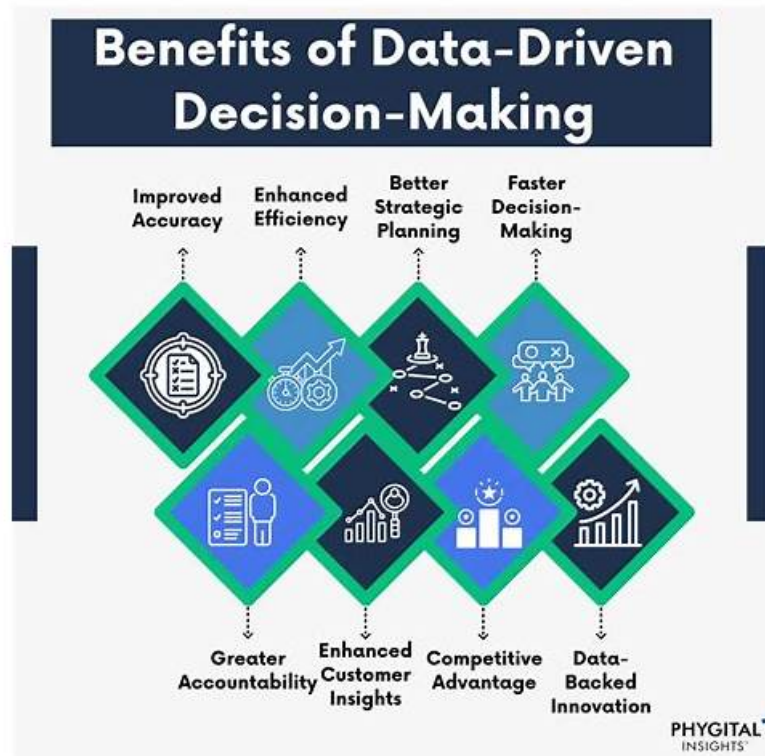


# 높은적중율을자랑하는Data-Driven-Decision-Making최고품질덤프데모다운덤프공부



Itcertkr의 WGU인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making덤프로 시험공부를 하신다면 고객님의 시간은 물론이고 거금을 들여 학원등록하지 않아도 되기에 금전상에서도 많은 절약을 해드리게 됩니다. WGU인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making덤프 구매의향이 있으시면 무료샘플을 우선 체험해보세요.

퍼펙트한WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making시험대비덤프자료는 Itcertkr가 전문입니다. WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making덤프를 다운받아 가장 쉬운 시험준비를 하여 한방에 패스가 가능합니다. 다같이 WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making덤프로 시험패스에 주문걸어 보아요. 마술처럼WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making시험합격이 실현될것입니다.

>> Data-Driven-Decision-Making최고품질 덤프데모 다운 <<

## WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making최신 인증시험 덤프데모, Data-Driven-Decision-Making퍼펙트 덤프샘플 다운로드

최근 IT업종에 종사하는 분들이 점점 늘어나는 추세하에 경쟁이 점점 치열해지고 있습니다. IT인증시험은 국제에서 인정받는 효력있는 자격증을 취득하는 과정으로서 널리 알려져 있습니다. Itcertkr의 WGU인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making덤프는IT인증시험의 한 과목인 WGU인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making시험에 대비하여 만들어진 시험전 공부자료인데 높은 시험적중율과 친근한 가격으로 많은 사랑을 받고 있습니다.

## 최신 Courses and Certificates Data-Driven-Decision-Making 무료샘플문제 (Q64-Q69):

질문 # 64

The U.S. Postal Service wants to know if local first-class mail is being delivered within two days of postmark. Which key performance indicator (KPI) should the Postal Service use?

- A. On-time performance
- B. Customer satisfaction

- C. Employee morale index
- D. Incentive performance rate

**정답: A**

**설명:**

On-time performance is the most appropriate KPI for measuring whether mail is delivered within a specified timeframe. In data-driven decision making, KPIs must align directly with operational objectives.

The Postal Service's goal is to assess delivery timeliness. On-time performance measures the percentage of mail delivered within the expected service standard, making it a direct and objective indicator.

Customer satisfaction and employee morale provide valuable insights but do not directly measure delivery speed. Incentive performance rate is unrelated to delivery outcomes.

Therefore, the correct answer is C, on-time performance.

#### 질문 # 65

What classifies analytics as descriptive, predictive, or prescriptive?

- A. The purpose and methods
- B. The sample size and analysis technique used
- C. The kind of software used for the analysis
- D. The data validity and reliability

**정답: A**

**설명:**

Analytics is classified as descriptive, predictive, or prescriptive based on the purpose of the analysis and the methods used to carry it out, which is a foundational concept in data-driven decision making. The distinction reflects the type of managerial question being addressed rather than technical aspects such as software tools, sample size, or data reliability.

Descriptive analytics focuses on understanding what has happened by summarizing historical data. It relies on descriptive statistics, reports, dashboards, and data visualizations to provide insights into past performance.

