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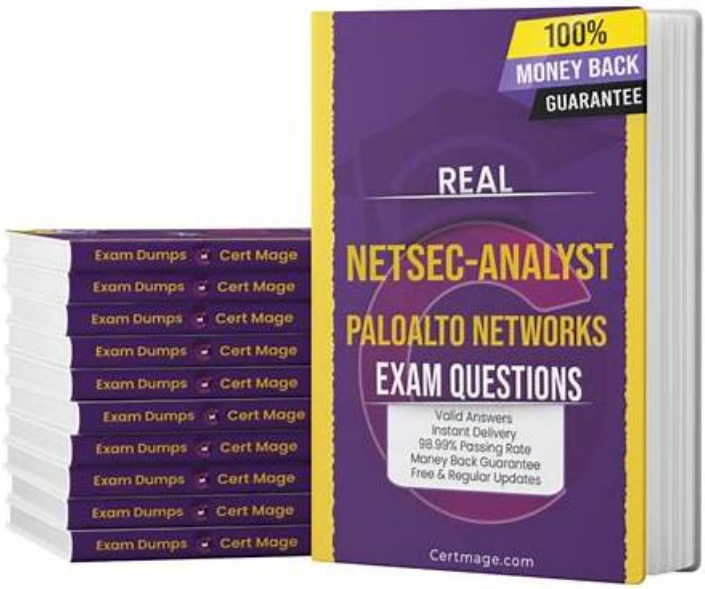

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Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	• Incident Handling and Response: This domain focuses on investigating alerts using forensics, causality chains and timelines, analyzing security incidents, executing response actions including automated remediation, and managing exclusions.
Topic 2	• Alerting and Detection Processes: This domain covers identifying alert types and sources, prioritizing alerts through scoring and custom configurations, creating incidents, and grouping alerts with data stitching techniques.
Topic 3	• Endpoint Security Management: This domain addresses managing endpoint prevention profiles and policies, validating agent operational states, and assessing the impact of agent versions and content updates.
Topic 4	• Data Analysis: This domain encompasses querying data with XQL language, utilizing query templates and libraries, working with lookup tables, hunting for IOCs, using Cortex XDR dashboards, and understanding data retention and Host Insights.

Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61
To stop a network-based attack, any interference with a portion of the attack pattern is enough to prevent it from succeeding. Which statement is correct regarding the Cortex XDR Analytics module?

- A. It interferes with the pattern as soon as it is observed by the firewall.
- B. It does not interfere with any portion of the pattern on the endpoint.
- C. It interferes with the pattern as soon as it is observed on the endpoint.
- D. It does not need to interfere with the any portion of the pattern to prevent the attack.

Answer: C

Explanation:
The correct statement regarding the Cortex XDR Analytics module is D, it interferes with the pattern as soon as it is observed on the endpoint. The Cortex XDR Analytics module is a feature of Cortex XDR that uses machine learning and behavioral analytics to detect and prevent network-based attacks on endpoints. The Cortex XDR Analytics module analyzes the network traffic and activity on the endpoint, and compares it with the attack patterns defined by Palo Alto Networks threat research team. The Cortex XDR Analytics module interferes with the attack pattern as soon as it is observed on the endpoint, by blocking the malicious network connection, process, or file. This way, the Cortex XDR Analytics module can stop the attack before it causes any damage or compromise.
The other statements are incorrect for the following reasons:
A is incorrect because the Cortex XDR Analytics module does interfere with the attack pattern on the endpoint, by blocking the malicious network connection, process, or file. The Cortex XDR Analytics module does not rely on the firewall or any other network device to stop the attack, but rather uses the Cortex XDR agent installed on the endpoint to perform the interference.
B is incorrect because the Cortex XDR Analytics module does not interfere with the attack pattern as soon as it is observed by the firewall. The Cortex XDR Analytics module does not depend on the firewall or any other network device to detect or prevent the attack, but rather uses the Cortex XDR agent installed on the endpoint to perform the analysis and interference. The firewall may not be able to observe or block the attack pattern if it is encrypted, obfuscated, or bypassed by the attacker.
C is incorrect because the Cortex XDR Analytics module does need to interfere with the attack pattern to prevent the attack. The Cortex XDR Analytics module does not only detect the attack pattern, but also prevents it from succeeding by blocking the malicious network connection, process, or file. The Cortex XDR Analytics module does not rely on any other response mechanism or human intervention to stop the attack, but rather uses the Cortex XDR agent installed on the endpoint to perform the interference.
Reference:
Cortex XDR Analytics Module
Cortex XDR Analytics Module Detection and Prevention

NEW QUESTION # 62
What are two purposes of "Respond to Malicious Causality Chains" in a Cortex XDR Windows Malware profile? (Choose two.)

