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Snowflake SnowPro® Specialty: Gen AI Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

NEW QUESTION # 22

A data platform administrator needs to retrieve a consolidated overview of credit consumption for all Snowflake Cortex AI functions (e.g., LLM functions, Document AI, Cortex Search) across their entire account for the past week. They are interested in the aggregated daily credit usage rather than specific token counts per query. Which Snowflake account usage views should the administrator primarily leverage to gather this information?

- ☐ The `SNOWFLAKE.ACCOUNT_USAGE.CORTEX_FUNCTIONS_QUERY_USAGE_HISTORY` view to get detailed token usage for each LLM function call, then aggregate manually.
- ☐ The `SNOWFLAKE.ORGANIZATION_USAGE.METERING_DAILY_HISTORY` view, specifically filtering for `SERVICE_TYPE = 'AI_SERVICES'`.
- ☐ The `SNOWFLAKE.ACCOUNT_USAGE.CORTEX_DOCUMENT_PROCESSING_USAGE_HISTORY` view for Document AI costs, and `SNOWFLAKE.ACCOUNT_USAGE.CORTEX_SEARCH_DAILY_USAGE_HISTORY` for Cortex Search costs, then combine them.
- ☐ Only the `SNOWFLAKE.ACCOUNT_USAGE.QUERY_HISTORY` view, analyzing the `EXECUTION_STATUS` and `TOTAL_ELAPSED_TIME` columns for queries involving Cortex functions.
- ☐ The `SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX.COUNT_TOKENS` function to re-calculate estimated costs for all past queries that used Cortex AI functions.

- A. Option E
- B. Option C
- C. Option A
- D. Option D
- E. Option B

Answer: E

Explanation:

Option B is correct. The `SNOWFLAKE.ORGANIZATION_USAGE.METERING_DAILY_HISTORY` view provides daily credit usage for an account, and filtering by `'SERVICE_TYPE = 'AI_SERVICES''` allows administrators to view aggregated credit consumption for all AI services, including Cortex LLM Functions, Cortex Analyst, and Document AI. This directly addresses the need for a consolidated, aggregated overview of credit usage. Option A is incorrect because `'CORTEX_FUNCTIONS_QUERY_USAGE_HISTORY'` provides granular, per-query token details for LLM functions (e.g., `'COMPLETE'`, `'TRY_COMPLETE'`), which is not what the administrator is primarily looking for (aggregated daily usage for "all" AI services), and does not cover other AI services like Document AI or Cortex Search. Option C is partially correct in that these views (`'CORTEX_DOCUMENT_PROCESSING_USAGE_HISTORY'` and `'CORTEX_SEARCH_DAILY_USAGE_HISTORY'`) track specific AI services (Document AI, Cortex Search). However, `'METERING_DAILY_HISTORY'` with `'SERVICE_TYPE = 'AI_SERVICES''` provides a more encompassing and already aggregated view for "all" AI services, fulfilling the requirement for a 'consolidated overview' more efficiently. Option D is incorrect as `'QUERY_HISTORY'` primarily focuses on general query execution metadata like `'EXECUTION_STATUS'` and `'TOTAL_ELAPSED_TIME'` and does not directly provide credit consumption specific to AI services. Option E is incorrect because `'COUNT_TOKENS'` is used for estimating future costs or token counts before execution, not for retrospective analysis of incurred costs.

NEW QUESTION # 23

A data application developer is building a Streamlit chat application within Snowflake. This application uses a RAG pattern to answer user questions about a knowledge base, leveraging a Cortex Search Service for retrieval and an LLM for generating responses. The developer wants to ensure responses are relevant, concise, and structured. Which of the following practices are crucial when integrating Cortex Search with Snowflake Cortex LLM functions like `AI_COMPLETE` for this RAG chatbot?

- A. The retrieved context from Cortex Search should be directly concatenated with the user's prompt as input to the
- B. To maintain conversational context in a multi-turn chat, the developer should pass all previous user prompts and model responses in the

`prompt_or_history`

array to the
`AI_COMPLETE`

function for each turn.

