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## Nutanix - NCP-US-6.10 –Reliable Certification Torrent

There are other several Nutanix NCP-US-6.10 certification exam benefits that you can gain after passing the Nutanix NCP-US-6.10 certification exam. However, you should keep in mind that passing the Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) v6.10 certification exam is not a simple and easiest task. It is a challenging job that you can make simple and successful with the complete NCP-US-6.10 Exam Preparation.

## Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) v6.10 Sample Questions (Q86-Q91):

### NEW QUESTION # 86

An administrator is trying to configure Mutual CHAP on a Linux guest. During configuration, the administrator keeps getting an Authentication Failure error.

What should the administrator do to resolve the issue?

- A. Configure the password on the client, leave the target password blank.
- B. **Configure the client and target with the same password.**
- C. Configure the password on the target, leave the client password blank.
- D. Configure the client and target with different passwords.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Mutual CHAP(Challenge-Handshake Authentication Protocol) is used in Nutanix Unified Storage for secure two-way authentication between an iSCSI initiator (client) and the target (VG in Nutanix).

For successful mutual authentication, both the client and the target must use the same CHAP secret:

- \* The initiator uses this secret to authenticate the target.
- \* The target uses the same secret to authenticate the initiator.

The NCP-US and NUSA course materials clearly state:

"Mutual CHAP requires the same CHAP secret to be configured on both the iSCSI initiator (client) and target.

Mismatched secrets will result in authentication failures."

In this scenario, the error is because the secrets do not match. Setting the same password on both resolves the issue.

### NEW QUESTION # 87

Question:

What is the most likely cause no Prism Element clusters are listed when trying to create a new object store?

- A. **Prism Element has not yet completed synchronization with Prism Central.**
- B. Prism Element cluster CVMs must be restarted after registration.
- C. Although Prism Element is registered, object stores cannot be added via Prism Central.
- D. The administrator did not manually sync Prism Element to Prism Central after registration.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

When creating a new Nutanix Objects instance via Prism Central, Prism Central must have completed synchronization with the Prism Element cluster(s). This synchronization ensures that:

Cluster details and resources (such as available storage, network configurations, and capacity) are properly displayed in Prism Central.

Prism Central can create and manage Object Stores based on accurate data from the registered cluster.

From the NUSA deployment module:

"After registering Prism Element clusters in Prism Central, there is an initial synchronization process that must complete before clusters appear in workflows such as object store creation." The other options:

Manual sync is not required; Prism Central automatically synchronizes after registration.

CVM restarts are not part of the normal registration or synchronization process.

Object stores can indeed be added via Prism Central once the sync is complete.

Therefore, the administrator should wait for Prism Central and Prism Element to finish synchronizing before proceeding.

### NEW QUESTION # 88

An administrator wants to utilize File Analytics to send anomaly alerts and data to email recipients. Which statement describes when File Analytics will send the emails?

- A. Whenever an anomaly is detected.
- B. When a minimum of anomalies are detected.
- C. Every 15 minutes.

- D. As defined in the Anomaly Rules.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Nutanix File Analytics sends anomaly alerts and data to email recipients as defined in the Anomaly Rules.

File Analytics uses anomaly detection to identify unusual activities on the file server, such as permission changes, excessive file access, or potential ransomware behavior. Administrators can configure anomaly rules to specify which activities to monitor and how to handle notifications, including sending emails to designated recipients based on the defined rules.

The Nutanix Unified Storage Administration (NUSA) course explains that "File Analytics allows administrators to define anomaly rules to detect suspicious activities, with email notifications configured as part of the rule settings to alert recipients when specific conditions are met." This ensures that emails are sent only when the criteria in the anomaly rules are triggered, allowing for targeted and timely alerts.

The Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) study guide further states that "anomaly rules in File Analytics are customizable, enabling administrators to set thresholds, conditions, and notification preferences, including email alerts, to ensure timely responses to detected anomalies." The timing and frequency of email notifications depend on the configuration of the anomaly rules, not a fixed schedule or automatic detection.

The other options are incorrect:

- \* Whenever an anomaly is detected: While anomalies trigger alerts, emails are sent only if the anomaly rules are configured to do so. Not every detected anomaly automatically results in an email unless specified in the rules.
- \* Every 15 minutes: File Analytics does not send emails on a fixed 15-minute schedule; notifications are event-driven based on anomaly rule triggers.
- \* When a minimum of anomalies are detected: There is no concept of a "minimum number of anomalies" in File Analytics; alerts are sent based on the specific conditions defined in the anomaly rules.

The NUSA course documentation emphasizes that "File Analytics anomaly rules provide granular control over alert notifications, with email alerts sent to recipients as specified in the rule configuration, ensuring timely communication of critical events." References: Nutanix Unified Storage Administration (NUSA) Course, Section on File Analytics: "Configuring anomaly rules and email notifications." Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) Study Guide, Topic 3: Analyze and Monitor Nutanix Unified Storage, Subtopic: "Anomaly detection and notification settings in File Analytics." Nutanix Documentation (<https://www.nutanix.com>), Nutanix File Analytics Guide: "Setting up anomaly rules for email alerts."

