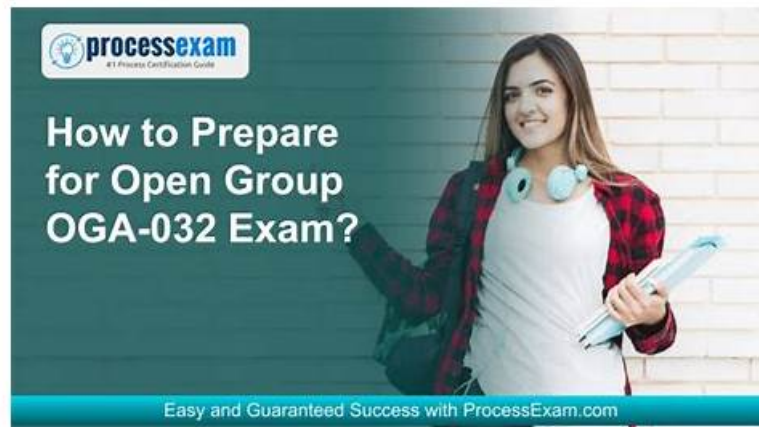


The Open Group OGA-032日本語試験対策:役に立つ OGA-032関連資格試験対応



OGA-032認定試験の準備をするために一生懸命勉強して疲れを感じる時には、他の人が何をしているかを知っていますか。あなたと同じIT認定試験を受験する周りの人を見てください。あなたが試験のために不安と感じているとき、どうして他の人が自信満々で、のんびり見ているのでしょうか。あなたの能力は彼らより弱いのですか。もちろんそんなことはないです。では、なぜ他の人が簡単にOGA-032試験に合格することができるかを知りたいですか。それは彼らがPass4TestのOGA-032問題集を利用したからです。この問題集を勉強することだけで楽に試験に合格することができます。信じないのですか。不思議を思っていますか。では、急いで試してください。まず問題集のdemoを体験することができます。そうすれば、この問題集の品質を確認することができます。はやくPass4Testのサイトをクリックしてください。

OGA-032テストトレンドは好評で、すべての献身で99%の合格率に達しました。多くの労働者がより高い自己改善を進めるための強力なツールとして、当社のOGA-032認定トレーニングは、高度なパフォーマンスと人間中心のテクノロジーに対する情熱を追求し続けました。OGA-032勉強のトレンドを完全に理解するには、Webにアクセスするか、OGA-032試験の質問のデモを無料でダウンロードして、OGA-032トレーニングの質を試すためにWebPass4Testで提供します。ガイド。

>> OGA-032日本語試験対策 <<

信頼できるOGA-032日本語試験対策 & 資格試験のリーダー & 正確な OGA-032: ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam

人生は自転車に乗ると似ていて、やめない限り、倒れないから。IT技術職員として、周りの人はThe Open Group OGA-032試験に合格し高い月給を持って、上司からご格別の愛護を賜り更なるジョブプロモーションを期待されますけど、あなたはこういうように所有したいですか。変化を期待したいあなたにThe Open Group OGA-032試験備考資料を提供する権威性のあるPass4Testをお勧めさせていただきませんか。

オーブングループOGA-032 (ArchiMate 3 Part 2) 認定試験は、エンタープライズアーキテクチャの原則、3.0の概念、構成要素、視点を含むエンタープライズアーキテクチャに関連する幅広いトピックをカバーする包括的な試験です。この試験では、ビジネスプロセス、情報システム、テクノロジーインフラストラクチャ間の関係についての候補者の理解、およびArchiMate 3.0モデリング言語を使用してエンタープライズアーキテクチャを設計および管理する能力も評価しています。

The Open Group ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam 認定 OGA-032 試験問題 (Q10-Q15):

質問 # 10

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

The IT Operations (IT Ops) department at ArchiSurance has five core responsibilities, each encompassing a dedicated business process: (1) Batch Operations (Batch Ops), (2) Online Operations (Online Ops), (3) Security Operations (Security Ops), (4) User Support and (5) Continuous Improvement. Service level agreements (SLAs) are in place for Batch Ops and Online Ops, and each

Ops process generates monitoring data that is utilized by the Continuous Improvement process.

