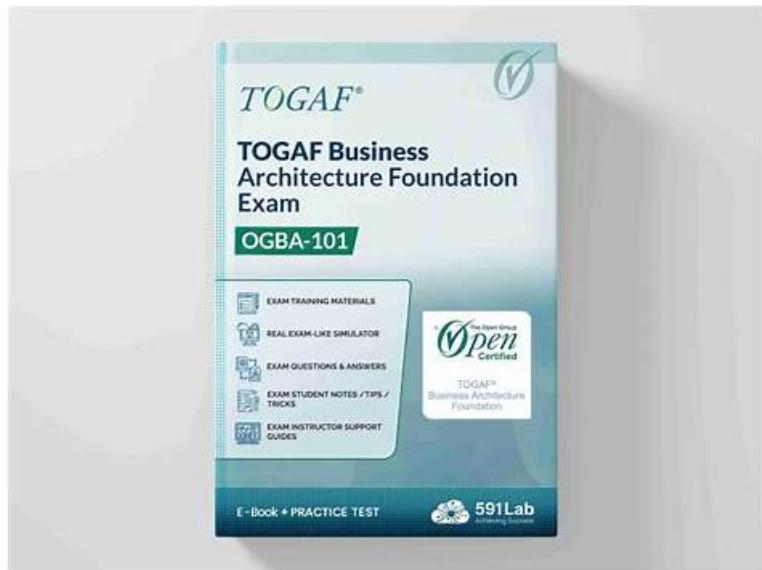


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The Open Group OGBA-101 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Introduction to TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation: This topic gives aspiring TOGAF business architects basic knowledge about the Business Architecture Foundation.
主題 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Information Mapping: The topic is all about applying information mapping when developing a TOGAF Business Architecture.

主題 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Organization Mapping: In this topic of the TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation exam, TOGAF business architects learn how to apply organization mapping when developing a Business Architecture.
主題 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TOGAF Business Scenario method: The focal point of this OGBA-101 exam topic is the application of the TOGAF Business Scenario method.
主題 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Key Terminologies: The focal point of this TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation exam topic is about key terminologies of the Business Architecture.

最新的 TOGAF Business Architecture Foundation OGBA-101 免費考試真題 (Q66-Q71):

問題 #66

Consider the following graphic illustrating a method supporting the TOGAF ADM.

What does the method help identify?

- A. Business Scenarios
- B. Alternative Target Architectures
- C. Architecture Solutions
- D. Solution Building Blocks

答案: B

解題說明:

The graphic illustrates a method for developing alternative target architectures in Phase E of the TOGAF ADM1. The method involves identifying and evaluating candidate architectures based on criteria such as business value, cost, risk, and feasibility1. The method helps to identify the most suitable architecture solution for the enterprise.

問題 #67

Which of the following is a difference between an organization map and an organization chart?

- A. An organization map can be impacted by a business model change.
- B. An organization map highlights where in the organization that stakeholder concerns are not being addressed by a business architecture.
- C. An organization map reduces the time, cost, and risk of business operations.
- D. An organization map is limited to formal relationships between business units.

答案: B

解題說明:

An organization map is a technique that can be used to show how a business architecture addresses stakeholder concerns across different parts of an organization3. It can highlight gaps or overlaps in the coverage of stakeholder concerns by a business architecture. An organization chart, on the other hand, is a diagram that shows the formal structure and hierarchy of an organization, such as reporting relationships and roles4. An organization chart does not necessarily show how stakeholder concerns are addressed by a business architecture.

An organization map differs from an organization chart in that it is designed to show more than just the formal hierarchy and relationships between different units within an organization. It provides a view of the enterprise from the perspective of the business architecture, highlighting areas where stakeholder concerns might not be addressed effectively, whereas an organization chart typically shows the formal reporting structures only.

問題 #68

In what TOGAF ADM phase is the organization map linked built out with the detail and relationships to overviews in order to understand the needs of the organization?