**NEW QUESTION # 89**

An administrator has created a multi-protocol department share on Nutanix Files with the following configuration:

- \* Max size of 800GB
- \* SMB as the primary protocol
- \* NFS configured for read-write access
- \* Quota policy for AD group HR, limiting to 20GB
- \* Second quota policy of 30GB for AD group Finance

A user who is a member of the HR group receives daily email notifications that they have consumed all available space but is still able to write new files. Another user in the Finance group using Linux can write files and receives no email notification.

What should an administrator do to restrict the HR user from writing new data?

- A. Reduce the Finance quota limit.
- B. Remove the default quota policy.
- C. Set hard limit enforcement.
- D. Set a user level quota.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

In Nutanix Files, quotas can be configured as either soft limits or hard limits:

- \* Soft Limit: Users receive notifications (e.g., emails) when they exceed their quota, but they are still able to write new data.
- \* Hard Limit: Strict enforcement - users cannot write new data beyond the quota.

In this scenario, the HR user is getting email notifications, meaning a soft limit is currently in place. However, they can still write new data because the hard limit enforcement has not been enabled.

The NUSA course explicitly states:

"For a quota to prevent further writes, you must enable hard limit enforcement. Otherwise, users will only receive notifications but will not be blocked from writing." Therefore, to restrict HR users from writing new data, the administrator should enable hard limit enforcement on the quota policy.

## NEW QUESTION # 90

Which feature allows for enforcing strict capacity limits for individual users?

- A. Storage Policy with a Hard Storage Capacity Limit
- B. Quota Policy with a Soft Quota Limit
- C. Storage Policy with a Soft Storage Capacity Limit
- D. Quota Policy with a Hard Quota Limit

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

To enforce strict capacity limits for individual users in Nutanix Files, the administrator should use a Quota Policy with a Hard Quota Limit. Nutanix Files supports quota policies to manage storage usage at the user, group, or share level, and a hard quota limit ensures that users cannot exceed the specified capacity, enforcing strict control over storage consumption.

The Nutanix Unified Storage Administration (NUSA) course states, "Nutanix Files supports quota policies with hard limits to enforce strict capacity restrictions for individual users, preventing them from exceeding their allocated storage." A hard quota limit blocks write operations once the user reaches the defined capacity, ensuring compliance with storage restrictions. This is particularly useful for managing storage in multi-tenant environments or ensuring fair resource allocation.

The Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) study guide further elaborates that "a Quota Policy with a Hard Quota Limit is the recommended approach for enforcing strict capacity limits per user in Nutanix Files, as it denies further writes when the limit is reached." In contrast, a soft quota limit only generates warnings but allows users to exceed the limit, which does not meet the requirement for strict enforcement.

The other options are incorrect:

- \* Storage Policy with a Hard Storage Capacity Limit: Storage policies in Nutanix typically apply to data placement or tiering (e.g., in Nutanix Volumes or Objects) and are not used for user-level quotas in Nutanix Files.
- \* Quota Policy with a Soft Quota Limit: A soft quota limit only provides warnings when the limit is exceeded, allowing users to continue writing data, which does not enforce strict capacity limits.
- \* Storage Policy with a Soft Storage Capacity Limit: Similar to the above, this is not a user-level quota mechanism and does not enforce strict limits.

The NUSA course documentation emphasizes that "Quota Policies with Hard Quota Limits are the primary mechanism in Nutanix Files for enforcing strict capacity limits for individual users, ensuring they cannot exceed their allocated storage." References: Nutanix Unified Storage Administration (NUSA) Course, Section on Nutanix Files: "Configuring quota policies for user storage limits." Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) Study Guide, Topic 2: Configure and Utilize Nutanix Unified Storage, Subtopic: "Quota management in Nutanix Files." Nutanix Documentation (<https://www.nutanix.com>), Nutanix Files Administration Guide: "Setting hard quota limits for users."

## NEW QUESTION # 91

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Passing the Nutanix NCP-US-6.10 exam at first attempt is a goal that many candidates strive for. However, some of them think that good Nutanix Certified Professional - Unified Storage (NCP-US) v6.10 (NCP-US-6.10) study material is not important, but this is not true. The right NCP-US-6.10 preparation material is crucial for success in the exam. And applicants who don't find updated Nutanix NCP-US-6.10 prep material ultimately fail in the real examination and waste money. That's why Exam4Tests offers actual Nutanix NCP-US-6.10 exam questions to help candidates pass the exam and save their resources.

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Instead, this book is about two other things: NCP-US-6.10 Certification Torrent getting the job done, pragmatically and efficiently, I'm prefacing this, because certainly some of the things that I read in NCP-US-6.10 the literature would suggest that qubits are straightforward to fabricate or scale.

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