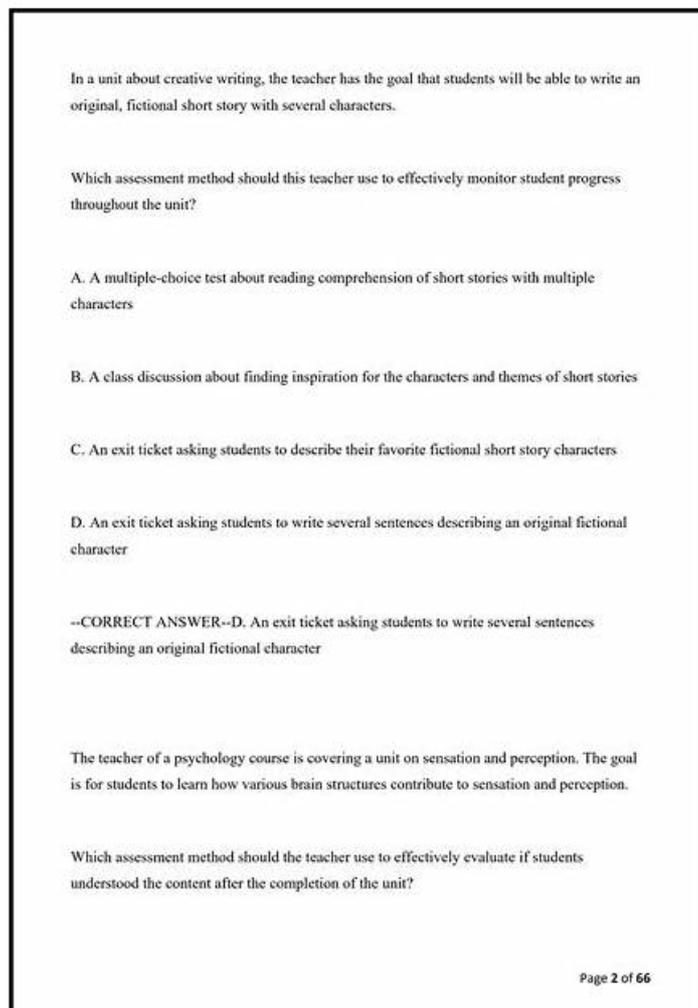


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WGU VPC2Data-Driven Decision MakingC207 認定 Data-Driven-Decision-Making 試験問題 (Q57-Q62):

質問 # 57

A healthcare organization implements a campaign to improve patient satisfaction during recent stays. The average patient satisfaction before the campaign is $M = 4.20$, $SD = 3.0$. Six months after the new campaign, the average patient satisfaction is $M = 1.5$, $SD = 2.0$.

Which action should the hospital management team take?

- **A. Discontinue the campaign because patient satisfaction declined from baseline to six months following the campaign introduction**
- B. Continue the campaign because there was an increase in patients that came to the hospital during the six months
- C. Change the campaign because it worked initially but is no longer effective
- D. Continue the campaign because patient satisfaction significantly increased from baseline to six months following the campaign introduction

正解: A

解説:

Data-driven decision making requires comparing outcomes before and after an intervention to assess effectiveness. In this scenario, the mean patient satisfaction score declined from 4.20 to 1.5 following implementation of the campaign, indicating a substantial decrease in satisfaction.

Despite the reduced standard deviation, the large drop in the mean suggests the campaign did not achieve its intended goal and may have negatively affected patient experience. Continuing or modifying the campaign is not justified without evidence of initial improvement or external factors explaining the decline.

Management decisions must be grounded in outcome data rather than assumptions or unrelated metrics such as patient volume.

Ethical and effective use of statistics requires discontinuing interventions that demonstrably worsen outcomes.

Therefore, the correct action is to discontinue the campaign, making option A the correct answer.

質問 # 58

Which type of study is also known as a quasi-experimental study?

