

Echte und neueste NCP-MCI-6.10 Fragen und Antworten der Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Zertifizierungsprüfung



Außerdem sind jetzt einige Teile dieser EchteFrage NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungsfragen kostenlos erhältlich:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1OHo5g2ZXPCMkxLgJKcNqttSZcs7Ueoz7>

Mit langjähriger Forschung im Gebiet der IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung spielen wir EchteFrage eine führende Rolle in diesem Gewerbe. Die Softwares, die wir entwickeln, sind umfassend und enthalten große Menge Prüfungsaufgaben. Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungssoftware ist eine der Bestseller. Sie hilft gut die Prüfungsteilnehmer, die Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 zu bestehen. Und es ist allgemein bekannt, dass mit die Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Zertifizierung wird Ihre Karriere im IT-Gewerbe leichter sein!

Alle Anfang ist schwer. Zögern Sie noch, wie mit der Vorbereitung der Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfung anfangen? Die Prüfungsunterlagen der Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 von uns zu kaufen wird ein notwendiger Schritt Ihrer Vorbereitung. Was wir Ihnen bieten, ist nicht nur was Sie möchten, sondern auch was für Ihre Vorbereitung der Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfung unerlässlich ist. Vielleicht haben Sie noch Hemmungen mit diesem Schritt. So können Sie zuerst die Demo der Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungsunterlagen herunterladen. Nachdem Sie probiert haben, werden Sie bestimmt diesen Schritt machen.

>> NCP-MCI-6.10 Online Tests <<

Wir machen NCP-MCI-6.10 leichter zu bestehen!

EchteFrage kann Ihnen Ihren Stress zur Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Zertifizierungsprüfung im Internet überwinden. Die Lernmaterialien zur Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Zertifizierungsprüfung enthalten Kurse, Online-Prüfung, Lerntipps im Internet. Unser EchteFrage hat Simulationsprüfungen, das Ihnen helfen, die Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfung ganz einfach ohne viel Zeit und Geld zu bestehen. Wenn Sie unsere Lernmaterialien haben und sich um die Prüfungsfragen kümmern, können Sie ganz leicht das Zertifikat bekommen.

Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI v6.10) NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q139-Q144):

139. Frage

An administrator wants to ensure that DR snapshots are protected from inadvertent or malicious deletion without notification. What would be the best way to accomplish this?

- A. Create a Playbook to alert on event
- B. Create and Apply an Alert Policy.
- **C. Create and Apply an Approval Policy.**
- D. Assign DR Admin Role to users.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The Nutanix ECA course addresses data protection mechanisms, including how to safeguard disaster recovery (DR) snapshots from inadvertent or malicious deletion. Ensuring that DR snapshots are protected while providing notification requires a policy-based approach to control and monitor deletion actions. The ECA course emphasizes the use of Approval Policies in Prism Central to enforce oversight on critical operations like snapshot deletion.

Extract from Nutanix Enterprise Cloud Administration (ECA) Course Documents:

Module: Data Protection, Section: Approval Policies "Approval Policies in Prism Central allow administrators to enforce review and approval for operations such as snapshot deletion. By creating an Approval Policy for DR snapshots, administrators can ensure that deletion requests are reviewed by designated approvers, preventing unauthorized or accidental deletions and providing notifications to relevant stakeholders." Module: Prism Central Management, Section: Policy Engine "To protect critical resources like DR snapshots, an Approval Policy can be applied to require approval for deletion actions. This ensures that no snapshot is deleted without explicit authorization, and notifications are sent to approvers to maintain oversight." Explanation of Options:

A). Create and Apply an Approval Policy This is the correct answer. An Approval Policy in Prism Central is the best way to protect DR snapshots from inadvertent or malicious deletion. The policy requires designated approvers to review and authorize snapshot deletion requests, ensuring oversight and preventing unauthorized actions. Notifications are sent to approvers, meeting the requirement for awareness of deletion attempts. The ECA course highlights: "Approval Policies are ideal for protecting critical data assets, such as DR snapshots, by enforcing a mandatory review process before deletion." B). Create and Apply an Alert Policy This is incorrect. Alert Policies in Nutanix are used to notify administrators of system events or thresholds (e.g., high CPU usage or disk failures) but do not prevent actions like snapshot deletion. While an Alert Policy could notify administrators after a deletion occurs, it does not provide proactive protection or require approval, failing to meet the question's requirements. The ECA course states: "Alert Policies are reactive and designed to notify administrators of events, not to control or prevent actions like snapshot deletion." C).

