

SOA-C03認証試験、SOA-C03関連受験参考書

AWS SAAおすすめ参考書を2冊に厳選



現役エンジニアが厳選！

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>> SOA-C03認証試験 <<

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Amazon SOA-C03 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Deployment, Provisioning, and Automation: This section measures the skills of Cloud Engineers and covers provisioning and maintaining cloud resources using AWS CloudFormation, CDK, and third-party tools. It evaluates automation of deployments, remediation of resource issues, and managing infrastructure using Systems Manager and event-driven processes like Lambda or S3 notifications.
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Networking and Content Delivery: This section measures skills of Cloud Network Engineers and focuses on VPC configuration, subnets, routing, network ACLs, and gateways. It includes optimizing network cost and performance, configuring DNS with Route 53, using CloudFront and Global Accelerator for content delivery, and troubleshooting network and hybrid connectivity using logs and monitoring tools.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Security and Compliance: This section measures skills of Security Engineers and includes implementing IAM policies, roles, MFA, and access controls. It focuses on troubleshooting access issues, enforcing compliance, securing data at rest and in transit using AWS KMS and ACM, protecting secrets, and applying findings from Security Hub, GuardDuty, and Inspector.

トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reliability and Business Continuity: This section measures the skills of System Administrators and focuses on maintaining scalability, elasticity, and fault tolerance. It includes configuring load balancing, auto scaling, Multi-AZ deployments, implementing backup and restore strategies with AWS Backup and versioning, and ensuring disaster recovery to meet RTO and RPO goals.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitoring, Logging, Analysis, Remediation, and Performance Optimization: This section of the exam measures skills of CloudOps Engineers and covers implementing AWS monitoring tools such as CloudWatch, CloudTrail, and Prometheus. It evaluates configuring alarms, dashboards, and notifications, analyzing performance metrics, troubleshooting issues using EventBridge and Systems Manager, and applying strategies to optimize compute, storage, and database performance.

Amazon AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate 認定 SOA-C03 試験問題 (Q65-Q70):

質問 # 65

A company has deployed Amazon EC2 instances from custom Amazon Machine Images (AMIs) in two AWS Regions. The company registered all the instances with AWS Systems Manager.

The company discovers that the operating system on some instances has a significant zero-day exploit. However, the company does not know how many instances are affected.

A CloudOps engineer must implement a solution to deploy operating system patches for the affected EC2 instances.

Which solution will meet this requirement with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Create an Amazon EventBridge rule to react to Systems Manager Compliance events. Configure the EventBridge rule to run a patch baseline on the affected instances.
- B. Use AWS Config to identify the affected instances. Define a patch baseline in Systems Manager Patch Manager. Use the Patch Now option in Patch Manager to update the affected instances.
- C. Use AWS Config to identify the affected instances. Update the existing EC2 AMIs with the desired patch. Manually launch instances from the new AMIs to replace the affected instances in both Regions.
- **D. Define a patch baseline in Systems Manager Patch Manager. Use a Patch Manager scan to identify the affected instances. Use the Patch Now option in each Region to update the affected instances.**

正解: D

解説:

AWS Systems Manager Patch Manager is designed specifically to scan managed instances for missing patches and apply them with minimal operational effort. By defining a patch baseline and running a Patch Manager scan, you can automatically identify which instances are vulnerable, then use Patch Now (per Region) to patch only the affected instances. This leverages existing SSM integration, avoids extra services like AWS Config or manual AMI/instance management, and provides the lowest operational overhead.

質問 # 66

A CloudOps engineer creates a new VPC that includes a public subnet and a private subnet. The CloudOps engineer successfully launches 11 Amazon EC2 instances in the private subnet. The CloudOps engineer attempts to launch one more EC2 instance in the same subnet. However, the CloudOps engineer receives an error message that states that not enough free IP addresses are available.

What must the CloudOps engineer do to deploy more EC2 instances?

- A. Edit the private subnet to extend across a second Availability Zone.
- **B. Create a new private subnet to hold the required EC2 instances.**
- C. Edit the private subnet to change the CIDR block to /27.
- D. Assign additional Elastic IP addresses to the private subnet.

正解: B

解説:

A subnet's CIDR block size determines how many IP addresses it can allocate to resources.

