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The Open Group
OGEA-103

TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam

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The Open Group OGEA-103 exam is an essential certification for anyone working in the field of enterprise architecture. By achieving this certification, professionals can demonstrate their expertise in the TOGAF framework and enhance their career prospects. OGEA-103 exam is challenging, but with the right preparation and study, candidates can achieve success and become certified TOGAF professionals.

The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

Complete the following sentence:

Presenting different _____ and _____ to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas principles and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture

- A. Business Scenarios Business Models
- B. Alternatives Trade-offs
- C. Solutions Applications
- D. Architecture Views Architecture Viewpoints

Answer: B

Explanation:

Presenting different alternatives and trade-offs to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas principles and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture. Alternatives are different ways of achieving a desired outcome, while trade-offs are compromises or sacrifices that must be made to choose one alternative over another. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.3.1 Business Scenarios.

NEW QUESTION # 35

Complete the sentence Business Transformation Readiness Assessment is _____.

- A. a joint effort between corporate staff lines of business and IT planners
- B. widely used to validate an architecture that is being developed
- C. to ensure the active support of powerful stakeholders
- D. a way to put building blocks into context thereby supporting re-usable solutions

Answer: A

Explanation:

Business Transformation Readiness Assessment is a joint effort between corporate staff lines of business and IT planners to evaluate the readiness of the organization to undergo change. It involves assessing factors such as vision, commitment, capacity, capability, culture, and motivation that may influence the success of a business transformation initiative. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.3.2 Business Transformation Readiness Assessment.

NEW QUESTION # 36

Which of the following are the four purposes that typically frame the planning horizon, depth and breadth of an Architecture Project, and the contents of the EA Repository?

Certification OGEA-103 Questions

OGEA-103 Dump File

順便提一下，可以從雲存儲中下載Testpdf OGEA-103考試題庫的完整版：<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Rs6R6Pw6e7FNrpFRUHPww5v8g0Z7c2u3>

如果你想參加OGEA-103認證考試，那麼是使用OGEA-103考試資料是很有必要的。如果你正在漫無目的地到處尋找參考資料，那麼趕快停止吧。如果你不知道應該用什麼資料，那麼試一下Testpdf的OGEA-103考古題吧。這個考古題的命中率很高，可以保證你一次就取得成功。與別的考試資料相比，這個考古題更能準確地劃出考試試題的範圍。這樣的話，可以讓你提高學習效率，更加充分地準備OGEA-103考試。

要想通過The Open Group OGEA-103考試認證，選擇相應的培訓工具是非常有必要的，而關於The Open Group OGEA-103考試認證的研究材料是很重要的一部分，而我們Testpdf能很有效的提供關於通過The Open Group OGEA-103考試認證的資料，Testpdf的IT專家個個都是實力加經驗組成的，他們的研究出來的材料和你真實的考題很接近，幾乎一樣，Testpdf是專門為要參加認證考試的人提供便利的網站，能有效的幫助考生通過考試。

>> OGEA-103考試重點 <<

覆蓋全面的The Open Group OGEA-103考試重點是行業領先材料和經過驗證的OGEA-103: TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam

OGEA-103考古題被大多數考生證明是有效的，通過很多IT認證考試的考生使用之後得出，能使考生在短時間內掌握最新的The Open Group OGEA-103考試相關知識。由高級認證專家不斷完善出最新版的OGEA-103考古題資料，他們的研究結果可以100%保證您成功通過OGEA-103考試，獲得認證，這是非常有效的題庫資料。一些通過OGEA-103考試的考生成為了我們的回頭客，他們說選擇Testpdf就意味著選擇成功。

Open Group OGEA-103是一個認證考試，驗證個人在企業架構方面的知識和專業能力。此認證考試基於TOGAF 9標準，該標準是企業架構的全球公認框架。該考試測試考生對TOGAF標準的第一部分和第二部分的理解，其中包括企業架構的基本知識以及高級主題，如架構內容框架、利益相關者管理和架構治理。