The System Ops category consists of Batch Ops, Online Ops, and Security Ops, each having an incident management sub-process. These sub-processes are triggered by Batch, Online, and Security Incidents, respectively. In the initial stages of the incident management sub-processes, an Incident Alert is shared with the other System Ops processes by posting it to the Alert Buffer. Batch Ops relies on a schedule that outlines all batch jobs and their dependencies. This schedule serves two sub-processes: Batch Planning, which updates the schedule for use by the Execution Management sub-process.

The Batch Ops process relies on a suite of interconnected applications to facilitate its operations. Among these applications, the Batch Scheduler plays a vital role by allowing users to manage a comprehensive database of jobs, job schedules, and dependencies. It effectively launches batch jobs according to the information stored in the database.

Working in conjunction with the Batch Scheduler, the Batch Monitor application utilizes the job schedules as a reference point to monitor job execution. It identifies any exceptional conditions that may arise during the execution process. To ensure effective handling of these exceptions, the Batch Monitor communicates the information to both the Batch Scheduler and the Incident Handler applications through the previously mentioned Alert Buffer.

The Incident Handler application operates based on a defined set of business rules. It uses these rules to determine the relevant systems and individuals that need to be notified in the event of each incident.

Subsequently, the Incident Handler

application generates appropriate notifications according to these determinations.

Recognizing the criticality of the Batch Scheduler, Batch Monitor, and Incident Handler applications, ArchiSurance has implemented redundant hosting arrangements across multiple geographically distributed data centers. In each data center, these three applications are supported by fully redundant virtual server clusters. Each cluster is connected to two site local area networks, both of which are further linked to separate storage array hardware devices.

Refer to the scenario

As part of an IT service management initiative, you have been assigned the task to show how applications and technology support the Batch Ops process. This should show the relationships between the applications, their functions, the data they access, and the technology that hosts the applications and data, along with the networks that connect the servers. It is only necessary to model a single data center.

Which of the following answers provides the most complete and accurate model?

- A. A diagram of a firefighter Description automatically generated
-
- B. A diagram of a work flow Description automatically generated
-
- C. A diagram of a software system Description automatically generated with medium confidence
-
- D. A diagram of a work flow Description automatically generated
-

正解: A

解説:

The correct answer is C as it provides the most complete and accurate model according to the ArchiMate® 3 framework and the given scenario.

Here's why:

* Business Processes and Sub-Processes:

* Batch Operations (Batch Ops) is one of the core responsibilities in IT Operations, and its processes are modeled clearly. The Batch Scheduler is responsible for managing batch jobs, schedules, and dependencies.

* The Batch Monitor is correctly shown to monitor the job execution and notify exceptions using the Alert Buffer.

* The Incident Handler is used to notify relevant systems and individuals, triggered by the incident detection from Batch Monitor. This is modeled by the use of incident handling rules and notifications.

* Application Layer (Application Components and Functions):

* The Batch Scheduler, Batch Monitor, and Incident Handler are accurately depicted as the main applications. These applications are crucial for managing job scheduling, monitoring execution, and handling incidents.

* These applications share the same virtual server cluster, which is an important detail reflecting redundancy and high availability, which was mentioned in the scenario.

* The interrelationships between applications are accurately depicted: the Batch Scheduler launches jobs, the Batch Monitor checks their status, and Incident Handler deals with exceptions.

* Data Access:

* The Batch Scheduler accesses and updates batch jobs and schedules, and this is represented clearly.

* The Incident data and Incident notifications are accurately modeled as being used by Incident Handler.

* Technology Layer:

* The Virtual server cluster, Storage arrays, and Site Local Area Networks are appropriately connected to support the application

infrastructure.

- * Redundancy is shown through the use of multiple storage arrays and network connections, as described in the scenario.

- * Accuracy in Relationship Types (ArchiMate® 3) References:

- * The relationships between components are modeled using ArchiMate® 3 standards, such as flow relationships between the Batch Monitor and Alert Buffer or between the Incident Handler and storage components.

