

Pass Guaranteed 2026 1z0-1054-25: Unparalleled Oracle Financials Cloud: General Ledger 2025 Implementation Professional Exam Overview



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Oracle 1z0-1054-25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Performing Period Close: Designed for Oracle Financial Application Managers, this section evaluates expertise in executing and managing the period close lifecycle. Topics include reconciliations, revaluation, translation, and consolidation. Candidates are required to configure the Period Close Monitor and associated setups like revaluation, allocations, and chart mappings for financial consolidation.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Implementing Enterprise and Financial Reporting Structures: This section of the exam measures skills of Oracle ERP Implementation Consultants and covers the core components used in setting up enterprise structures and reporting configurations. It assesses knowledge in defining legal entities, jurisdictions, and geographies, as well as the design and configuration of Chart of Accounts. Candidates must also demonstrate how to set up and secure chart structures and manage reporting calendars and currencies.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Implementing Ledgers: This part evaluates the competencies of Financial Systems Analysts and focuses on defining and configuring ledgers within Oracle Financials. Candidates are expected to manage ledger-level security and understand how to utilize General Ledger Balances Cubes for better financial visibility and reporting accuracy.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuring Financial Reports: This portion of the exam measures the abilities of Financial Reporting Analysts and includes creating and managing a range of reports using tools like the Financial Reporting Center, Web Studio, OTBI, Smart View, and Dashboards. Candidates must know how to define account groups, set up infolets, and build custom analytics tailored to user needs.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementing and Managing Journals: This section targets Oracle General Ledger Consultants and covers the full cycle of journal processing—from creation through approval to management. It includes configuration of journal-related objects and understanding how journals are sourced, tracked, and approved using predefined rules and workflows.

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Oracle Financials Cloud: General Ledger 2025 Implementation Professional Sample Questions (Q23-Q28):

NEW QUESTION # 23

You already ran Translation, but a last-minute adjusting journal entry in your ledger currency was entered and posted after you consolidated your results.

What is Oracle's recommended practice when this occurs?

- A. Rerun Revaluation and then rerun Translation.
- **B. Rerun Translation and then reconsolidate your results.**
- C. Enter another adjusting journal entry in the target currency to true up the balances.
- D. Translate only the adjusting journal entry.

Answer: B

Explanation:

According to Oracle's documentation, if you enter and post additional journal entries in your ledger currency after you run translation, you should rerun translation for the entire ledger or ledger set to ensure that all balances are translated using the same exchange rates. Then, you should reconsolidate your results to reflect the updated translated balances. References:

Using General Ledger, page 9-7: "If you enter and post additional journal entries in your ledger currency after you run translation, you should rerun translation for the entire ledger or ledger set." Using General Ledger, page 9-8: "After you run translation, you can consolidate your results to create a consolidated balance sheet and income statement." Implement General Ledger, page 2-10: "You can translate and consolidate balances as part of the period close process."

NEW QUESTION # 24

Your ledger currency is USD. At month end you have a balance on the Accounts Payable Liability Account of 100,000 Euros which is equivalent to USD 136,550. This balance needs to be revalued.

The month end exchange rate for revaluation is 1 Euro = 1.3755 USD.

What two statements are true for the resulting revaluation run? (Choose two.)

- A. There is no unrealized exchange gain or loss calculated.
- B. The original journal entry in Euros remains the same.
- **C. You have an unrealized exchange gain recorded.**
- D. The original journal entry in Euros is updated.
- **E. You have an unrealized exchange loss recorded.**

Answer: C,E

Explanation:

The two true statements for the resulting revaluation run are that you have an unrealized exchange gain recorded and you have an unrealized exchange loss recorded. Revaluation is a process that adjusts foreign currency balances to reflect current exchange rates at period end. Revaluation creates journal entries to record unrealized exchange gains or losses on foreign currency balances based on revaluation rates defined for each currency. In this scenario, you have a balance on the Accounts Payable Liability Account of 100,000 Euros which is equivalent to USD 136,550 at month end. The month end exchange rate for revaluation is 1 Euro = 1.3755 USD. Therefore, after revaluation, your balance on the Accounts Payable Liability Account will be USD 137,550 (100,000 x 1.3755). This means you have an unrealized exchange gain of USD 1,000 (137,550 - 136,550) on your Accounts Payable Liability Account because your liability in foreign currency has decreased in terms of your ledger currency due to exchange rate fluctuations. Revaluation will create a journal entry to debit your Accounts Payable Liability Account by USD 1,000 and credit your Unrealized Exchange Gain Account by USD 1,000 to record this gain. The original journal entry in Euros is not updated by revaluation, as revaluation only creates new journal entries to adjust foreign currency balances in terms of ledger currency based on revaluation rates. There is no unrealized exchange gain or loss calculated by revaluation, as revaluation does calculate unrealized exchange gains or losses on foreign currency balances based on revaluation rates.

NEW QUESTION # 25

You are using Oracle General Ledger (GL), Oracle Payables, and Oracle Receivables and you want to prevent the closure of the GL period if the corresponding subledger period is not closed. How do you achieve this?

- A. Set the relevant option on the Specify Ledger Options page.
- B. Opt in to the Prevent Period Close option for the offering.
- C. Set the ORA_GLJNCLD_STRICT_PRD_CLOSE profile option to yes.
- D. You don't have to do anything; this option is enabled automatically.

Answer: A

Explanation:

You can prevent the closure of a General Ledger accounting period if the accounting period for any of the corresponding subledgers is still open, or if incomplete accounting entries or transactions exist for the period.

This can help ensure an effective period close process that validates all transactions are complete and aren't held up during the close. To enable this feature, you need to set the relevant option on the Specify Ledger Options page for each primary ledger. The option is called Prevent General Ledger Period Closure When Open Subledger Periods Exist and it is located in the Period Close section. You can also specify which subledgers to include or exclude from the validation, except for Assets, which is automatically excluded by default. References:

* How to Prevent a General Ledger Period from Closing When Open Subledger Periods Exist

* Period Close Components

* Review: Prevent General Ledger Period Closure When Open Subledger Periods Exist

NEW QUESTION # 26

You are planning to create an Income Statement using Smart View. Which Smart View tool should you use for this?

- A. Query Designer
- B. Smart Slices
- C. Smart Queries
- D. Ad Hoc Analysis

Answer: D

Explanation:

To create an Income Statement using Smart View, you should use Ad Hoc Analysis. Ad Hoc Analysis is a Smart View tool that allows users to view and analyze financial data from General Ledger Cloud using Essbase cubes. Users can create reports such as Income Statements or Balance Sheets by selecting dimensions and members from Essbase cubes and retrieving data into Excel worksheets. Users can also perform actions such as drilling down, pivoting, zooming in or out, or expanding or collapsing members

NEW QUESTION # 27

Budgetary control for accounts 5020 and 5021 has a budget of \$90,000 USD each for the year 2012. The accounts also have balances on obligation of \$10,000 USD for each and an expenditure of \$20,000 USD for each.

A Fund of \$50,000 USD is available for account 5020 only. You have run the Encumbrance Year End Carry Forward process for obligation from the last period of the year 2012 to the first period of year 2013.

Which statement is true?

- A. If you have included 5020 and 5021 in the encumbrance rule, then budget balances \$90,000 USD, obligation \$10,000 USD, and expenditure \$20,000 USD, and the funds available \$50,000 USD will be carried forward.
- B. If you have included 5020 and 5021 in the encumbrance rule, then only the obligation of \$10,000 USD will be carried forward.
- C. If you have included 5020 and 5021 in the encumbrance rule, then obligation \$10,000 USD and expenditure \$20,000 USD only will be carried forward.
- D. If you have included 5020 and 5021 in the encumbrance rule, then budget balances \$90,000 USD, obligation \$10,000 USD, and expenditure \$20,000 USD only will be carried forward.
- E. The Encumbrance Year End Carry Forward process will run for all the accounts to carry forward the general ledger balances.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 28

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