

New 2V0-17.25 Practice Questions - High-quality VMware VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Administrator - 2V0-17.25 Reliable Exam Tutorial



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VMware 2V0-17.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Architects and focuses on understanding the broader context of IT architectures, common technologies, and industry standards. While it does not have testable objectives, it sets the foundation for how VMware Cloud Foundation aligns with enterprise cloud strategies.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Plan and Design the VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Solution Designers and emphasizes the ability to plan and design VMware by Broadcom solutions. Although no testable objectives are defined here, it reinforces the importance of architectural planning and design considerations for large-scale cloud deployments.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">VMware Cloud Foundation Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures the skills of Private Cloud Engineers and covers the basic building blocks of VMware Cloud Foundation. It includes the vision and use cases for private cloud, along with the value it provides to businesses. Candidates are expected to understand compute fundamentals such as deploying and managing vCenter, ESXi, clusters, and virtual machines. Storage fundamentals include configuring vSphere storage, setting up vSAN clusters, applying storage policies, and understanding resilience options. Networking fundamentals are also assessed, with a focus on configuring connectivity, fabrics, routing, and network services in a VMware environment.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy, Configure, and Operate VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF): This section of the exam measures the skills of VCF Administrators and goes in-depth into deploying, configuring, and managing VMware Cloud Foundation. The deployment portion covers identifying deployment models, configuring private cloud environments, and setting up workload domains and networking. The management objectives focus on lifecycle operations such as fleet management, identity and role-based access, licensing, certificate handling, and importing existing vCenters. Operations are assessed through capabilities like monitoring health, logs, networks, and storage, along with creating dashboards, configuring alerts, and ensuring compliance. The automation portion evaluates skills in using VCF Automation for multi-tenancy, provider networking, content libraries, governance policies, and extensibility to automate business processes. It also includes knowledge of deploying Supervisor-based services within Cloud Foundation.
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VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Administrator Sample Questions (Q17-Q22):

NEW QUESTION # 17

Which vSphere feature ensures CPU compatibility across a cluster, allowing vMotion between hosts with different processor generations?

- A. vSphere Replication
- B. vSAN Encryption
- **C. EVC (Enhanced vMotion Compatibility)**
- D. Resource Pools

Answer: C

Explanation:

EVC masks or exposes only the CPU features that are compatible across a cluster. This allows for seamless vMotion across hosts with slightly different CPU feature sets.

NEW QUESTION # 18

An organization is planning to manage a diverse set of databases across multiple VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environments using Data Services Manager.

Which three capabilities of Data Services Manager would help the organization managing these databases efficiently? (Choose three.)

- A. Automated database migration between on-premises and cloud environments
- **B. Policy-based backup and recovery for databases**
- C. Integration with vSAN for optimized storage management
- **D. Automated database provisioning and deployment**
- **E. Centralized monitoring and alerting for all managed databases**

Answer: B,D,E

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Data Services Manager provides several key capabilities that help organizations efficiently manage databases across VMware Cloud Foundation environments. The official documentation describes the following functions:

Centralized monitoring and alerting for all managed databases (A): Data Services Manager offers a single pane of glass for monitoring health, usage, and generating alerts for all databases under management.

Policy-based backup and recovery for databases (C): The platform allows administrators to define policies for backup and restore operations, ensuring data protection and compliance across all managed databases.

Automated database provisioning and deployment (E): Administrators can automate the deployment, scaling, and lifecycle management of databases, streamlining the operational process.

While Data Services Manager integrates with VMware storage and supports operational automation, it does not provide built-in, automated migration between on-premises and cloud environments, nor does it specifically require direct integration with vSAN for its optimized storage management features.

NEW QUESTION # 19

When configuring storage on an ESXi host, which of the following must be set up correctly to ensure a stable environment?

- A. Direct RAW device mapping of host USB drives for production VMs
- B. Properly defined storage adapters (e.g., iSCSI initiators)
- C. Datastore heartbeats for HA cluster monitoring
- D. Multipathing policies for redundant paths to storage

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:

Setting up storage adapters, heartbeat mechanisms (for HA), and multipathing are important for stable operations. Mapping host USB drives (D) to production VMs is not typically a best practice and is rarely used in an enterprise environment.

NEW QUESTION # 20

Which VMware solution provides insight into resource usage trends and capacity analytics, enabling predictive optimization of vSphere environments?

- A. vRealize Operations Manager
- B. vCenter Server High Availability
- C. vRealize Log Insight
- D. vSphere Auto Deploy

Answer: A

Explanation:

vRealize Operations Manager offers advanced analytics for capacity planning, performance monitoring, and trend analysis. Log Insight focuses on log aggregation and analysis, Auto Deploy automates ESXi provisioning, and vCenter HA provides high availability.

NEW QUESTION # 21

Which two types of group can be created to collect and manage objects in Istio Service Mesh? (Choose two.)

- A. Security
- B. Node
- C. Service
- D. Cluster
- E. API

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed

The Istio integration in VCF 9.0 defines two main logical groupings for organizing workloads within a service mesh: Cluster groups and Service groups. The documentation notes: "Cluster groups allow you to organize and manage objects across different Kubernetes clusters. Service groups let you aggregate and manage services that share common policies, routing rules, or observability requirements."

These groups enable administrators to apply consistent service mesh policies across multiple deployments and clusters. They also simplify administration by centralizing traffic management, routing, and observability of workloads. Security, API, and Node are not Istio-specific grouping constructs but instead are other concepts used elsewhere (e.g., security policies, API endpoints, node objects).

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