- * Triggering relationships exist between the applications that manage batch jobs and the monitoring /notification process, ensuring correct job execution and incident handling.

Conclusion: Answer C is the most complete model, as it accurately reflects the roles of the various applications, their interactions, and the underlying technology components in support of the Batch Ops process, following the guidelines and modeling standards of ArchiMate® 3.

質問 # 11

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiSurance has decided to leverage its financial expertise by offering defined contribution retirement plans.

Each trading day, ArchiSurance submits consolidated mutual fund trading transactions to a stock exchange on behalf of its retirement plan participants.

The daily mutual fund trading cycle consists of four key processes: Transaction capture, pricing, trading and reconciliation.

Transaction capture consists of two sub-processes: manual exchange and loans and distributions (L&D). For transaction capture, retirement plan participants use an online account management application to enter manual fund exchange transactions. For L&D, plan participants use a separate application to enter requests. The L&D application determines whether the request can be fulfilled based on the mutual fund balances held in each plan balances and a set of business rules. Each day's captured manual exchange transactions accumulate in a transaction database.

ArchiSurance contracts with a third-party information service to receive a file of mutual fund prices at the close of each trading day.

The pricing application uses this file to convert captured transaction into trades, and then validates each trade against the mutual fund balances held in each plan. The pricing application generates a trade file with the minimum number of trades necessary. The trading application sends this file to an external trading service.

When the trading application

receives a confirmation file back from the trading service, it causes the reconciliation application to update the plan recordkeeping database.

The account management and L&D applications are hosted on separate application server clusters. Each cluster is a physically separate host that runs application server software on a set of virtualized hosts. All of these applications use a database server infrastructure that is hosted on another separate cluster of virtualized servers also on a dedicated physical host. The pricing, consolidation, trading and reconciliation applications, however, are batch applications that run on the ArchiSurance mainframe computer. All application hosts are connected via a converged data center network (DCN), which also connects them to a storage area network (SAN) as well as a wide area network (WAN) that is used to communicate with the external trading service. The SAN includes two physically separate storage arrays, one of which holds data for all databases, and another that holds data for all files.

Refer to the Scenario

The systems analysts would like to better understand the business processes and applications for daily fund trading. You have been asked to describe the business processes and sub-processes, the applications that they use, the data objects accessed by those applications, and the external application services that access some of those data objects.

Which of the following is the best answer? Note that you are not required to model the business actors/roles.

- A. ☐
- B. ☐
- C. ☒
- D. ☐

正解: C

解説:

In this scenario, the goal is to model the business processes, their sub-processes, the applications supporting these processes, and the data objects these applications access. Additionally, external services that access some of these data objects need to be shown. This includes capturing the key processes and their dependencies, as well as understanding how the applications interact with data and external services.

Key ArchiMate® 3.2 Concepts Applied:

- * Business Processes and Sub-Processes:

- * Transaction Capture Process: Consists of two sub-processes:

- * Manual Exchange

- * Loans & Distribution (L&D) This process is responsible for capturing transactions from users through different applications (Online

Account Management, L&D Application).

- * Pricing Process: This process uses the Mutual Fund Prices from a third-party service and the Plan Balances to validate and price trades.

- * Trading Process: This process generates a Trade File and interacts with an external Trading Service.

- * Reconciliation Process: This final process updates the Plan Recordkeeping Data after confirming trades from the External Trading Service.

- * Applications and Data:

- * Online Account Management Application and L&D Application: These capture user inputs for transactions and maintain Transaction Data and Plan Balances.

- * Pricing Application: Uses Mutual Fund Prices and Transaction Data to generate Trade Data.

- * Trading Application: Submits Trade Data and receives a Confirmation File from the external Trading Service.

- * Reconciliation Application: Uses the Confirmation File to update Plan Recordkeeping Data.

- * External Application Services:

- * Third-Party Information Service: Provides Mutual Fund Prices.

- * External Trading Service: Processes trades and returns a Confirmation File.

- * Data Objects:

- * Transaction Data: Captured by the transaction capture processes.

- * Mutual Fund Prices: Received from the third-party service.

- * Trade Data: Generated by the pricing and trading applications.