Once all IP addresses in the subnet are used, you cannot expand or resize the CIDR block of an existing subnet. The only solution is to create a new subnet (with a larger or different CIDR range) within the same VPC and launch additional EC2 instances there. This

allows scaling without IP address exhaustion.

質問 # 67

An environment consists of 100 Amazon EC2 Windows instances. The Amazon CloudWatch agent is deployed and running on all EC2 instances with a baseline configuration file to capture log files. There is a new requirement to capture the DHCP log files that exist on 50 of the instances.

What is the MOST operationally efficient way to meet this new requirement?

- A. Log in to each EC2 instance with administrator rights. Create a PowerShell script to push the needed baseline log files and DHCP log files to CloudWatch.
- **B. Create an additional CloudWatch agent configuration file to capture the DHCP logs. Use the AWS Systems Manager Run Command to restart the CloudWatch agent on each EC2 instance with the append-config option to apply the additional configuration file.**
- C. Run the CloudWatch agent configuration file wizard on each EC2 instance and select the advanced detail level. This will capture the operating system log files.
- D. Run the CloudWatch agent configuration file wizard on each EC2 instance. Verify that the baseline log files are included and add the DHCP log files during the wizard creation process.

正解: B

解説:

The most operationally efficient approach is to avoid manual reconfiguration or login to each instance. By using AWS Systems Manager Run Command with the append-config option, you can centrally deploy and apply an additional CloudWatch agent configuration file to selected instances. This method scales easily, ensures consistency, and requires no manual intervention on each EC2 instance.

質問 # 68

A company is using an Amazon Aurora MySQL DB cluster that has point-in-time recovery, backtracking, and automatic backup enabled. A CloudOps engineer needs to roll back the DB cluster to a specific recovery point within the previous 72 hours. Restores must be completed in the same production DB cluster.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- **A. Use backtracking to rewind the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.**
- B. Create an Aurora Replica. Promote the replica to replace the primary DB instance.
- C. Create an AWS Lambda function to restore an automatic backup to the existing DB cluster.
- D. Use point-in-time recovery to restore the existing DB cluster to the desired recovery point.

正解: A

解説:

As documented in AWS Cloud Operations and Database Recovery, Aurora Backtrack allows you to rewind the existing database cluster to a chosen point in time without creating a new cluster.

This feature supports fine-grained rollback for accidental data changes, making it ideal for scenarios like table deletions or logical corruption.

Backtracking maintains continuous transaction logs and permits rewinding within a configurable window (up to 72 hours). It does not require creating a new cluster or endpoint, and it preserves the same production environment, fulfilling the operational requirement for in-place recovery.

In contrast, Point-in-Time Recovery (Option D) always creates a new cluster, while replica promotion (Option A) and Lambda restoration (Option B) are unrelated to immediate rollback operations.

Therefore, Option C, using Aurora Backtrack, best meets the requirement for same-cluster restoration and minimal downtime.

質問 # 69

A CloudOps engineer has created a VPC that contains a public subnet and a private subnet. Amazon EC2 instances that were launched in the private subnet cannot access the internet. The default network ACL is active on all subnets in the VPC, and all security groups allow outbound traffic.

Which solution will provide the EC2 instances in the private subnet with access to the internet?

- A. Create a NAT gateway in the private subnet. Create a route from the private subnet to the NAT gateway.
- B. Create a NAT gateway in the public subnet. Create a route from the private subnet to the NAT gateway.
- C. Create a NAT gateway in the public subnet. Create a route from the public subnet to the NAT gateway.
- D. Create a NAT gateway in the private subnet. Create a route from the public subnet to the NAT gateway.

正解: B

解説:

According to the AWS Cloud Operations and Networking documentation, instances in a private subnet do not have a direct route to the internet gateway and thus require a NAT gateway for outbound internet access.

The correct configuration is to create a NAT gateway in the public subnet, associate an Elastic IP address, and then update the private subnet's route table to send all 0.0.0.0/0 traffic to the NAT gateway. This enables instances in the private subnet to initiate outbound connections while keeping inbound traffic blocked for security.

Placing the NAT gateway inside the private subnet (Options C or D) prevents connectivity because it would not have a route to the internet gateway. Configuring routes from the public subnet to the NAT gateway (Option B) does not serve private subnet traffic. Hence, Option A follows AWS best practices for enabling secure, managed, outbound-only internet access from private resources.

質問 # 70

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