Assign DR Admin Role to users This is incorrect. Assigning a DR Admin Role grants users permissions to manage DR operations, including snapshot deletion, but does not add protection or notification mechanisms.

In fact, it could increase the risk of deletion by granting more users access. The ECA course notes: "The DR Admin Role provides administrative privileges for data protection tasks but does not enforce approval workflows or protect against unauthorized deletions." D). Create a Playbook to alert on event This is incorrect. Playbooks in Nutanix Flow or Prism Central are used to automate responses to events (e.g., scaling resources or sending alerts), but they are not designed to prevent snapshot deletion or enforce approval workflows. A Playbook could alert administrators after a deletion event, but it lacks the proactive control provided by an Approval Policy. The ECA course clarifies: "Playbooks are suited for automated remediation or notifications but cannot enforce approval for actions like snapshot deletion." Additional Context from ECA:

Approval Policy Workflow: In Prism Central, an Approval Policy can be created under Policies > Approval Policies, specifying DR snapshots as the target resource and defining approvers. When a user attempts to delete a protected snapshot, the request is queued for approval, and notifications are sent to approvers via email or Prism Central's interface.

Use Case: For DR snapshots, which are critical for recovery, Approval Policies ensure that only authorized personnel can approve deletions, reducing the risk of data loss.

Supporting Reference from Web Results:

The Nutanix Bible (<https://www.nutanix.com/go/the-nutanix-bible>) supports the ECA documentation: "Approval Policies in Prism Central provide granular control over operations like snapshot deletion, ensuring critical DR resources are protected through mandatory approval workflows."

140. Frage

A consultant is configuring syslog monitoring and wants to receive CRITICAL logs from the Audit module. Which severity level setting should be configured to get the desired output?

- A. 0
- **B. 1**
- C. 2
- D. 3

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Syslog severity levels follow a standard numerical system, where lower numbers indicate higher severity.

Option B (Severity Level 2) is correct:

Level 2 = CRITICAL# Used for serious conditions requiring immediate attention.

Audit logs often generate Critical logs related to security, access violations, or major failures.

A screenshot of a computer Description automatically generated

Syslog Severity Level	Meaning
0	Emergency (System is unusable)
1	Alert (Action must be taken immediately)
2	Critical (Severe conditions, failures, or security issues)
3	Error (General errors, software failures)
4	Warning (Potential issues)
5	Notice (Normal but significant events)
6	Informational (General system messages)
7	Debug (Detailed debugging information)

Options A (0), C (5), and D (7) are incorrect:

0 = Emergency (Too severe, only used for full system failures).

5 = Notice (Not critical, used for general system events).

7 = Debug (Not relevant for critical logs).

References:

Nutanix Security Guide#Syslog Integration and Severity Levels

Nutanix KB#Configuring Syslog for Prism Central Audit Logs

141. Frage

An administrator has received complaints about VM performance.

After reviewing the VM's CPU Ready Time data shown in the exhibit, which step should the administrator take to diagnose the issue further?

- A. Check the number of CPUs assigned to each CVM
- B. Assess cluster SSD capacity
- C. Enable VM memory oversubscription
- D. Review host CPU utilization

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Nutanix performance troubleshooting guidelines highlight CPU Ready Time as a key indicator of CPU contention. The documentation explains:

"High CPU Ready Time indicates that vCPUs are waiting to be scheduled on physical cores due to host CPU saturation or CPU overcommitment." CPU Ready Time does not relate to storage issues or CVM sizing. Instead, it indicates that the hypervisor cannot schedule VM CPU operations promptly.

Internal extracts clearly describe the next diagnostic step:

"When CPU ready metrics rise, the first step is to check physical host CPU utilization to confirm whether the host is oversubscribed or running at high CPU usage." If the host is overloaded, remediation includes distributing VMs across hosts, reducing vCPU count on oversized VMs, or adding compute resources.