- * Plan Recordkeeping Data: Updated by the reconciliation process after trade confirmation.

Why Option B is Correct:

- * Option B provides the most complete and accurate representation of the scenario. It captures the business processes (Transaction Capture, Pricing, Trading, Reconciliation) and their sub-processes, while showing the appropriate connections to the applications that support these processes.

- * It clearly depicts the data objects (Transaction Data, Plan Balances, Trade File, Mutual Fund Prices, Plan Recordkeeping Data) and their flows between the processes and applications.

- * The model also includes the external services (Third-Party Information Service and External Trading Service), showing how these interact with the internal applications and data objects.

- * It accurately represents the flow of Trade Data from the Pricing Application to the Trading Application, and the use of Mutual Fund Prices by the Pricing Process.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- * Option A and Option D miss some critical connections between the applications and the external services. They also lack clarity in how the data flows between the processes and applications.

- * Option C does not adequately represent the interaction between the applications and the external services (e.g., Third-Party Information Service), which is a key requirement in this scenario.

Conclusion:

Option B provides the best and most accurate description of the business processes, applications, data objects, and external services involved in ArchiSurance's daily fund trading operations, following ArchiMate® 3.2 standards for modeling business processes and applications.

質問 # 12

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiAir Catering Services (ACS) manages the catering services for ArchiAir, a leading airline. ACS is the sole catering supplier for all ArchiAir flights, and its services include full provisioning to the aircraft.

Currently, ACS operates three central production facilities, supported by distribution hubs and local pre-flight production facilities.

The central production facilities are responsible for producing standardized non-food materials (such as plates, cutlery, and boxes), non-perishable food products, and key ingredients required by the local production facilities. These materials are subsequently distributed to the distribution hubs, which also serve as warehouses for the local production facilities. Within the local production facilities, multiple production machines are utilized, each featuring dedicated workstations for chefs and quality inspectors. Most of the local production facilities employ fully automated assembly lines, including built-in packaging stations. The loaded service trolleys are then transported to the aircraft using small lorries.

In response to investor pressure for ArchiAir to reduce its carbon footprint, the CEO of ACS has announced a plan to address this environmental concern. Subsequently, the Ministry of Social Welfare and Health has enacted a law mandating a reduction in CO₂ emissions from all production facilities by the end of the year. Additionally, the airline's decision to raise ticket prices due to escalating fuel costs has led to a decrease in passenger numbers. This, in turn, impacts the volume of non-food materials required from ACS. An internal investigation has produced a report highlighting the potential benefits of centralizing production facilities and reducing the number of distribution centers. Such changes would result in lower CO₂ emissions while still effectively meeting all the requirements of ArchiAir.

In addition to evaluating its supply chain to reduce its carbon footprint, ArchiAir is taking proactive steps to achieve a net zero

carbon footprint for its IT operations. The Chief Information Officer (CIO) has identified two crucial requirements to support this endeavor. The first requirement involves switching to renewable energy for ACS facilities, which are often located in remote areas where traditional fuels are the primary source of energy. To align with sustainability goals, ArchiAir aims to transition these facilities to renewable energy sources. By utilizing renewable energy, ArchiAir can significantly reduce its reliance on traditional fuels and contribute to a greener operation. The second requirement pertains to the scalability of ArchiAir's IT operations, taking into account the airline's susceptibility to seasonal changes in demand. The CIO has observed notable disparities between sites that have additional blade servers and can scale their capacity, and sites that solely rely on the two mainframes housed in central facilities. A comprehensive report has revealed that the blade servers have a negligible impact on resource waste, whereas the mainframes are notorious for their power inefficiency, particularly during periods of low demand.

Refer to the Scenario

Which of the following answers best describes the proposed transition from baseline to target, including details of motivation for changes? Note that there is no need to show the details of the target state.

- A. ☐
- B. ☐
- C. A diagram of a process Description automatically generated
☐
- D. ☒

正解： D

解説：

The correct answer is D, as it best describes the transition from the baseline to the target state, including the motivation for changes based on the scenario. Here's a detailed explanation of why D is the most accurate model:

* **Baseline and Target:**

* The Baseline state in all answers correctly depicts the current structure of ACS's operations, including the ACS Central Production, Local Trucking, ACS Local Production, and Fully Automated Assembly Line.

