H20-923_V1.0퍼펙트공부, H20-923_V1.0인기자격증덤프공부자료

그 외, KoreaDumps H20-923_V1.0 시험 문제집 일부가 지금은 무료입니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1kriQxfUJqu-F7Fho1W0OQ9MgYXics8iv

많은 사이트에서도 무료Huawei H20-923_V1.0덤프데모를 제공합니다.우리도 마찬가지입니다.여러분은 그러한 Huawei H20-923_V1.0데모들을 보시고 다시 우리의 덤프와 비교하시면 ,우리의 덤프는 다른 사이트덤프와 차원이 다른 덤프임을 아시될것입니다, 우리KoreaDumps에서 제공되는 덤프는 100%보장 도를 자랑하며,여러분은 시험패스로 인해 성공과 더 가까워 졌답니다

Huawei H20-923_V1.0 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	• Basic Knowledge of Power Distribution: This topic covers the fundamental concepts of power distribution within a data center, including electrical principles, distribution topologies, and key components such as switchgear and PDUs.
주제 2	• Introduction to Huawei Precision Air Conditioners: This topic introduces Huawei's precision air conditioning product line, covering unit types, operating principles, key components, and their role in maintaining optimal data center temperatures.
주제 3	• Introduction to the Modular Data Center FusionModule2000: This topic introduces the FusionModule2000 modular data center, covering its design concepts, components, and the scenarios in which it is deployed.
주제 4	• SmartLi 3.0 (Short-Term Backup Power) Maintenance Operations: This topic addresses the routine and corrective maintenance tasks for SmartLi 3.0, including battery management, fault handling, and health monitoring procedures.

주제 5	• FusionCol8000-C (110-440) In-Room Chilled Water Smart Cooling Product: This topic covers the FusionCol8000-C chilled water in-room cooling unit, including its product design, chilled water system integration, smart control features, and deployment scenarios.
주제 6	• Data Center Cooling Solutions: This topic provides an overview of cooling technologies and strategies used in data centers, including air-side and water-side cooling architectures and Huawei's approach to thermal management.
주제 7	• Huawei DCIM Lab Guide: This topic is a broader practical lab section covering operational tasks, configuration, and troubleshooting exercises across Huawei DCIM platforms to build field-level proficiency.
주제 8	• Introduction to Huawei DCIM Controller ECC800-Pro: This topic introduces the ECC800-Pro Data Center Infrastructure Management controller, covering its architecture, core functions, and role in monitoring and managing data center facility equipment.
주제 9	• Huawei Data Center Facility Solutions: This topic provides an overview of Huawei's end-to-end data center facility portfolio, covering the key product lines and solution architectures used in modern data center environments.
주제 10	• Huawei UPS5000H Lab Guide: This is a heavily weighted hands-on lab section covering practical installation, commissioning, parameter configuration, and maintenance operations for the UPS5000H in a field-simulated environment.
주제 11	• Training on FusionDC1000A: This topic focuses on the FusionDC1000A prefabricated data center solution, covering its product features, deployment methods, and operational maintenance requirements.
주제 12	• Huawei Other DCIM Tools: This topic explores additional Huawei Data Center Infrastructure Management tools beyond the ECC800-Pro and NetEco 6000, covering their functions and how they complement the overall DCIM ecosystem.
주제 13	• Huawei FusionCol8000-A Lab Guide: This is a heavily weighted practical lab section focused on the hands-on deployment, configuration, commissioning, and maintenance of the FusionCol8000-A cooling system in a field-representative setting.
주제 14	• FusionCol8000-A230 In-Room Air Cooled (Air-Cooled Fan Wall) Smart Cooling Product: This topic addresses the FusionCol8000-A230 air-cooled fan wall solution, covering its working principles, product specifications, installation considerations, and smart cooling management capabilities.
주제 15	• SmartLi 3.0 (Short-Term Backup Power) Product Introduction: This topic introduces Huawei's SmartLi 3.0 lithium-based short-term backup power solution, covering its product architecture, key features, and application scenarios.
주제 16	• UPS Basic Knowledge: This topic introduces the foundational concepts of Uninterruptible Power Supply systems, including operating modes, topology types, and their role in ensuring power continuity for data center loads.
주제 17	• Huawei DCIM Installation and Deployment Lab Guide: This topic is a guided hands-on section covering the step-by-step installation and initial deployment procedures for Huawei DCIM systems in a lab environment.

