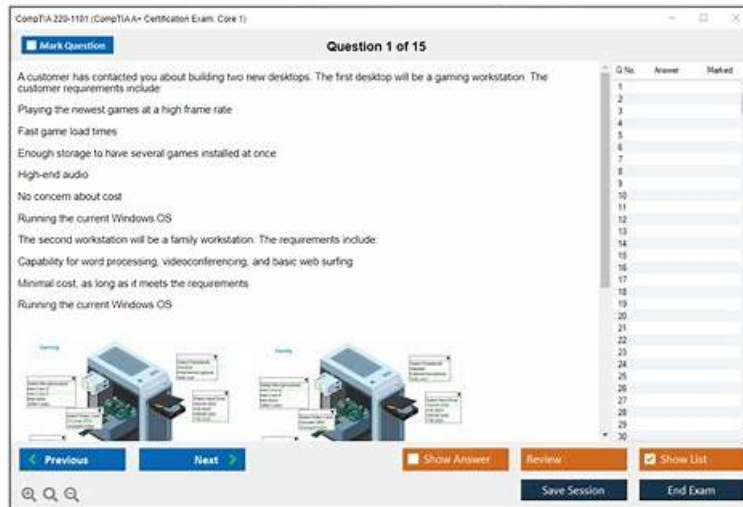


Quiz 2026 220-1101: CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 Fantastic Exam Collection



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Seeing The Exam 220-1101 Collection, Passed Half of CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1

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CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 (220-1101) is a globally recognized certification exam that is highly valued by employers in the IT industry. It is an entry-level certification that will help you stand out from the crowd and demonstrate your commitment to your career. CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 certification will open up a wide range of job opportunities for you, including help desk technician, technical support specialist, and field service technician.

CompTIA 220-1101 (CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1) is a certification exam that tests the foundational knowledge and skills required for a career in IT support. 220-1101 exam is the first of two exams required to earn the CompTIA A+ certification and covers a wide range of topics, including hardware, networking, mobile devices, and troubleshooting. Candidates who pass the exam will have demonstrated a solid foundation in IT support and will be well-prepared for a career in this field.

CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 covers a wide range of topics, including hardware, software, networking, and security.

220-1101 Exam is divided into two parts: Core 1 and Core 2. Core 1 focuses on computer hardware and software, while Core 2 covers advanced topics such as networking, security, and troubleshooting.

CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 1 Sample Questions (Q352-Q357):

NEW QUESTION # 352

A user keeps a company-provided camera's battery charger plugged into a docking station at a desk. Company policy requires that USB devices be identified and approved by installed peripheral security software. A technician is unable to add a unique identifier to the battery charger's security software. Which of the following should the technician do?

- A. Add a powered USB hub to the docking station.
- B. Replace the battery charger with a USB device that has a unique identifier.
- C. Provide a USB to AC adapter for the battery charger.
- D. Disable the peripheral security software for this user only.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The problem in this scenario is that the battery charger is not a USB device, but a device that plugs into a USB port to draw power. Therefore, it does not have a unique identifier that can be recognized by the peripheral security software, which is designed to prevent unauthorized USB devices from accessing the company's network or data. The security software cannot add the battery charger to its whitelist, and may block its power supply or generate alerts.

The best solution for this problem is to provide a USB to AC adapter for the battery charger, which is a device that converts the USB power output to an AC power input that can be plugged into a wall outlet. This way, the battery charger does not need to connect to the docking station or the computer, and does not trigger the peripheral security software. The user can still charge the camera's battery without compromising the company's security policy.

The other options are not advisable because they either do not solve the problem or create new risks. Option B, adding a powered USB hub to the docking station, may not work if the security software also monitors the hub's ports and detects the battery charger as an unknown device. Option C, disabling the peripheral security software for this user only, is a very bad idea because it exposes the user's computer and the company's network to potential attacks from malicious USB devices. Option D, replacing the battery charger with a USB device that has a unique identifier, is unnecessary and costly, and may not be compatible with the camera's battery.