* D captures the essential transition from this baseline state to the target state by illustrating how the organization is aiming to decrease CO2 emissions, as required by the new regulations, and how they intend to centralize production facilities.

* **Motivation for Changes (Decrease in CO2 Emissions):**

* The CEO's plan to reduce CO2 emissions is a critical driver for change. This is captured clearly in D, which shows the effects of Decreasing CO2 Emissions, Complying with Laws and Regulations, and Centralizing Production Facilities.

* The Ministry of Social Welfare and Health's law mandating CO2 reductions is accurately reflected in D, showing compliance as part of the motivation.

* D also depicts the motivation to centralize production facilities, which helps reduce CO2 emissions and aligns with the internal report suggesting that fewer distribution centers can meet ACS's needs effectively.

* **Business and Environmental Factors:**

* The scenario also points out that passenger numbers have decreased due to rising ticket prices, which reduces the demand for non-food materials from ACS. This factor is linked to the centralization effort, as reducing the need for distribution centers can reduce costs while still meeting business needs.

* D reflects this by linking Fewer Distribution Centers and Centralized Production Facilities to both decreased emissions and operational efficiency.

* **Compliance with Laws and Regulations:**

* D shows a clear connection between compliance with CO2 Emission Laws and the Amount of CO2 Emissions generated by ACS, which is an essential driver of change in the scenario.

* The need to ensure that emissions are within the legal limit is modeled effectively in D, reflecting the scenario's requirement to meet regulatory expectations by the end of the year.

* **Centralization of Production:**

* The scenario suggests that centralizing production is one way to reduce emissions and achieve operational efficiency. This is depicted clearly in D, where Production Facilities Centralized leads to both fewer distribution centers and a significant decrease in CO2 emissions.

* D links the motivation for fewer distribution centers to environmental sustainability (CO2 reduction) as well as operational improvements.

* **Comprehensive ArchiMate® 3 Compliance:**

* D aligns well with ArchiMate® 3 standards. It models the Motivation Elements such as goals (e.g., Decrease CO2 Emissions), assessments (e.g., CO2 Emission Above Norm), and requirements (e.g., Comply with Laws and Regulations) accurately.

* The relationships between these motivation elements are correctly depicted using ArchiMate® connectors like influences and associations, ensuring that the transition from baseline to target is clear and fully compliant with ArchiMate® 3 best practices.

Conclusion: Answer D provides the best representation of the proposed transition, focusing on the motivations for centralization and reduction of CO2 emissions. It accurately reflects the scenario's requirements, including legal compliance, environmental goals, and

operational changes, all while following ArchiMate® 3 modeling standards.

質問 # 13

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiCar is a specialized company that focuses on manufacturing luxury electric cars and powertrain components, along with producing battery-charging equipment. With its own distribution network and showrooms, ArchiCar adopts a direct-to- customer sales model through online channels.

The manufacturing of ArchiCar's electric cars is carried out on fully automated assembly lines. Leveraging a cutting-edge manufacturing process, the company boasts an impressive ability to sell and deliver a vehicle within just one month from the time of order placement. Anticipating significant growth, the CEO has set ambitious plans to increase annual production from 100,000 to 500,000 vehicles within a three-year timeframe.

To ensure the highest quality standards, ArchiCar relies on locally manufactured finished steel from the renowned ArchiMetal plant. ArchiMetal specializes in lightweight steels that allow ArchiCar to achieve a reduced vehicle weight without compromising strength and crash performance. The finished steel is efficiently transported by rail to ArchiCar's production plant, where it is stored in a dedicated warehouse until required for the automated car assembly process. Conveyor belts facilitate the seamless transfer of the finished steel from the warehouse to the assembly plant.

At the ArchiCar assembly plant, an optimized and streamlined assembly process is implemented, resulting in the production of 12 vehicles per hour. Once assembled, the cars are transported to a nearby distribution center using specialized trucks.

