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ISQI CTFL-AT (ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester) Certification Exam is a globally recognized certification that focuses on the Agile methodology of software testing. CTFL-AT exam is designed for individuals who work in Agile environments and are involved in software testing and quality assurance. ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester certification is ideal for testers, developers, project managers, and anyone involved in the software development life cycle.

The CTFL-AT certification exam is ideal for individuals who have completed the ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level certification and those who have experience in Agile software development projects. ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester certification is recognized worldwide and is highly valued by employers in the software testing industry. CTFL-AT Exam is designed to assess the individual's aptitude for Agile testing methodologies and their ability to apply these principles in software development projects.

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ISQI ISTQB Certified Tester - Foundation Level Extension - Agile Tester Sample Questions (Q79-Q84):

NEW QUESTION # 79

Which of the following statements about the benefits of the Agile processes promoting early and frequent feedback is NOT true?

- A. In Agile projects where feedback is provided early and frequently, defects and incorrect requirements are caught earlier and those problems can be fixed faster.
- B. Increasing the frequency of feedback and communication between all the stakeholders involved in Agile projects eliminates all communication problems.
- C. Feedback from well-conducted Agile retrospectives can be used to positively affect the development process over the course of the next iteration.
- D. Early and frequent feedback enables the team to deliver the features that represent the highest business value to the customer first.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 80

Which two of the following statements are CORRECT with regards to test automation on agile projects?

- 1) Every test developed for past iterations is kept and executed as part of a regression suite for each new release of code.
- 2) It would be very difficult to ensure high quality in an agile project without test automation.
- 3) Automated acceptance tests are run regularly as part of the continuous integration full system build.
- 4) Automated regression suites are only run for the final release of code.
- 5) In agile projects, the results from automated acceptance tests provide feedback on the overall product quality.

- A. 3, 4
- B. 1, 3
- C. 2, 3
- D. 2, 5

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

Test automation is essential for agile projects, as it enables fast and frequent feedback on the quality of the product. Without test automation, it would be very difficult to ensure high quality in an agile project, as manual testing would be too slow and costly to keep up with the pace of development¹². Automated acceptance tests are one of the key types of test automation on agile projects, as they verify that the user stories are implemented correctly and that the product meets the customer's expectations. Automated acceptance tests are run regularly as part of the continuous integration full system build, and the results provide feedback on the overall product quality¹². Therefore, statements 2 and 5 are correct with regards to test automation on agile projects. References: 1: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus, Section 3.3.1, Test Automation¹; 2: ASTQB Agile Tester Certification Resources, Section 3.3.1, Test Automation²

NEW QUESTION # 81

You are developing the code that controls an industrial Espresso machine which will be operated by waiting staff in restaurants. The machine is rather complicated and has lots of switches and buttons, so in the next iteration instructions will be provided to the operator on a small LCD screen.

A User Story for the Operator-Instructions module is as follows:

"As an operator of the Espresso machine, I would like to know how to steam milk, so I can add steamed milk to the coffee."

The following is a list of risks identified for this story, with assigned probability and impact.

- A. The instructions may be incorrect or appear in the wrong order. Probability: Low. Impact: High
- B. A small child may try to steam milk. Probability: High. Impact: Low
- C. Operators will not read the instructions and will try various switches and buttons until something works. Probability: Low. Impact: Low

- D. An untrained customer will attempt to use the coffee machine. Probability: High. Impact: High

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

Risk-based testing is a technique that prioritizes testing activities based on the level of risk associated with each feature or requirement. The level of risk is usually calculated by multiplying the probability and impact of each risk. The higher the risk level, the more testing effort should be allocated to mitigate the risk. In this case, the risk level for each option is as follows:

- A). Risk level = Low x Low = Low
- B). Risk level = Low x High = Medium
- C). Risk level = High x High = High
- D). Risk level = High x Low = Medium

Therefore, the highest risk level is C, followed by B and D, and then A.

The User Story for the Operator-Instructions module should be tested according to this risk order, starting with C, then B, then D, and finally A.

Hence, the answer is B, as it is the second highest risk level and should be tested after C.

References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Extension Syllabus1, page 16; ISTQB Agile Tester Sample Exam2, question 18.

NEW QUESTION # 82

Which statement about an Agile task board is CORRECT?

- **A. It provides detailed visual representation of the whole team's status.**
- B. Only "in progress" tasks are shown on the task board.
- C. It is updated once at the end of each iteration.
- D. It is a detailed visual representation of the status of testing.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

An Agile task board is a visual framework to display and sync up on the tasks moving between production steps. It is usually applied to the two most popular Agile development frameworks - Kanban and Scrum. Used by software developers and project managers, an Agile board helps manage workloads in a flexible, transparent, and iterative way1. An Agile task board provides a detailed visual representation of the whole team's status, showing which tasks remain to be started, which are in progress, and which are done. It also helps to track the progress of the current sprint, identify bottlenecks, and facilitate collaboration and communication among team members2. References:

1: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus, Version 2014, Section 2.1.1

2: ASTQB Agile Tester Certification Resources, Agile Testing Foundations, Chapter 2, Section 2.1.1: 6

NEW QUESTION # 83

In a sprint planning, the product owner presents a user story written on a card. The team starts having a discussion with the product owner to get an understanding on how the software should work.

The user story written on the card is:

"As a customer, I want to subscribe to the mailing list so that I can receive the latest deal in an email." By applying the 3C concept, which ONE of the following statements is CORRECT?

- A. The conversation is not required and the team should start developing.
- **B. Conversation should include the acceptance criteria discussion.**
- C. The card should contain requirements not the user story.
- D. Product owner has written a user story and confirmation is not needed.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The 3C concept of user stories consists of three elements: card, conversation, and confirmation12. The card is a written description of the user story that captures the essence of the feature or functionality from the user's perspective. The conversation is a dialogue between the product owner and the development team to clarify the details, assumptions, and expectations of the user story. The confirmation is a set of criteria or tests that verify that the user story is implemented correctly and meets the user's needs12.

3C concept, the correct statement is A, as the conversation should include the acceptance criteria discussion. This will help the team to understand the scope, priority, and value of the user story, as well as the conditions of satisfaction that the product owner expects¹². The other statements are incorrect, as they violate the 3C concept. Statement B is wrong, as the card should contain the user story, not the requirements. The user story is a brief and informal way of expressing the user's goal and benefit, while the requirements are more detailed and specific descriptions of how the software should work. The requirements can be added later as part of the conversation or confirmation¹². Statement C is wrong, as the product owner has written a user story, but confirmation is still needed. The confirmation is a vital part of the 3C concept, as it ensures that the user story is testable, measurable, and verifiable. The confirmation also helps to avoid ambiguity, misunderstanding, or disagreement between the product owner and the development team¹². Statement D is wrong, as the conversation is required and the team should not start developing without it. The conversation is an essential part of the 3C concept, as it allows the team to ask questions, share ideas, and collaborate with the product owner to refine the user story and reach a shared understanding. The conversation also helps to identify the dependencies, risks, and assumptions that may affect the implementation of the user story¹². References: ISTQB Foundation Level Agile Tester Syllabus¹, Section 2.2.1, page 16-17; Effective User Stories - 3C's and INVEST Guide², Section The 3 C's (Card, Conversation, Confirmation) of User Stories.

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