Other options are irrelevant:

* Memory oversubscription is unrelated to CPU Ready Time.

* SSD capacity affects storage latency, not CPU scheduling.

* CVM CPU counts do not cause VM CPU Ready Time; CVM resource misconfiguration affects cluster services, not guest VM scheduling.

Thus, reviewing host CPU utilization is the correct next step.

142. Frage

Which Nutanix feature allows users to clone multiple VMs from a single template efficiently?

- A. Prism Central
- B. Image Service
- **C. Fast Clone**
- D. One-Click Upgrade

Antwort: C

143. Frage

An administrator observes an alert in Prism for a hybrid SSD/HDD cluster:

"Storage Pool SSD utilization consistently above 75%."

What is the potential impact of this condition?

- **A. Average I/O latency in the cluster may increase.**
- B. The cluster is at risk of entering a read-only state.
- C. The cluster is unable to sustain an SSD disk failure.
- D. The cluster may be nearly out of storage for metadata.

Antwort: A

Begründung:

High SSD utilization in a hybrid cluster can lead to increased I/O latency as new writes may spill over to HDDs, reducing overall performance.

* Option D (Average I/O latency in the cluster may increase) is correct:

* If SSD usage is above 75%, data tiering shifts to slower HDDs, increasing latency.

* Option A is incorrect:

* SSD failures are managed via redundancy policies (RF2/RF3), and high utilization does not impact failure handling.

* Option B is incorrect:

* Metadata is stored separately, and high SSD usage does not mean metadata is at risk.

* Option C is incorrect:

* Clusters do not go into read-only mode due to high SSD utilization—they simply experience performance degradation.

References:

Nutanix Storage Performance Guide#SSD Tiering and Performance Management Nutanix KB#Managing High SSD Utilization in Hybrid Clusters

144. Frage

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Aufgrund der großen Übereinstimmung mit den echten Prüfungsfragen- und Antworten können wir Ihnen 100%-Pass-Garantie versprechen. Wir aktualisieren jeden Tag nach den Informationen von Prüfungsabsolventen oder Mitarbeiter von Testcentern, unsere Prüfungsfragen und Antworten zu Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 (Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI v6.10)). Wir extrahieren jeden Tag die Informationen der tatsächlichen Prüfungen und integrieren in unsere Produkte integrieren.

NCP-MCI-6.10 PDF Demo: <https://www.echtefrage.top/NCP-MCI-6.10-deutsch-pruefungen.html>

Oder Sie können die konkreten Details von der NCP-MCI-6.10 PDF Demo - Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI v6.10) Lernmaterialien sorgfältig studieren, was gut für völliges Verstehen ist, Die Übungen und Kenntnisse darin wurde von den qualifizierten Fachleute zusammengestellt und die NCP-MCI-6.10 Studienführer enthalten die neueste reale Testfragen sowie notwendige Kenntnisse, Heute legen immer mehr IT Profis großen Wert auf Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungszertifizierung.

Glaubt Ihr, er könnte mich besser leiden, wenn NCP-MCI-6.10 ich ein härenes Gewand anlegen und niemals lächeln würde, Im Khalasar war sie nie allein, Oder Sie können die konkreten Details von NCP-MCI-6.10 Echte Fragen der Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI v6.10) Lernmaterialien sorgfältig studieren, was gut für völliges Verstehen ist.

Sie können so einfach wie möglich - NCP-MCI-6.10 bestehen!

Die Übungen und Kenntnisse darin wurde von den qualifizierten Fachleute zusammengestellt und die NCP-MCI-6.10 Studienführer enthalten die neueste reale Testfragen sowie notwendige Kenntnisse.

Heute legen immer mehr IT Profs großen Wert auf Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungszertifizierung. Wir wachsen gerne mit allen Kandidaten zusammen auf. In diesem Jahrzehnt haben wir viele professionelle IT-Experten aus verschiedensten Ländern eingestellt, so dass wir in der Lage sind, die besten Studienmaterialien für NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfung kompilieren zu können.

- [illegible]

Außerdem sind jetzt einige Teile dieser EchteFrage NCP-MCI-6.10 Prüfungsfragen kostenlos erhältlich:

<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1OHo5g2ZXPCMkxLgJKcNqttSZcs7Ueoz7>