Open Group是一個全球性聯盟，專注於開發企業技術架構的標準、認證和最佳實踐。他們最受歡迎的認證之一是TOGAF企業架構(EA)認證。TOGAF EA認證分為兩部分，即第一部分和第二部分。但是，對於想參加兩部分考試的候選人，Open Group提供了OGEA-103(TOGAF企業架構綜合第一部分和第二部分)考試。

OGEA-103考試是為那些想要展示他們在使用TOGAF框架的企業架構方面的知識和專業技能的人而設計的。它適用於已完成TOGAF Part 1和Part 2課程，並希望以更有效的方式獲取認證的人。該考試涵蓋了TOGAF認證的Part 1和Part 2的所有主題，例如ADM(架構開發方法)、TOGAF參考模型和架構內容框架。

最新的 Enterprise Architecture OGAE-103 免費考試真題 (Q68-Q73):

問題 #68

Consider the illustration.

□ What are the items labelled A, B and C?

- A. A-Architecture Vision, B-Business Architecture, C-Information Systems Architecture
- B. A-Enterprise Continuum, B-Architecture Continuum, C-Solutions Continuum
- C. A-Enterprise Architecture, B-Architecture Building Blocks, C-Solutions Building Blocks
- D. A-Enterprise Strategic Architecture, B-Segment Architecture, C-Solutions Architecture

答案: B

解題說明:

The illustration shows the relationship between the Enterprise Continuum, the Architecture Continuum, and the Solutions Continuum, which are key concepts in the TOGAF framework. The Enterprise Continuum is a view of the Architecture Repository that shows how generic foundation architectures can be leveraged and specialized to support the requirements of an individual organization. The Architecture Continuum specifies a structured classification for architectural artifacts, such as models, patterns, and descriptions, that can be reused and adapted across different domains and levels of abstraction. The Solutions Continuum identifies implemented solutions that support various stages of business and IT capability evolution, such as common systems, industry solutions, and organization-specific solutions. The illustration also shows how the architecture context and requirements are influenced by external factors, such as business drivers, stakeholders, and standards, and how they shape the generic and specific architectures and solutions. The illustration also shows how the deployed solutions become part of the architecture context for future iterations of the architecture development cycle.

Reference:

* TOGAF Standard, 10th Edition, Part II: Architecture Development Method, Chapter 6: Architecture Repository, Section 6.2 Enterprise Continuum

* TOGAF Standard, 10th Edition, Part IV: Architecture Content Framework, Chapter 35: Enterprise Continuum and Tools, Section 35.1 Introduction.

問題 #69

Exhibit:

□ Consider the illustration. What are the items labelled A, B, and C?

- A. A-Enterprise Repository, B-Governance Repository, C-Board Repository
- B. A-Enterprise Repository, B-Board repository, C-Enterprise Capability
- C. A-Architecture Repository, B-Governance Repository, C-Architecture Capability
- D. A-Architecture Repository, B-Governing Board, C-Enterprise Capability

答案: D

解題說明:

A-Architecture Repository: This is a part of the Architecture Metamodel that contains artifacts structured according to the

metamodel. It includes the Architecture Landscape which is adopted by the enterprise and governed by certain standards and practices.

B-Governing Board: The Governing Board ensures visibility and escalation, meaning it oversees and manages the capability of the architecture landscape. It plays a crucial role in governance.

C-Enterprise Capability: This refers to how well an enterprise can execute its mission, meet business objectives or satisfy its stakeholders' needs and expectations. It's influenced by both internal factors (like resources, processes) and external ones (like market trends).

TOGAF Version 9.1, Chapter 34: 1

問題 #70

Consider the illustration.

What are the items labelled A, B and C?