- C. The `SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX.EMBED_TEXT_768` function should be used directly within the `AI_COMPLETE`
- D. For performance and cost optimization, it is always recommended to query Cortex Search and the LLM function within a single
- E. Using the

```

response_format
option within
AI_COMPLETE
OR
COMPLETE

```

Answer: B,E

Explanation:

Option A is incorrect. The user's query is typically embedded (e.g., using to perform a similarity search against the Cortex Search Service. The 'retrieved documents' (context) are then passed to the 'AI COMPLETE function, not the embedding function itself. Option B is correct because to provide a stateful, conversational experience, all previous user prompts and model responses should be passed in the array to the 'COMPLETE or function. Option C is incorrect. While concatenation is a method, for better accuracy and control, the retrieved context should be integrated into a well-engineered prompt, often using tags or specific instructions, rather than just raw concatenation, to guide the LLM's response. Option D is correct because 'AI_COMPLETE Structured Outputs' allows you to supply a JSON schema that completion responses must follow, reducing the need for post-processing and enabling seamless integration with systems requiring deterministic responses. Option E is incorrect. While keeping processing within Snowflake is good for data governance, complex RAG pipelines often involve multiple distinct steps (query embedding, search, retrieval, LLM completion) that may benefit from a staged approach rather than a single monolithic SQL statement. The optimal approach depends on the specific complexity and performance requirements, and a single 'SELECT for the 'entire' RAG flow might not always be the most efficient or practical solution.

NEW QUESTION # 24

A machine learning team is leveraging the Snowflake Model Registry to manage diverse models, including a custom Python utility for data preprocessing that they wish to make available as a model method. Which of the following statements accurately describe capabilities or considerations when logging models and their associated artifacts and methods in the Model Registry?

- ☐ The Snowflake Model Registry supports built-in types such as Scikit-learn, XGBoost, and PyTorch, but does not allow logging custom Python objects or processing code directly as models.
- ☐ To include additional local files, such as configuration files or custom scripts, with a logged model, the `user_files` argument must be used in `log_model`, mapping stage subdirectories to local file paths.
- ☐ Once a model version is logged, its methods can be invoked using either `mv.run()` in Python or through service functions named `<service_name>.<method_name>` in SQL, after the model has been deployed to SPCS.
- ☐ The `function_type` option within `method_options` in `log_model` allows specifying whether a model method should be exposed as a `FUNCTION` or `TABLE_FUNCTION` in SQL, influencing how data is processed.
- ☐ The maximum total model size for models deployed to a Snowflake warehouse is 5 GB, whereas models deployed to SPCS have no such size limitations.

- A. Option A
- B. Option E
- C. Option B
- D. Option D
- E. Option C

Answer: B,C,D,E

Explanation:

Option B is correct because the `user_files` argument in `log_model` is specifically designed for including additional local files (e.g., configuration, scripts) with the model, by mapping them to stage subdirectories. Option C is correct because after a model is deployed to SPCS, Snowflake Model Serving creates service functions named `<service_name>.<method_name>` that allow invoking the model's methods from SQL. Model methods can also be called via `mv.run()` in Python. Option D is correct because the `function_type` option within `method_options` allows developers to specify if a model method should be registered as a `FUNCTION` or `TABLE_FUNCTION` when exposed in SQL, affecting its input/output processing. Option E is correct. The maximum total model size for warehouse-deployed models is 5 GB. For models running on Snowpark Container Services, these size restrictions are eased or eliminated, allowing for much larger models. Option A is incorrect; the Model Registry is flexible enough to support not only built-in types (like Scikit-learn, XGBoost, PyTorch) but also custom processing code and previously-trained models.

NEW QUESTION # 25

A data engineer is building a robust pipeline to process customer feedback. They need to extract specific sentiment categories (food_quality, food_taste, wait_time, food_cost) from text reviews and ensure the output is always a valid JSON object matching a predefined schema, even for complex reviews. They also want to control the determinism of the LLM responses. Which of the

following SQL statements or considerations are correct for achieving this using Snowflake Cortex AI functions?