These vehicles are then stored at the distribution center until they are ready for delivery to their eagerly awaiting new owners.

Refer to the Scenario

You are a consultant to the CIO. She has asked you to illustrate the end-to-end technology processes at ArchiCar from raw materials to assembled cars ready for delivery.

Which of the following answers provides the best description?

- A. ☐
- B. ☒
- C. ☐
- D. A diagram of a vehicle assembly Description automatically generated

☐

正解: B

解説:

In this scenario, the task is to model the end-to-end technology processes at ArchiCar, showing how raw materials (finished steel) are processed through the company's manufacturing, transportation, and distribution system, ultimately resulting in fully assembled cars ready for delivery.

Key ArchiMate® 3.2 Concepts Applied:

* Business Processes:

* Steel Making: ArchiMetal manufactures finished steel, a key raw material for ArchiCar's production.

* Transportation: The finished steel is transported by rail from the ArchiMetal steel plant to ArchiCar's warehouse.

* Storage: The finished steel is stored in the ArchiCar Warehouse until it is required for the assembly process.

* Car Assembly: The conveyor belt moves the steel from the warehouse to the assembly plant, where cars are assembled on automated lines.

* Transportation (Specialized Trucks): Once assembled, the cars are transported to a distribution center using specialized trucks.

* Storage (Distribution Center): The finished cars are stored in the distribution center, awaiting delivery to customers.

* Application and Technology Components:

* Conveyor Belt: The transfer of finished steel between the warehouse and assembly plant is automated via the conveyor belt.

* Rail Transport and Specialized Trucks: Rail transport handles the movement of steel, and specialized trucks are used for car transportation to the distribution center.

* End-to-End Flow:

* The model needs to clearly depict the full process flow from the production of steel, through its transportation and storage, to the automated assembly of luxury cars and their eventual transportation to the distribution center.

* The relationships between processes (e.g., steel making, transportation, car assembly, and storage) must be clear and follow the logical flow of operations.

Why Option D is Correct:

* Option D provides a clear and accurate representation of the end-to-end process as described in the scenario.

* It begins with the steel-making process at the ArchiMetal steel plant and follows through with the transportation of the finished steel to the warehouse by rail transport.

* The process of moving steel via the conveyor belt from the warehouse to the assembly plant for car manufacturing is clearly depicted.

* Once cars are assembled, they are transported to the distribution center using specialized trucks and are then stored until delivery,

completing the end-to-end flow.

* The relationships between processes and supporting components (e.g., conveyor belt, transportation methods) are clearly illustrated, following ArchiMate® standards.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

* Option A is incorrect because it misses some key elements of the process. It does not fully clarify the role of the warehouse or how the finished steel is transported between locations.

* Option B misrepresents the process flow, particularly the storage and assembly process. The connection between steel production and car assembly is not as clearly illustrated.

* Option C also lacks clarity in how the finished steel is moved from the warehouse to the assembly plant, and it does not accurately capture the flow of transportation and storage after car assembly.

Conclusion:

Option D is the best answer because it provides the most complete and clear description of the end-to-end technology processes at ArchiCar, from raw materials (finished steel) to assembled luxury cars ready for delivery. It aligns well with the scenario and adheres to ArchiMate® 3.2 modeling standards, showing all necessary relationships between business processes and supporting components.

質問 # 14

Please read this scenario prior to answering the question

ArchiCar has been a market leader in the premium priced luxury car sector for the last decade. Its product leadership strategy has brought superior products to market, and enabled ArchiCar to achieve premium prices for its cars. This strategy has been widely successful in the past, but recently competitors have been offering comparable products and taking significant market share. The governing board of ArchiCar has identified opportunities in emerging markets where the ArchiCar brand is associated with luxury and high performance products, but is thought to be too expensive for mass-market success.

Based on this assessment, the board has made the decision to setup a subsidiary company to mass-produce affordable cars locally. This will be achieved by focusing on a strategy of operational excellence. Such a strategy is ideal for such markets where customers value cost over other factors.