문제를 연구하여 만든 공부자료이기에 최고의 품질을 자랑합니다. KoreaDumps덤프를 열심히 공부하여 멋진 IT전문가의 꿈을 이루세요.

최신 HCSP-Field H20-923_V1.0 무료샘플문제 (Q51-Q56):

질문 # 51
The frequency of power supply equipment can be 50 Hz, 60 Hz, or 70 Hz.

- A. True
- B. False

정답：B

설명：
In data center power systems, the utility grid frequency standard iseither 50 Hz or 60 Hz, depending on the country/region. Data center facility equipment-such as UPS systems, power distribution units, switchgear, and monitoring components-is designed to operate reliably under these standardized grid frequencies, with acceptable tolerance ranges around the nominal value. While some power conversion equipment can adapt between50/60 Hz(for example, via frequency tracking or double-conversion),70 Hz is not a standard utility frequencyused for data center facility power supply, and it is not treated as a normal operating frequency in typical design, acceptance testing, or O&M procedures. From an operations perspective, maintaining correct frequency is critical because abnormal frequency can trigger UPS transfer logic, increase losses, create synchronization issues with bypass sources, and negatively affect downstream IT loads. Therefore, stating that power supply equipment frequency "can be 50 Hz, 60 Hz, or 70 Hz" is incorrect for standard data center infrastructure practice.

질문 # 52
Which of the following conditions will not cause the wizard startup commissioning to fail?

- A. The condensate pump is stuck.
- B. The water leakage rope is not installed.
- C. The indoor fan 2 drive is faulty.
- D. The electronic expansion valve is not opened.

정답：B

설명：
Wizard startup commissioning is designed to verify that the unit'skey controllable subsystemscan be started, regulated, and protected correctly. Conditions that prevent a subsystem from operating normally will directly cause commissioning failure. If thecondensate pump is stuck, the drainage function cannot be validated and water may accumulate in the drain pan, which is treated as a functional fault during commissioning. Ifindoor fan 2 drive is faulty, the fan system cannot meet airflow requirements or redundancy expectations, so the fan commissioning item fails. If theelectronic expansion valve (EEV) is not opened, refrigerant flow and cooling control cannot be established, so the cooling system commissioning fails because the unit cannot build a stable refrigeration cycle or reach expected operating parameters.
In contrast, thewater leakage ropeis aprotective detection accessoryused for leak sensing and alarming. While it is important for site safety and recommended for operation, its absence typically does not block the unit from completing the functional commissioning steps for fans, cooling, and drainage; it mainly affects leak detection coverage and related alarms rather than the basic startup commissioning pass/fail.

질문 # 53
When tightening the screws (M16x50 mm) for the output power cables of lithium battery cabinets, what torque should be used to tighten and verify the screws?

- A. 60 N m
- B. 120 N m
- C. 80 N m
- D. 100 N m

정답：B

설명：

For Huawei SmartLi lithium battery cabinets, the output power cable termination uses high-current DC conductors, so the mechanical fastening torque is strictly specified to ensure both safety and long-term reliability. ForM16x50 mm screwsused on the+/N/# output cable terminals, the specified tightening
/verification torque is120 N m. This torque requirement is defined to achieve the correct clamping force between the DT terminal lug and the cabinet busbar/terminal surface. If the torque is below the requirement, contact resistance increases, which can lead to abnormal heating during charge/discharge, voltage drop, alarm events, and accelerated oxidation at the joint. If the torque is excessive, it can damage threads, deform the lug or busbar contact area, and introduce hidden mechanical stress that may loosen over thermal cycles. During commissioning and routine maintenance, technicians use a calibrated torque wrench to tighten and then re- verify each connection to the specified value to prevent hotspots and ensure stable operation under peak current conditions.

