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Linux Foundation Kubernetes and Cloud Native Security Associate Sample Questions (Q28-Q33):

NEW QUESTION # 28

How do Kubernetes namespaces impact the application of policies when using Pod Security Admission?

- A. Namespaces are ignored; Pod Security Admission policies apply cluster-wide only.
- B. The default namespace enforces the strictest security policies by default.
- C. Each namespace can have only one active policy.
- D. **Different policies can be applied to specific namespaces.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

- * Pod Security Admission (PSA) enforces policies by applying labels on namespaces, not globally across the cluster.
- * Exact extract (Kubernetes Docs - Pod Security Admission):
- * "You can apply Pod Security Standards to namespaces by adding labels such as pod-security.kubernetes.io/enforce. Different

namespaces can enforce different policies."

* Clarifications:

* A: Incorrect, namespaces are the unit of enforcement.

* C: Misleading - a namespace can have multiple enforcement modes (enforce, audit, warn).

* D: Default namespace does not enforce strict policies unless labeled.

References:

Kubernetes Docs - Pod Security Admission: <https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/security/pod-security-admission/>

NEW QUESTION # 29

What kind of organization would need to be compliant with PCI DSS?

- A. Government agencies that collect personally identifiable information.
- B. Non-profit organizations that handle sensitive customer data.
- C. Retail stores that only accept cash payments.
- D. **Merchants that process credit card payments.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* PCI DSS (Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard): applies to any entity that stores, processes, or transmits cardholder data.

* Exact extract (PCI DSS official summary):

* "PCI DSS applies to all entities that store, process or transmit cardholder data (CHD) and/or sensitive authentication data (SAD)."

* Therefore, merchants who process credit card payments must comply.

* Why others are wrong:

* A: No card payments, so no PCI scope.

* B: This falls under FISMA / NIST 800-53, not PCI DSS.

* C: Non-profits may handle sensitive data, but PCI only applies if they process credit cards.

References:

PCI Security Standards Council - PCI DSS Summary: https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/pci_security/

NEW QUESTION # 30

What is Grafana?

- A. A cloud-native security tool for scanning and detecting vulnerabilities in Kubernetes clusters.
- B. A cloud-native distributed tracing system for monitoring microservices architectures.
- C. A container orchestration platform for managing and scaling applications.
- D. **A platform for monitoring and visualizing time-series data.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* Grafana: An open-source analytics and visualization platform widely used with Prometheus, Loki, etc.

* Exact extract (Grafana Docs): "Grafana is the open-source analytics and monitoring solution for every database. It allows you to query, visualize, alert on, and understand your metrics no matter where they are stored."

* A is wrong: That describes Jaeger (distributed tracing).

* B is wrong: That's Kubernetes itself.

* D is wrong: That's Trivy/Aqua/Prisma type tools.

References:

Grafana Docs: <https://grafana.com/docs/grafana/latest/>

NEW QUESTION # 31

Which of the following statements regarding a container run with privileged: true is correct?

- A. A container run with privileged: true within a Namespace can access all Secrets used within that Namespace.
- B. A container run with privileged: true within a cluster can access all Secrets used within that cluster.

- C. A container run with privileged: true has no additional access to Secrets than if it were run with privileged: false.
- D. A container run with privileged: true on a node can access all Secrets used on that node.

Answer: C

Explanation:

- * Setting privileged: true grants a container elevated access to the host node, including access to host devices, kernel capabilities, and the ability to modify the host.
- * However, Secrets in Kubernetes are not automatically exposed to privileged containers. Secrets are mounted into Pods only if explicitly referenced.
- * Thus, being privileged does not grant additional access to Kubernetes Secrets compared to a non-privileged Pod.
- * The risk lies in node compromise: if a privileged container can take over the node, it could then indirectly gain access to Secrets (e.g., by reading kubelet credentials).

References:

Kubernetes Documentation - Security Context

CNCF Security Whitepaper - Pod security context and privileged container risks.

NEW QUESTION # 32

An attacker compromises a Pod and attempts to use its service account token to escalate privileges within the cluster. Which Kubernetes security feature is designed to limit what this service account can do?

- A. NetworkPolicy
- B. PodSecurity admission
- C. Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)
- D. RuntimeClass

Answer: C

Explanation:

- * When a Pod is created, Kubernetes automatically mounts a service account token that can authenticate to the API server.
- * The Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) system defines what actions a service account can perform.
- * By carefully restricting Roles and RoleBindings, administrators limit the blast radius of a compromised Pod.
- * Incorrect options:
 - * (A) PodSecurity admission enforces workload-level security settings but does not control API access.
 - * (B) NetworkPolicy controls network communication, not API privileges.
 - * (D) RuntimeClass selects container runtimes, unrelated to privilege escalation through API tokens.

References:

Kubernetes Documentation - Using RBAC Authorization

CNCF Security Whitepaper - Identity & Access Management: limiting lateral movement by constraining service account permissions.

NEW QUESTION # 33

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