- **A. Observational study**
- B. Content validity
- C. Blind study
- D. Hypothesis testing

正解: A

解説:

A **quasi-experimental study** is commonly referred to as an **observational study** in data-driven decision making. Unlike true experiments, quasi-experimental studies do not involve random assignment of subjects to treatment and control groups. Instead, researchers observe outcomes in naturally occurring groups and attempt to draw conclusions about relationships between variables. In observational studies, the researcher does not control the assignment of treatments. As a result, these studies are more susceptible to bias and confounding variables than randomized experiments. However, they are often necessary when controlled experimentation is impractical, unethical, or too costly. For example, studying the impact of policy changes or economic conditions typically relies on observational data.

Blind studies are a form of experimental design used to reduce bias, hypothesis testing is a statistical process rather than a study type, and content validity refers to measurement quality. None of these represent quasi-experimental designs.

In data-driven decision making, observational (quasi-experimental) studies are valuable for identifying associations and generating insights, but analysts must be cautious not to infer causality without proper controls. Therefore, the correct answer is **A**.

質問 # 59

What is an omission error?

- A. When crucial data is missing
- B. When data is inaccurate
- C. When not all the data has been reviewed
- D. When data contains outliers

正解: A

解説:

An omission error occurs when crucial data is missing from a dataset, which can significantly compromise the quality of analysis and decision-making. In data-driven decision making, omission errors are a serious concern because missing information can lead to biased results, incorrect interpretations, and flawed conclusions.

Omission errors may arise during data collection, data entry, or data integration processes. For example, failing to record customer demographics, transaction values, or time periods can distort descriptive statistics and weaken predictive models. Unlike inaccuracies, which involve incorrect values, omission errors involve the absence of necessary data altogether.

Outliers represent extreme values and are not omission errors. Similarly, failing to review all data is a process issue rather than a data-quality error definition. Inaccurate data refers to incorrect or erroneous values, not missing ones.

Effective data quality management emphasizes identifying and correcting omission errors through validation rules, completeness checks, and data audits. In data-driven decision making, ensuring that all relevant data is captured is essential for producing reliable insights and supporting sound business decisions. Therefore, the correct answer is D, as an omission error occurs when crucial data is missing.

質問 # 60

What is the purpose of the quality management principle of dedication to fact-based decision-making?

- A. Reduce bias driven by increased trust in plans.
- B. Increase the effectiveness from quality practices.
- C. Eliminate anything that does not add value.
- D. Increase loyalty from customers and suppliers.

正解: A

解説:

The principle of fact-based decision-making emphasizes using reliable data and objective analysis rather than intuition or opinion. In data-driven decision making, this principle exists primarily to reduce bias and increase trust in organizational plans and decisions.

When decisions are grounded in verified data, assumptions are challenged, personal biases are minimized, and outcomes are more predictable. This builds confidence among stakeholders and supports transparency and accountability.

Customer loyalty, waste elimination, and quality effectiveness may be indirect benefits, but the core purpose is ensuring that decisions are objective, defensible, and evidence-based. Therefore, the correct answer is D.

質問 # 61

Which type of analytics classification uses experimental design and optimization to suggest a course of action?

- A. Prescriptive analytics
- B. Predictive analytics
- C. Descriptive analytics
- D. Diagnostic analytics

正解: A

解説:

Prescriptive analytics is the analytics classification that uses experimental design and optimization techniques to suggest a specific course of action. In data-driven decision making, prescriptive analytics represents the most advanced stage of analytics, as it not only predicts outcomes but also recommends decisions that lead to optimal results.

Descriptive analytics summarizes historical data to explain what has already happened, while predictive analytics uses statistical and probabilistic models to estimate what is likely to happen in the future. Diagnostic analytics focuses on understanding why something happened by identifying root causes. In contrast, prescriptive analytics answers the critical question: what should be done.

Prescriptive analytics relies on methods such as optimization models, simulation, decision trees, and experimental design. These techniques evaluate multiple scenarios, constraints, and objectives to identify the best possible action. For example, organizations use prescriptive analytics to optimize pricing, allocate resources efficiently, schedule operations, or determine optimal investment strategies.

Within data-driven decision-making frameworks, prescriptive analytics bridges analysis and action by directly supporting managerial decision-making. It transforms analytical insights into concrete recommendations that can be implemented to improve performance and outcomes. Therefore, the correct answer is C, as prescriptive analytics explicitly uses experimental design and optimization to suggest a course of action.

質問 # 62

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