- A. For the most consistent structured output, especially in complex reasoning tasks, setting the temperature option to 0 when calling AI_COMPLETE is recommended.
- B. The response_format argument with a JSON schema is primarily for OpenAI (GPT) models; for other models like Mistral, a strong prompt instruction such as 'Respond in strict JSON' is generally more effective.
- C. The following SQL statement uses the response_format argument and temperature setting to achieve structured output and determinism:

```
SELECT AI_COMPLETE(model => 'mistral-large', prompt => 'Review text', response_format => { 'type': 'json', 'schema': { 'type': 'object', 'properties': { 'Food_quantity': { 'type': 'string' }, 'Food_taste': { 'type': 'string' }, 'Wait_time': { 'type': 'string' }, 'Food_cost': { 'type': 'string' } }, 'required': [ 'Food_quantity', 'Food_taste', 'Wait_time', 'Food_cost' ] } }, response => { 'temperature': 0 })
```

- D. Using AI_COMPLETE with response_format incurs additional compute cost for the overhead of verifying each token against the supplied JSON schema, in addition to standard token costs.
- E. To ensure the model explicitly attempts to extract all specified fields, the 'required' array in the JSON schema is critical; AI_COMPLETE will raise an error if any required field cannot be extracted.

Answer: A,C,E

Explanation:

Option A is correct because it demonstrates the proper use of the 'AI_COMPLETE' function with the 'response_format' argument to specify a JSON schema and sets 'temperature' to 0 for consistent output, as per the documentation. Option C is correct as the 'required' field in the JSON schema ensures that specific fields must be extracted, and 'AI_COMPLETE' (or 'AI_COMPLETE') will raise an error if these fields cannot be found. Option E is correct because for the most consistent results, setting the 'temperature*' option to 0 is recommended when calling 'COMPLETE' (or 'AI_COMPLETE') with structured outputs, regardless of the task or model. Option B is incorrect because all models supported by support structured output, and specifying the 'response_format' is the direct mechanism to enforce a schema, although for complex tasks, adding 'Respond in JSON' to the prompt can improve accuracy. Option D is incorrect as 'AI_COMPLETE Structured Outputs' incurs compute cost based on the number of tokens processed, but it does not incur additional compute cost for the overhead of verifying each token against the supplied JSON schema.

NEW QUESTION # 26

A data engineering team is optimizing an AI-infused pipeline that processes millions of rows of customer interaction data in a LOG_DATA table using various Snowflake Cortex AI functions. They need to accurately estimate costs and ensure optimal performance. Which of the following statements regarding cost, performance, and operational considerations for these functions are true?

- ☐ When using AI_COMPLETE or COMPLETE for generating responses, both input and output tokens are billable. The total tokens processed increase proportionally if previous conversation history is passed for a stateful experience.
- ☐ For functions like AI_CLASSIFY or AI_SENTIMENT, only input tokens are counted towards the billable total, as these functions do not generate new text but rather categorize or score existing text.
- ☐ The AI_AGG function is not subject to context window limitations when aggregating text columns across multiple rows, allowing it to process large volumes of text without exceeding token limits.
- ☐ Executing queries that call Cortex AI functions such as AI_COMPLETE or AI_AGG in an X-LARGE or larger warehouse will significantly improve their processing speed and reduce overall latency due to increased compute resources.
- ☐ For Cortex Analyst, credit usage is based on the number of messages processed, regardless of the number of tokens in each message, with billing occurring only for successful responses (HTTP 200).

- A. Option E
- B. Option A
- C. Option D
- D. Option B
- E. Option C

Answer: A,B,E

Explanation:

Option A is correct. For functions that generate new text like AI_COMPLETE and COMPLETE, both input and output tokens are billable. In conversational experiences, passing history increases processed tokens and costs proportionally. Option B is incorrect. For functions like AI_CLASSIFY and AI_SENTIMENT, the input token count is higher than the text provided because they add a prompt to the input text to generate the response. Furthermore, for these functions (AI_CLASSIFY, AI_FILTER, AI_AGG, AI_SUMMARIZE, and TRANSLATE, and their previous versions), both input and output tokens are billable. Therefore, the statement that "only" input tokens are counted is false. Option C is correct. AI_AGG and AI_SUMMARIZE_AGG are explicitly stated as not being subject to context window limitations, allowing them to aggregate insights across multiple rows. Option D is incorrect. Snowflake recommends using smaller warehouses (no larger than MEDIUM) for Cortex AI function queries, as larger warehouses do not increase performance. Option E is correct. For Cortex Analyst, credit usage is based on the number of messages processed, not tokens, and billing occurs only for successful responses (HTTP 200).

NEW QUESTION # 27

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As we all know, the world does not have two identical leaves.

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