질문 # 54
In a data center power distribution architecture, what is the primary function of a Static Transfer Switch (STS) for critical single-cord loads?

- A. Convert AC power to DC power for IT equipment
- B. Reduce harmonic distortion by filtering non-linear loads
- C. Increase the output frequency from 50 Hz to 60 Hz
- D. Provide fast switching between two independent AC power sources to maintain continuity

정답： D

설명:
Huawei data center power distribution design prioritizes continuity for critical loads. For single-cord IT equipment that cannot accept dual inputs, an STS provides a practical high-availability approach by connecting the load to two independent AC sources (often A and B feeds) and transferring the load to the healthier source when abnormalities occur. The key value is speed and coordination: the STS detects voltage/frequency deviations or source failure and performs a rapid transfer to minimize or eliminate interruption seen by the load. This supports O&M strategies where upstream systems (UPS, PDUs, distribution boards) are maintained or isolated without forcing downtime on single-cord devices.
In routine operations, STS status, transfer logs, alarms, and source quality parameters are monitored to prevent nuisance transfers and to ensure correct upstream selectivity and grounding. Correct commissioning also ensures the two sources meet synchronization conditions and that bypass
/maintenance procedures are standardized, improving safety and reducing operational risk.

질문 # 55
Which of the following can be used to start the inverter of the UPS5000-H?

- A. NetEco
- B. ECC
- C. UPS WebUI
- D. UPS LCD

정답： C,D

설명:
For the Huawei UPS5000-H, inverter startup is executed through theUPS's own control interfaces, which provide the "Running Control / Inv. ON" operation with the required confirmations and permissions. TheUPS LCD (MDU touchscreen)supports inverter startup through menu operations such as selecting inverter start functions and confirming the action after authentication. TheUPS WebUIalso provides the same operational control path, where an operator logs in and issues theInv. ONcommand under the UPS monitoring/running control pages. These two interfaces are part of the UPS monitoring and control design and are explicitly used for commissioning and routine O&M actions.
By contrast,ECC(data center controller) andNetEco(management platform) are mainly used for site-level monitoring, alarm collection, visualization, reporting, and centralized management. While they can display UPS status and alarms (and may integrate with UPS data), inverter startup is defined as aUPS running control operationperformed on the UPS's LCD or WebUI control plane to ensure proper authorization, safety checks, and command traceability.

질문 # 56
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Huawei인증 H20-923_V1.0시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득하여 승진이나 이직을 꿈구고 있는 분이신가요? 이 글을 읽게 된다면Huawei인증 H20-923_V1.0시험패스를 위해 공부자료를 마련하고 싶은 마음이 크다는것을 알고 있어 시장에서 가장 저렴하고 가장 최신버전의 Huawei인증 H20-923_V1.0덤프자료를 강추해드립니다. 높은 시험패스율을 자랑하고 있는Huawei인증 H20-923_V1.0덤프는 여러분이 승진으로 향해 달리는 길에 날개를 펼쳐드립니다.자격증을 하루 빨리 취득하여 승진꿈을 이루세요.

H20-923_V1.0인기자격증 덤프공부자료: https://www.koreadumps.com/H20-923_V1.0_exam-braindumps.html

- 최근 인기시험 H20-923_V1.0퍼펙트 공부 덤프문제보기 □ 「 kr.fast2test.com 」 을(를) 열고➡ H20-923_V1.0 □□□를 입력하고 무료 다운로드를 받으십시오H20-923_V1.0높은 통과율 시험대비 공부문제
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- 최신버전 H20-923_V1.0퍼펙트 공부 시험덤프 □ □ www.itdumpskr.com □은“ H20-923_V1.0 ”무료 다운로드를 받을 수 있는 최고의 사이트입니다H20-923_V1.0최고품질 인증시험덤프데모
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