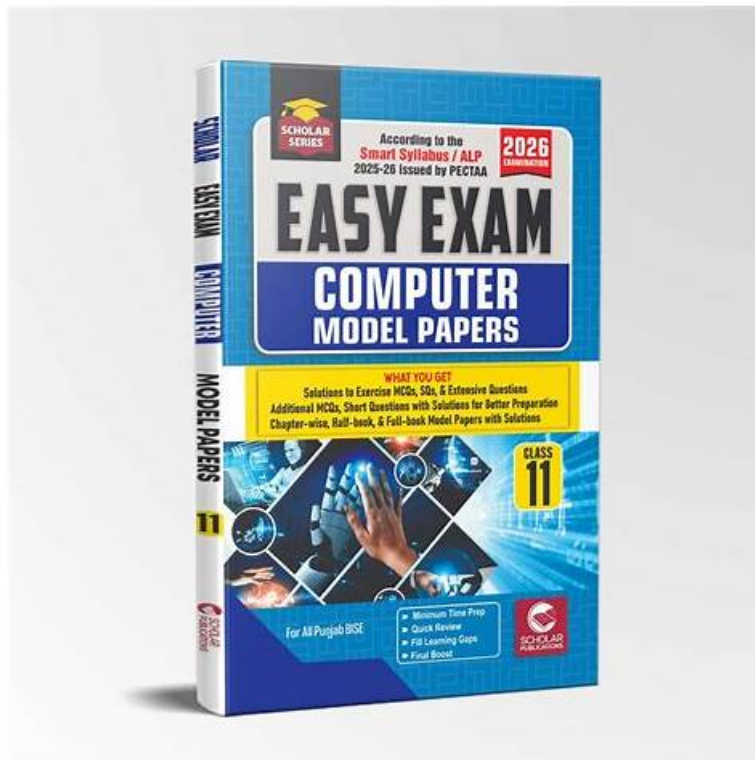


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CompTIA Server+ Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q334-Q339):

NEW QUESTION # 334

A technician is deploying a single server to monitor and record the security cameras at a remote site, which of the following architecture types should be used to minimize cost?

- A. Tower
- B. Virtual
- C. Blade
- D. Rack mount

Answer: A

Explanation:

Explanation

A tower server is a type of server architecture that is best suited to minimize cost when deploying a single server to monitor and record the security cameras at a remote site. A tower server is a standalone server that has a similar form factor and design as a desktop computer. It does not require any special mounting equipment or rack space and can be placed on or under a desk or table. A tower server is suitable for small businesses or remote offices that need only one or few servers for basic tasks such as file sharing, print serving, or security monitoring. A tower server is usually cheaper and easier to maintain than other types of servers, but it may have lower performance, scalability, and redundancy features. A virtual server is a type of server architecture that involves creating and running one or more virtual machines on a physical host using a hypervisor such as Hyper-V or VMware. A virtual server can reduce hardware costs and improve flexibility and efficiency, but it requires additional software licenses and management tools. A blade server is a type of server architecture that involves inserting multiple thin servers called blades into a chassis that provides power, cooling, network, and management features. A blade server can improve performance, density, and scalability, but it requires more initial investment and specialized equipment. A rack mount server is a type of server architecture that involves mounting one or more servers into standardized frames called racks that provide power, cooling, network, and security features.

NEW QUESTION # 335

Which of the following can be BEST described as the amount of time a company can afford to be down during recovery from an outage?

- A. SLA
- B. MTBF
- C. RTO
- D. MTTR

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://whatistechtarget.com/definition/recovery-time-objective-RTO>

NEW QUESTION # 336

A newly hired systems administrator is concerned about fileshare access at the company. The administrator turns on DLP for the fileshare and lets it propagate for a week. Which of the following can the administrator perform now?

- A. Manage the fileshare from an RDP session.
- B. Manage the permissions from the fileshare.
- C. Audit the access to the physical fileshare.
- D. Audit the permissions of the fileshare.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

DLP, or Data Loss Prevention, is a type of security measure that aims to prevent unauthorized access, use, or transfer of sensitive data. DLP can be applied to various types of data, such as email, cloud storage, network traffic, or fileshares¹. DLP for fileshares can help monitor and control who can access, modify, or share files on a network share². By turning on DLP for the fileshare and letting it propagate for a week, the administrator can audit the permissions of the fileshare and see if there are any violations or anomalies in the access patterns. This can help the administrator identify and remediate any potential risks or compliance issues related to the fileshare². The other options are incorrect because they are not directly related to DLP for fileshares. Managing the fileshare from an RDP session or from the fileshare itself are administrative tasks that do not require DLP. Auditing the access to the physical fileshare is a physical security measure that is not affected by DLP.

NEW QUESTION # 337

Users are experiencing issues when trying to access resources on multiple servers. The servers are virtual and run on an ESX server. A systems administrator is investigating but is unable to connect to any of the virtual servers. When the administrator connects to the host, a purple screen with white letters appears. Which of the following troubleshooting steps should the administrator perform FIRST?

- A. Reseat the processors.
- **B. Review the log files.**
- C. Reinstall the ESX server.
- D. Check the power supplies

Answer: B

Explanation:

A purple screen of death (PSOD) is a diagnostic screen with white type on a purple background that's displayed when the VMkernel of a VMware ESXi host experiences a critical error, becomes inoperative and terminates any virtual machines (VMs) that are running.

The other answers could be the issue but are a bit drastic and definitely not something you do FIRST.

<https://www.techtarget.com/searchvmware/definition/Purple-Screen-of-Death-PSOD>

NEW QUESTION # 338

An administrator has been asked to disable CPU hyperthreading on a server to satisfy a licensing issue. Which of the following best describes how the administrator will likely perform this action?

- A. Use a PowerShell/Bash script.
- B. Modify the startup configuration.
- **C. Use the BIOS/UEFI setup.**
- D. Use a RDP/VNC session.

Answer: C

Explanation:

One of the settings that can be changed in the BIOS/UEFI setup is the CPU hyperthreading option. Hyperthreading is a technology that enables a single physical CPU core to execute two threads or tasks simultaneously, improving the performance and efficiency of multi-threaded applications. However, some software licenses may limit the number of CPU cores or threads that can be used, and therefore require disabling hyperthreading on the server³⁴.

To disable hyperthreading on a server, the administrator will likely need to enter the BIOS/UEFI setup and navigate to the processor options menu. There, the administrator will find a setting for Intel Hyperthreading Technology or Hyperthreading Function, which can be enabled or disabled. The administrator will need to disable this setting and save the changes. This will turn off hyperthreading on the server and reduce the number of logical CPUs to match the number of physical cores⁵.

NEW QUESTION # 339

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