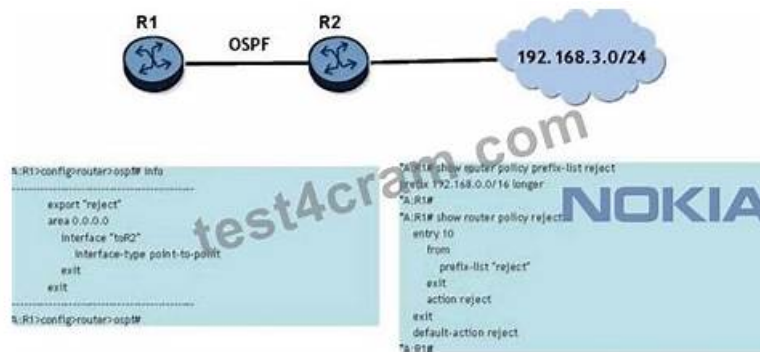


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Nokia 4A0-113 certification exam is designed to test the knowledge and skills of network professionals who work with the Nokia OSPF routing protocol. Nokia OSPF Routing Protocol Exam certification is ideal for individuals who are responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining large-scale networks that use OSPF as the primary routing protocol.

Nokia OSPF Routing Protocol is a widely used protocol that enables efficient communication between routers in a network. OSPF, or Open Shortest Path First, is a link-state protocol that uses a database to store information on the network topology. This information is used to calculate the shortest path between two routers, allowing for faster and more efficient data transmission. The Nokia 4A0-113 Certification Exam focuses on the configuration and management of OSPF networks, including advanced features such as route redistribution and virtual links.

The Nokia 4A0-113 exam covers a wide range of topics, including the fundamentals of OSPF, OSPF design and implementation, and troubleshooting OSPF networks. Candidates will be required to demonstrate their knowledge of configuring and monitoring OSPF networks, as well as their ability to troubleshoot common OSPF issues. The Nokia 4A0-113 certification exam is an excellent way for network professionals to enhance their skills and knowledge in OSPF routing protocol and gain recognition from the industry as experts in the field.

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Nokia OSPF Routing Protocol Exam Sample Questions (Q89-Q94):

NEW QUESTION # 89

Refer to the exhibit.

Assume that OSPFv3 is properly configured on all routers and that R4 advertises its system prefix into Area 0. Which of the following statements best describes how R5 learns R4's IPv6 system prefix?

- A. With a Router LSA originated by R1

- B. With a Router LSA originated by R4
- **C. With an Inter-Area Prefix LSA originated by R1**
- D. With an Inter-Area Prefix LSA originated by R5
- E. With an Inter-Area Prefix LSA originated by R4
- F. With a Router LSA originated by R5

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

From Nokia 7750 SR OS Routing Protocols Guide (OSPFv3 LSA Types):

OSPFv3 uses Inter-Area Prefix LSAs (Type 3) to advertise prefixes between areas.

R4 originates a Router LSA with its local prefixes into Area 0.

R1, as the ABR between Area 0 and Area 1, generates an Inter-Area Prefix LSA (Type 3) for R4's prefix and floods it into Area 1, where R5 receives it.

Thus, correct answer: D.

-

NEW QUESTION # 90

Which of the following statements concerning OSPFv3 is false?

- A. Router LSAs do not carry IPv6 prefix information
- B. MD5 Authentication is not supported.
- C. OSPFv3 uses a 32-bit router ID.
- **D. NSSA is not supported in OSPFv3.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

From Nokia 7750 SR OS Routing Protocols Guide (OSPFv3 Differences):

OSPFv3 fully supports NSSA functionality (same as OSPFv2).

OSPFv3 uses IPv6 Authentication Headers or IPsec instead of MD5.

Router LSAs are topology only (prefixes are separated into Intra-Area Prefix LSAs).

OSPFv3 continues to use a 32-bit router ID.

Thus, correct answer: C.

-

NEW QUESTION # 91

Click the exhibit button.

Exhibit 4.6.g **NOKIA**

*A:R3>config>router>ospf# show router route-table

Route Table (Router: Base)

Dest Prefix	Type	Proto	Age	Pref
Next Hop[Interface Name]				Metric
0.0.0.0/0	Remote	OSPF	00h00m23s	10
10.1.3.1			101	
10.1.3.0/27	Local	Local	05d10h00m	0
toR1			0	
10.10.10.3/32	Local	Local	0144d08h	0
system			0	

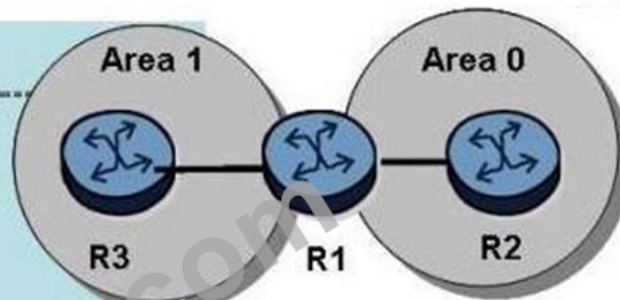
No. of Routes: 3

*A:R2# show router route-table 192.168.0.0/16 longer

Route Table (Router: Base)

Dest Prefix	Type	Proto	Age	Pref
Next Hop[Interface Name]				Metric
192.168.1.0/24	Local	Local	01h09m41s	0
loop1			0	
192.168.2.0/24	Local	Local	01h09m41s	0
loop2			0	
192.168.3.0/24	Local	Local	01h09m40s	0
loop3			0	
192.168.4.0/24	Local	Local	01h09m40s	0
loop4			0	

No. of Routes: 4



Given the topology and the show commands, and assuming that router R2 advertises all of its loopbacks into OSPF, what is the correct router R1 configuration?

A. *A:R1>config>router>ospf# info

```
-----
area 0.0.0.0
  interface "toR2"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
area 0.0.0.1
  nssa
  originate-default-route
  no summaries
exit
  interface "toR3"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
```

*A:R1>config>router>ospf#

B. *A:R1>config>router>ospf# info

```
-----
area 0.0.0.0
  interface "toR2"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
area 0.0.0.1
  nssa
  originate-default-route
exit
  interface "toR3"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
```

*A:R1>config>router>ospf#

C. *A:R1>config>router>ospf# info

```
-----
area 0.0.0.0
  interface "toR2"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
area 0.0.0.1
  area-range 192.168.0.0/16 advertise
  interface "toR3"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
```

*A:R1>config>router>ospf#

D. *A:R1>config>router>ospf# info

```
-----
area 0.0.0.0
  area-range 192.168.0.0/16 advertise
  interface "toR2"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
area 0.0.0.1
  interface "toR3"
    interface-type point-to-point
  exit
exit
```

*A:R1>config>router>ospf#

- A. Option C
- B. Option B
- C. Option D
- **D. Option A**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 92

An operator configures an Nokia 7750 SR with a loopback interface and IPv6 address. The operator then configures a routing policy to redistribute the loopback prefix into OSPFv3. What type of LSA is used to advertise the route to other OSPFv3 routers in the same area?

- A. None of the statements are correct.
- B. Intra-Area Prefix LSA
- C. Inter-Area Prefix LSA
- D. Router LSA
- **E. AS External LSA**
- F. Network LSA

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION # 93

What is the default priority value used for electing the DR on an Nokia 7750 SR running OSPF on an Ethernet?

- Answer: A**

• • • • •

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