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SAP C_CPI_2506 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Managing APIs: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Architects and focuses on managing APIs within the SAP ecosystem. It covers topics such as API provisioning, lifecycle management, security policies, and monitoring, ensuring candidates can handle APIs effectively for enterprise integration needs.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Implementing Cloud Integration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Consultants and examines how cloud integration flows are designed and deployed. It emphasizes creating integration scenarios, handling connectivity, and applying best practices to build efficient, secure, and reliable integration processes in SAP's cloud environment.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SAP Event Mesh: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Architects and centers on using SAP Event Mesh to support event-driven integration. It highlights the importance of asynchronous communication, event publishing, and subscription models, allowing organizations to build scalable and decoupled systems.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SAP Integration Suite Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of Integration Consultants and covers the foundational concepts of the SAP Integration Suite. It provides an understanding of the suite's capabilities, its role in connecting applications, and its relevance in modern cloud-based integration scenarios.

>> Certification C_CPI_2506 Test Questions <<

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Regular practice can give you the skills and confidence needed to perform well on your C_CPI_2506 exam. By practicing your SAP Certified Associate - Integration Developer (C_CPI_2506) exam regularly, you can increase your chances of success and make sure that all of your hard work pays off when it comes time to take the test. We understand that every SAP Certified Associate - Integration Developer (C_CPI_2506) exam taker has different preferences. To make sure that our SAP Certified Associate - Integration Developer (C_CPI_2506) preparation material is accessible to everyone, we made it available in three different formats. You can choose the most suitable and convenient one for you.

SAP Certified Associate - Integration Developer Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

NEW QUESTION # 22

You have created a product based on an API proxy, but you have not published the product yet. What is a consequence?

- A. The product is not displayed in the API Business Hub Enterprise.
- B. The product is displayed in the API Business Hub Enterprise but is grayed out.
- C. The product is displayed in the API Business Hub Enterprise with the note "not published".

Answer: A

Explanation:

In API Management (part of SAP Integration Suite), when you create an API Product (which bundles API Proxies for consumption):

Publishing is required before it becomes visible in API Business Hub Enterprise (Developer Portal).

If the product is not yet published, it remains in the design-time environment and is invisible to app developers.

Only published products are available for subscription and discovery.

Other options:

The product will not be shown grayed out or with a "not published" note; it simply won't be visible at all in the Business Hub Enterprise.

NEW QUESTION # 23

You have set up a basic authentication policy, but the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401. What could be a reason?

- A. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="preflow"
- B. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="postFlow"
- C. In the AssignMessage policy, the Assign To tag has the type="response"
- D. In the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="request"

Answer: C

Explanation:

A possible reason why the API proxy returns an HTTP status of 401 after setting up a basic authentication policy is that in the AssignMessage policy, the AssignTo tag has the type="response". This means that the basic authentication value is assigned to the response header instead of the request header. This will cause an authentication failure when calling the backend server or service that requires basic authentication. To fix this issue, you should change the type attribute of the AssignTo tag to type="request". This will ensure that the basic authentication value is assigned to the request header before sending it to the target endpoint. Reference: Basic Authentication | SAP Help Portal, Assign Message Policy | SAP Help Portal

NEW QUESTION # 24

What minimum user permission is required to create a queue within the emis-s4hana message client?

- A. Role collections for Event Mesh
- B. Sufficient authorization within the emis-s4hana system
- C. Eemis-s4hana message client administrators group membership
- D. Administrator privileges on the Event Mesh

Answer: A

Explanation:

In SAP Integration Suite, Event Mesh (EMIS), queue creation and management requires specific role collections assigned to the user in SAP BTP:

EventMeshAdmin # Provides full administration rights (create, delete, configure queues, topics, subscriptions).

EventMeshDeveloper # Allows development tasks, including working with queues and topic subscriptions.

Other options are not correct:

Message client administrators group membership # Not a BTP role collection concept.

Administrator privileges on Event Mesh # Too generic; the system enforces access through role collections.

Sufficient authorization within emis-s4hana system # S/4HANA authorizations do not govern Event Mesh capabilities.

Thus, the minimum permission required is assignment of the Event Mesh role collections in BTP.

NEW QUESTION # 25

What are API Management components? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. API Entity
- B. Authorization server
- **C. API Designer**
- **D. Product**

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Key API Management components in SAP Integration Suite:

API Designer # Used to design APIs, import specifications (OpenAPI, RAML), and define metadata.

Product # Groups one or more APIs into a package that can be published to API Business Hub Enterprise.

Other options:

Authorization Server # Part of security infrastructure, not a direct API Management component.

API Entity # Not a defined component; the actual entities are API Proxies, Providers, and Products.

Thus, correct components are API Designer and Product.

NEW QUESTION # 26

In your integration flow process, the request reply returns a message with namespaces. What can you do to delete namespaces from this message? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- **A. Use an XSLT mapping.**
- **B. Use a Content Modifier**
- C. Set up the namespace mapping in the Runtime Configuration.
- D. Set up the request reply to delete the namespaces

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

A Content Modifier is a step in an integration flow that allows you to modify the message header or body using expressions or constants. You can use a Content Modifier to delete namespaces from a message by using expressions that remove the namespace declarations or prefixes from the XML elements or attributes. For example, you can use the expression `replace($body, "xmlns:ns[0-9]+=[\"[`

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