- A. Phase A
- B. Preliminary Phase

- C. Phase E
- D. Phase B

答案: A

解題說明:

Phase A (Architecture Vision) of the TOGAF ADM builds out initial organizational maps to understand high-level organizational needs and link them to architecture goals. This step provides foundational insight that informs subsequent phases, particularly for stakeholder alignment.

References: TOGAF ADM Phase A.

In TOGAF, Phase A (Architecture Vision) is where the organization map is developed in detail and linked to overviews to understand the organizational needs. This phase focuses on:

- * Defining the scope of the architecture: This includes identifying the parts of the organization that will be affected by the architecture and the timeframe for the architecture development.
- * Identifying stakeholders and their concerns: Understanding the needs and expectations of different stakeholders is crucial for developing an architecture that meets their requirements.
- * Creating a high-level architecture vision: This vision outlines the desired future state of the architecture and how it will support the organization's strategic goals.

問題 #69

Explain how business models can be used according to the TOGAF standard.

- A. To estimate resource requirements for the definition of the architecture.
- B. To identify new capabilities required to realize the target business model.
- C. To plan the Implementation activities for the architecture project.
- D. To define a taxonomy of services needed to support the change

答案: B

解題說明:

According to the TOGAF standard, business models are used to understand and describe the business itself, including its organization, its objectives, and how it operates. This understanding is crucial when defining an enterprise architecture as it provides a frame of reference. Business models help in identifying new capabilities that the business must develop to achieve its future state as outlined in the target business model. These capabilities may be processes, information, or technologies that the business must adopt or adapt to fulfill the strategic objectives and deliver value. TOGAF emphasizes the alignment of IT with business strategy, and the business model serves as a key link in ensuring that the capabilities delivered by the enterprise architecture will enable the desired business outcomes.

問題 #70

Which of the following best describes the relationship between business models and business architecture?

- A. Business Architecture provides a conceptual summary view, whereas business models support in-depth analysis.
- B. Business models are useful for impact analysis, however Business Architecture is needed for scenario analysis.
- C. Business model development is a prerequisite for a Business Architecture development.
- D. Business Architecture articulates the different perspectives and impacts of the business model.

答案: D

解題說明:

The relationship between business models and business architecture in TOGAF can be described as follows:

Business Models:

Definition: Business models describe how an organization creates, delivers, and captures value. They provide a high-level overview of the business, including elements such as value propositions, customer segments, channels, and revenue streams.

Purpose: Business models are used to understand and analyze the core elements of the business and how they interact to create value.

Business Architecture:

Definition: Business architecture provides a detailed view of the business, including its structure, capabilities, processes, and information. It articulates how the business operates and supports the business model.

Purpose: Business architecture translates the high-level view of the business model into detailed architectural views and artifacts. It

ensures that the architecture aligns with the business strategy and supports the execution of the business model.

Relationship:

Articulation of Perspectives: Business architecture articulates the different perspectives and impacts of the business model by providing detailed views of the business components that support the model. This includes defining the necessary capabilities, processes, and organizational structures.

Alignment and Execution: Business architecture ensures that the architecture aligns with the business model and supports its execution. It translates the strategic intent of the business model into actionable and implementable architectural components.

TOGAF Reference:

Phase B: Business Architecture: This phase involves developing a detailed business architecture that aligns with and supports the business model. It includes identifying and defining business capabilities, processes, and organizational structures.

Strategic Planning: TOGAF emphasizes the importance of aligning business architecture with business strategy and models to ensure that the architecture supports the overall business goals.

Benefits:

Comprehensive Understanding: By articulating the different perspectives and impacts of the business model, business architecture provides a comprehensive understanding of how the business operates and delivers value.

Strategic Alignment: Ensures that the architecture is aligned with the business strategy and supports the execution of the business model, leading to better business outcomes.

In summary, business architecture articulates the different perspectives and impacts of the business model by providing detailed views of the business components that support the model, ensuring alignment and effective execution of the business strategy.

問題 #71

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