- A. Automatically block the IP addresses involved in malicious traffic.

- B. Automatically terminate the threads involved in malicious activity.
- C. Automatically close the connections involved in malicious traffic.
- D. Automatically kill the processes involved in malicious activity.

Answer: A,D

NEW QUESTION # 63
In the Cortex XDR console, from which two pages are you able to manually perform the agent upgrade action? (Choose two.)

- A. Endpoint Administration
- B. Action Center
- C. Agent Installations
- D. Asset Management

Answer: A,D

Explanation:
To manually upgrade the Cortex XDR agents, you can use the Asset Management page or the Endpoint Administration page in the Cortex XDR console. On the Asset Management page, you can select one or more endpoints and click Actions > Upgrade Agent. On the Endpoint Administration page, you can select one or more agent versions and click Upgrade. You can also schedule automatic agent upgrades using the Agent Installations page. Reference:
Asset Management
Endpoint Administration
Agent Installations

NEW QUESTION # 64
When investigating security events, which feature in Cortex XDR is useful for reverting the changes on the endpoint?

- A. Remediation Suggestions
- B. Automatic Remediation
- C. Machine Remediation
- D. Remediation Automation

Answer: A

Explanation:
When investigating security events, the feature in Cortex XDR that is useful for reverting the changes on the endpoint is Remediation Suggestions. Remediation Suggestions are a feature of Cortex XDR that provide you with recommended actions to undo the effects of malicious activity on your endpoints. You can view the remediation suggestions for each alert or incident in the Cortex XDR console, and decide whether to apply them or not. Remediation Suggestions can help you restore the endpoint to its original state, remove malicious files or processes, or fix registry or system settings. Remediation Suggestions are based on the forensic data collected by the Cortex XDR agent and the analysis performed by Cortex XDR. Reference:
Remediation Suggestions
Apply Remediation Suggestions

NEW QUESTION # 65
When reaching out to TAC for additional technical support related to a Security Event; what are two critical pieces of information you need to collect from the Agent? (Choose Two)

- A. The agent technical support file.
- B. A list of all the current exceptions applied to the agent.
- C. The distribution id of the agent.
- D. The prevention archive from the alert.
- E. The unique agent id.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

When reaching out to TAC for additional technical support related to a security event, two critical pieces of information you need to collect from the agent are:
The agent technical support file. This is a file that contains diagnostic information about the agent, such as its configuration, status, logs, and system information. The agent technical support file can help TAC troubleshoot and resolve issues with the agent or the endpoint. You can generate and download the agent technical support file from the Cortex XDR console, or from the agent itself.
The prevention archive from the alert. This is a file that contains forensic data related to the alert, such as the process tree, the network activity, the registry changes, and the files involved. The prevention archive can help TAC analyze and understand the alert and the malicious activity. You can generate and download the prevention archive from the Cortex XDR console, or from the agent itself.
The other options are not critical pieces of information for TAC, and may not be available or relevant for every security event. For example:
The distribution id of the agent is a unique identifier that is assigned to the agent when it is installed on the endpoint. The distribution id can help TAC identify the agent and its profile, but it is not sufficient to provide technical support or forensic analysis. The distribution id can be found in the Cortex XDR console, or in the agent installation folder.
A list of all the current exceptions applied to the agent is a set of rules that define the files, processes, or behaviors that are excluded from the agent's security policies. The exceptions can help TAC understand the agent's configuration and behavior, but they are not essential to provide technical support or forensic analysis. The exceptions can be found in the Cortex XDR console, or in the agent configuration file.
The unique agent id is a unique identifier that is assigned to the agent when it registers with Cortex XDR. The unique agent id can help TAC identify the agent and its endpoint, but it is not sufficient to provide technical support or forensic analysis. The unique agent id can be found in the Cortex XDR console, or in the agent log file.
Reference:
Generate and Download the Agent Technical Support File
Generate and Download the Prevention Archive
Cortex XDR Agent Administrator Guide: Agent Distribution ID
Cortex XDR Agent Administrator Guide: Exception Security Profiles
[Cortex XDR Agent Administrator Guide: Unique Agent ID]

NEW QUESTION # 66
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