References:

CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1101) Certification Study Guide, Chapter 9: Security, Section 9.3: Device Security, Page 419

CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1101) and Core 2 (220-1102) Pearson uCertify Course and Labs and Textbook Bundle, Chapter 9: Security, Section 9.3: Device Security, Page 420 CompTIA A+ Core 1 (220-1101) and Core 2 (220-1102) Exam Cram, Chapter 9: Security, Section 9.3:

Device Security, Page 402

NEW QUESTION # 353

A small office has a wireless network with several access points for roaming laptop use. Users occasionally report that the wireless connection drops or becomes very slow. Users have confirmed that this issue only happens when connected to the office wireless network. Which of the following would MOST likely be the cause?

- A. Hidden SSID
- B. Device interference
- C. Ethernet port flapping
- D. High ISP latency

Answer: B

Explanation:

Device interference is the most likely cause of the wireless connection dropping or becoming slow. Interference can come from other wireless devices, microwave ovens, or physical barriers like walls and metal objects. Hidden SSID, Ethernet port flapping, and high ISP latency are not likely to cause this issue.

Wireless interference from other devices can cause a drop in wireless connection speed and stability. In a small office environment, there may be several wireless devices competing for the same bandwidth, causing the issues described.

NEW QUESTION # 354

A user's desktop computer is connected via an Ethernet cable and often drops the connection. When the computer does connect, the network speeds are normal. No other network users on the same floor are reporting issues. The administrator verified that all authentication systems are working as intended and the Ethernet cable was replaced. Which of the following is the most likely cause of the issue?

- A. Limited connectivity
- **B. Port flapping**
- C. 802.1X configuration
- D. Slow network speeds

Answer: B

Explanation:

Port flapping, also known as link flapping, is a network issue that causes a switch port's state to fluctuate between up and down within short periods of time. This instability affects network connectivity and performance. Port flapping can be caused by various factors, such as faulty cables, hardware issues, configuration issues, or other network issues¹². In this scenario, the user's desktop computer is connected via an Ethernet cable and often drops the connection, while no other network users on the same floor are reporting issues. The administrator verified that all authentication systems are working as intended and the Ethernet cable was replaced. Therefore, the most likely cause of the issue is port flapping on the switch port that connects to the user's computer.

References

1: Port flapping - Definition, common causes, and troubleshoot ...

2: Solved: Port Flapping Issue - Cisco Community

NEW QUESTION # 355

A technician is troubleshooting a point-of-sale printer that is printing blank receipts. Which of the following should the technician do to resolve the issue?

- A. Check to see if the default printer has been changed.
- B. Install the latest print driver.
- C. Ensure the printer is connected to power.
- **D. Verify the correct type of paper is loaded.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

Verifying the correct type of paper is loaded is the best solution for resolving the issue of blank receipts being printed by a point-of-sale printer. Some receipt printers require a specific type of paper, and using the wrong type can result in blank receipts. References: <https://www.techwalla.com/articles/what-are-the-causes-of-blank-receipts-from-a-printer> Top of Form Verify the correct type of paper is loaded. If a point-of-sale printer is printing blank receipts, one possible cause could be that the wrong type of paper is loaded in the printer. Thermal printers require thermal paper to print properly. If regular paper is loaded instead of thermal paper, the printer will not be able to produce an image on the paper and will print blank receipts.

NEW QUESTION # 356

A customer purchased an active touch pen for a tablet PC. After the customer used the pen for a few days, it stopped working. Which of the following is most likely causing the issue?

- A. The tablet screen is scratched
- **B. The pen batteries need recharging**
- C. Software updates disabled the pen
- D. The pen software is out of date

Answer: B

Explanation:

An active touch pen is a stylus that uses a battery to power features such as pressure sensitivity, buttons, or Bluetooth connectivity. If the pen batteries are low or depleted, the pen may stop working or become inaccurate. To fix this issue, you should recharge the pen batteries using the provided charger or cable, or replace them with new ones if they are not rechargeable¹. The other options