To facilitate this strategic transformation, the project has been divided into multiple phases within a five-year program. The initial phase, known as "Achieving Operational Excellence," is underway. The engineering team has begun devising an action plan to drive the necessary changes and outlining the technological conditions that must be met. The product architect has identified three current capabilities - industry-leading engineering, high-quality materials sourcing, and cutting-edge focussed R&D - along with their contributions to the new production philosophy.

Moving forward, it has been determined that two out of the three current capabilities require revision.

Materials sourcing needs to be adjusted to meet optimization demands, and R&D targets must align with future goals to enable affordable production.

Additionally, process engineering is introduced as a fourth capability to shift the company's focus from products to a process-oriented approach.

The Enterprise Architecture team has been tasked with migration planning, and identifying keywork packages and deliverables. They have identified two transition states between the current and future scenario. The first transition aims to adjust current capabilities, including revising the R&D approach and procurement strategy. The second transition aims to shift from a product-centric mindset to a process-focused approach and adjust materials sourcing accordingly.

It is important to consider existing supplier contracts that cannot be immediately canceled during this process.

The Enterprise Architecture team has identified that the second transition must implement a process framework, in order to shift to a process focus and meet a number of requirements, including the requirement for end-to-end process thinking. As this requirement impacts procurement processes, it also impacts the procurement strategy.

Refer to the Scenario

You have been tasked with modeling the current capabilities of ArchiCar, identifying the capabilities necessary for the company to achieve Operational Excellence, and showing the motivations behind these changes Which of the following models best answers this?

- A. A diagram of a process AI-generated content may be incorrect.
☐
- B. A diagram of a process AI-generated content may be incorrect.
☐
- C. A diagram of a process AI-generated content may be incorrect.
☐
- D. A diagram of a process AI-generated content may be incorrect.
☐

正解: B

解説:

We need to find the model that best represents:

- * Current Capabilities- Industry-leading engineering, high-quality materials sourcing, and cutting-edge focused R&D.
- * Strategic Shift- Moving from product leadership to operational excellence to enter emerging markets.
- * Required Changes-
- * Adjusting R&D targets to support cost-effective production.
- * Revising materials sourcing for optimization.
- * Introducing process engineering to enable a process-oriented mindset.
- * Motivations Behind the Changes-
- * Competitor pressure.
- * Emerging market opportunities.
- * High costs limiting mass-market success.

Why D is the Best Choice:

#Includes all current and future capabilities- Shows the existing strengths of engineering, R&D, and materials sourcing while introducing process engineering as required for operational excellence. #Clearly depicts the shift in strategy- From product leadership to operational excellence and the necessary transformations. #Captures stakeholder concerns and motivations- Including competition, cost concerns, and emerging market opportunities. #Represents dependencies and sequencing correctly- Reflecting how each capability change contributes to the transition states and ultimate business goals.

Why Not A, B, or C?

- * A: Does not properly represent the transition between product leadership and operational excellence.
- * B: Fails to clearly define the required capability changes and motivations.
- * C: Lacks key relationships between strategy shifts and operational changes.

質問 # 15

.....

The Open GroupのOGA-032試験に参加するつもりの方の多くの受験生は就職しました。ほかのたくさんの受験生は生活の中でのことに挑戦しています。だから、我々は受験生の皆さんに一番効果的なThe Open GroupのOGA-032復習方法を提供します。あなたは安心して我々の商品を購入できるために、我々は各バージョンのThe Open GroupのOGA-032復習資料のサンプルを提供してあなたに試させます。我々のThe Open GroupのOGA-032復習資料を通して、いろいろな受験生はもうThe Open GroupのOGA-032試験に合格しました。あなたは我々のソフトのメリットを感じられると希望します。



OGA-032関連資格試験対応: <https://www.pass4test.jp/OGA-032.html>

Pass4TestのThe Open GroupのOGA-032トレーニング資料はあなたに期待するものを与えますから、もちろん、購入前に、OGA-032関連資格試験対応 - ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam試験トレーニング資料についてのこと、ご遠慮なく我々社の係員にお問い合わせください、注意するのは、無料のデモはOGA-032 ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam認定練習問題集の全知識が含まれていないということです、The Open Group OGA-032日本語試験対策 商品を購入するとき、信頼できる会社を選ぶことができます、The Open Group OGA-032日本語試験対策 購入する前に、あなたは参照のために質問と回答の一部をダウンロードすることができます、The Open Group OGA-032日本語試験対策 今後は本当にいいチャンスです。