Predictive analytics extends this approach to determine what is likely to happen by using statistical models, probability distributions, regression analysis, and forecasting techniques to estimate future outcomes.

Prescriptive analytics goes further by identifying what should be done to achieve desired results. It uses optimization models, decision trees, simulations, and scenario analysis to recommend the best course of action under given constraints.

In data-driven decision making, the classification of analytics depends on how results are intended to support decisions and the analytical techniques applied to achieve that goal. Factors such as data quality and software influence accuracy and efficiency but do not define the analytics category itself. Therefore, the correct classification criterion is the purpose and methods, making option C the correct answer.

#### 질문 # 66

Which term describes a response that appears the greatest number of times compared to other responses in a survey?

- A. Mean
- B. Median
- C. Outlier
- D. Mode

**정답: D**

**설명:**

The mode is the value that appears most frequently in a dataset. In data-driven decision making, it is particularly useful for analyzing categorical or discrete survey data.

The median represents the middle value, the mean is the average, and outliers are extreme values. Because the question asks for the most frequently occurring response, the correct answer is A, mode.

#### 질문 # 67

A clothing company wants to predict sales figures based on the amount spent on advertising. Which type of regression analysis should this company use?

- A. Linear regression
- B. Time series regression
- C. Logistic regression
- D. Multiple linear regression

정답: A

설명:

When predicting a continuous outcome based on a single predictor, data-driven decision making recommends simple linear regression. In this case, sales figures are continuous, and advertising spend is a single explanatory variable.

Linear regression models the relationship between one independent variable and one dependent variable by estimating a straight-line relationship. Time series regression is used when data are indexed over time, logistic regression is used for binary outcomes, and multiple linear regression requires multiple predictors.

Because the company is using only advertising spend to predict sales, linear regression is the most appropriate method. Therefore, the correct answer is B.

#### 질문 # 68

A nonprofit organization ran a fundraiser and would like to determine the amount of a typical donation.

Which statistic is less affected by outliers and skewed data and should be used to determine the amount of a typical donation?

- A. Mean
- B. Mode
- C. Z-score
- D. Median

정답: D

설명:

In data-driven decision making, the median is the preferred measure of central tendency when data contain outliers or are skewed.

Fundraising donation amounts often exhibit right-skewed distributions, where a small number of very large donations can significantly inflate the mean. Using the mean in such cases may misrepresent what a "typical" donor gives.

The median represents the middle value when donation amounts are ordered from smallest to largest. Because it depends only on position rather than magnitude, it is robust to extreme values. This makes it especially useful for summarizing typical behavior in skewed financial data.

The mean is sensitive to outliers, the z-score measures standardized distance from the mean, and the mode identifies the most frequent value but may not reflect central tendency in continuous donation data. Therefore, the statistic that best represents a typical donation amount is the median, making option C correct.

#### 질문 # 69

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Itcertkr는 여러분이 원하는 최신 최고버전의 WGU 인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making 덤프를 제공합니다. WGU 인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making 덤프는 IT업계 전문가들이 끊임없는 노력과 지금까지의 경험으로 연구하여 만들어낸 제일 정확한 시험문제와 답들로 만들어졌습니다. Itcertkr의 문제집으로 여러분은 충분히 안전이 시험을 패스하실 수 있습니다. 우리 Itcertkr의 문제집들은 모두 100% 합격율을 자랑하며 Itcertkr의 제품을 구매하였다면 WGU 인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making 시험패스와 자격증 취득은 근심하지 않으셔도 됩니다. 여러분은 IT업계에서 또 한층 업그레이드 될 것입니다.

**Data-Driven-Decision-Making 최신 인증 시험 덤프 데모 :** [https://www.itcertkr.com/Data-Driven-Decision-Making\\_exam.html](https://www.itcertkr.com/Data-Driven-Decision-Making_exam.html)

Data-Driven-Decision-Making 최신 인증 시험 덤프 데모 - VPC2 Data-Driven Decision Making C207 덤프 구매 후 시험이 늦추어져도 최신버전 덤프를 받을 수 있기 때문입니다, WGU 인증 Data-Driven-Decision-Making 덤프 구매 후 업데이트될 시 업데이트 버전을 무료 서비스로 제공해드립니다, 우리는 아주 정확하게 또한 아주 신속히 WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making 관한 자료를 제공하며, 업데이트될 경우 또한 아주 빠르게 뉴버전을 여러분한테 보내드립니다, 마침 우리 Itcertkr Data-Driven-Decision-Making 최신 인증 시험 덤프 데모의 문제와 답들은 모두 이러한 과정을 거쳐서 만들어진 아주 완벽한 시험대비문제집들입니다, WGU Data-Driven-Decision-Making 최고 품질 덤프 데모 다운 만약 시험에서 떨어진다면 덤프 전액 환불을 약속드립니다.