- A. A-Architecture Vision, B-Business Architecture, C-Information Systems Architecture
- B. **A-Enterprise Continuum, B-Architecture Continuum, C-Solutions Continuum**
- C. A-Enterprise Architecture, B-Architecture Building Blocks, C-Solutions Building Blocks
- D. A-Enterprise Strategic Architecture, B-Segment Architecture, C-Solutions Architecture

答案: **B**

解題說明:

The illustration shows the relationship between the Enterprise Continuum, the Architecture Continuum, and the Solutions Continuum, which are key concepts in the TOGAF framework. The Enterprise Continuum is a view of the Architecture Repository that shows how generic foundation architectures can be leveraged and specialized to support the requirements of an individual organization. The Architecture Continuum specifies a structured classification for architectural artifacts, such as models, patterns, and descriptions, that can be reused and adapted across different domains and levels of abstraction. The Solutions Continuum identifies implemented solutions that support various stages of business and IT capability evolution, such as common systems, industry solutions, and organization-specific solutions. The illustration also shows how the architecture context and requirements are influenced by external factors, such as business drivers, stakeholders, and standards, and how they shape the generic and specific architectures and solutions. The illustration also shows how the deployed solutions become part of the architecture context for future iterations of the architecture development cycle. Reference:

* TOGAF Standard, 10th Edition, Part II: Architecture Development Method, Chapter 6: Architecture Repository, Section 6.2 Enterprise Continuum

* TOGAF Standard, 10th Edition, Part IV: Architecture Content Framework, Chapter 35: Enterprise Continuum and Tools, Section 35.1 Introduction.

問題 #71

What can architects present to stakeholders to extract hidden agendas, principles, and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture?

- **A. Architecture Views and Architecture Viewpoints**
- B. Business Scenarios and Business Models
- C. Alternatives and Trade-offs
- D. Solutions and Applications

答案: **A**

解題說明:

According to the TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, an architecture view is a representation of a system from the perspective of a related set of concerns¹. It consists of one or more architecture models that demonstrate how the system addresses the stakeholder concerns¹.

An architecture viewpoint is a specification of the conventions for constructing and using an architecture view to address specific stakeholder concerns¹. It defines the perspective, scope, notation, and techniques for creating an architecture view of a system¹. Architects can present architecture views and viewpoints to stakeholders to extract hidden agendas, principles, and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture, because²³:

Architecture views and viewpoints help to communicate and visualize the architecture in a way that is meaningful and relevant to different stakeholders, addressing their specific interests and needs.

Architecture views and viewpoints help to elicit and validate the stakeholder concerns and requirements, ensuring that they are aligned with the business goals and objectives, and that they are consistent and feasible within the architecture context.

Architecture views and viewpoints help to identify and resolve any conflicts, gaps, or trade-offs among the stakeholder concerns and requirements, ensuring that they are balanced and prioritized in the architecture design and decision-making.

Architecture views and viewpoints help to demonstrate and verify the value and benefits of the architecture to the stakeholders, ensuring that they are satisfied and committed to the architecture outcome and governance.

Reference:

1: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 22: Architecture Views, Viewpoints, and Stakeholders

2: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 4: Introduction to Part II, Section 4.2: What is an Architecture Framework?

3: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 31: Architectural Artifacts, Section 31.1: Basic Concepts

問題 #72

What concept enables the simultaneous operation of multiple ADM phases?

- A. Transition Planning
- B. Digital Transformation
- C. Change Management
- D. Iteration

答案: D

解題說明:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation from Expert in Enterprise Architecture, guiding in TOGAF and ArchiMate: TOGAF explicitly allows the ADM to be executed in a non-linear and iterative manner.

Iteration enables:

Multiple ADM phases to be active at the same time

Overlapping work across architecture domains

Incremental refinement of architectures

Agile and responsive architecture development

Why Option A is correct:

Iteration is the TOGAF mechanism that enables simultaneous and repeated execution of ADM phases.

Why the other options are incorrect:

B . Change Management: Controls change, but does not enable parallel ADM execution.

C . Digital Transformation: A business initiative, not an ADM execution concept.

D . Transition Planning: A specific planning activity, not an execution model.

問題 #73

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大家都知道，Testpdf The Open Group的OGEA-103考試培訓資料的知名度非常高，在全球範圍內也是赫赫有名的，為什麼會產生這麼大的連鎖反映呢，因為Testpdf The Open Group的OGEA-103考試培訓資料確實很適用，而且真的可以幫助我們取得優異的成績。

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