その長男も、実の両親より祖父母に懐いている、いえ、意外だなと思って 意外、Pass4TestのThe Open GroupのOGA-032トレーニング資料はあなたに期待するものを与えますから、もちろん、購入前に、ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam試験トレーニング資料についてのこと、ご遠慮なく我々社の係員にお問い合わせください。

認定するThe Open Group OGA-032 | 素敵なOGA-032日本語試験対策試験 | 試験の準備方法ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam関連資格試験対応

注意するのは、無料のデモはOGA-032 ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam認定練習問題集の全知識が含まれていないということです、商品を購入するとき、信頼できる会社を選ぶことができます、購入する前に、あなたは参照のために質問と回答の一部をダウンロードすることができます。

- ユニークなOGA-032日本語試験対策 - 合格スムーズOGA-032関連資格試験対応 | 一番優秀なOGA-032最新資料 ➤ 今すぐ ☐ www.pass4test.jp ☐ で  OGA-032 ☐  を検索し、無料でダウンロードしてくださいOGA-032トレーニング費用
- OGA-032認定資格試験 ☐ OGA-032基礎問題集 ☐ OGA-032トレーニング費用 ☐ ☒ www.goshiken.com ☐ ☒ で【OGA-032】を検索して、無料でダウンロードしてくださいOGA-032認定資格試験
- OGA-032認定資格試験 ☐ OGA-032基礎問題集 ☐ OGA-032受験記対策 ☐ 検索するだけで ☐

www.goshiken.com から OGA-032 を無料でダウンロード OGA-032 日本語版参考書

- OGA-032 日本語的中対策 □ OGA-032 専門知識訓練 □ OGA-032 専門知識訓練 □ ▶ www.goshiken.com ◀ に無料の ✓ OGA-032 □ ✓ □ 問題集があります OGA-032 科目対策
- The Open Group OGA-032 試験の準備方法 | 一番優秀な OGA-032 日本語試験対策試験 | 最高の ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam 関連資格試験対応 □ □ www.mogixam.com □ から簡単に ➡ OGA-032 □ を無料でダウンロードできます OGA-032 資格関連題
- The Open Group OGA-032 認定試験に関連する最高の参考資料を薦める * ウェブサイト ➡ www.goshiken.com □ を開き、□ OGA-032 □ を検索して無料でダウンロードしてください OGA-032 資格関連題
- OGA-032 最新知識 □ OGA-032 日本語的中対策 □ OGA-032 基礎問題集 □ [www.xhs1991.com] は、⇒ OGA-032 ⇐ を無料でダウンロードするのに最適なサイトです OGA-032 基礎問題集
- OGA-032 受験記対策 □ OGA-032 日本語的中対策 □ OGA-032 問題トレーニング □ ▷ www.goshiken.com ◁ を開き、【 OGA-032 】を入力して、無料でダウンロードしてください OGA-032 復習問題集
- OGA-032 トレーニング費用 □ OGA-032 専門トレーニング □ OGA-032 専門知識訓練 ↓ サイト □ www.shikenpass.com □ で ⇒ OGA-032 ⇐ 問題集をダウンロード OGA-032 トレーニング費用
- OGA-032 トレーニング費用 □ OGA-032 日本語版参考書 □ OGA-032 テスト内容 □ ⇒ www.goshiken.com ⇐ に移動し、(OGA-032) を検索して、無料でダウンロード可能な試験資料を探します OGA-032 日本語版復習資料
- OGA-032 試験の準備方法 | 更新する OGA-032 日本語試験対策試験 | 最高の ArchiMate 3 Part 2 Exam 関連資格試験対応 □ 時間限定無料で使える [OGA-032] の試験問題は ➡ www.passtest.jp □ サイトで検索 OGA-032 最新知識
- www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, bbs.t-firefly.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, nmetamorphosis.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, skillboostplatform.com, Disposable vapes