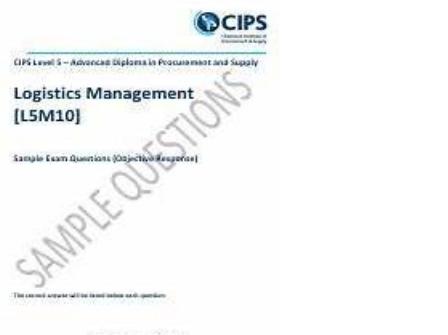


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CIPS L5M10 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand Capacity Planning and Control in Logistics Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of Operations Planners and focuses on the techniques and systems used to manage capacity, demand, and resource planning across logistics activities. It explains how organizations balance planning with real-time control, adjust to fluctuating demand, and schedule workloads effectively. Candidates are expected to understand capacity concepts, constraints, demand forecasting, capacity measurement, and different planning approaches such as level planning, chase demand strategies, and demand management methods. The section also examines the use of technology in capacity planning, particularly Materials Requirements Planning (MRP), MRP II, ERP systems, master production scheduling, inventory data, and bills of materials, while recognizing the limitations of these tools. Finally, it covers the role of reverse logistics, emphasizing the handling of customer returns, the development of return policies, and how returned items are reintegrated into the supply chain.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyse the Role and Activities of Logistics Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of Logistics Managers and covers the essential concepts, functions, and strategic importance of logistics within modern supply chains. It explains what logistics is, how its key elements work together—such as transportation, warehousing, inventory, packaging, information flow, and security—and how these components support procurement, production, distribution, after-sales processes, and product disposal. The section explores how logistics integrates with broader supply chain management and introduces the idea of total logistics and total cost thinking, showing how multimodal transport and pipeline inventory contribute to efficiency. Candidates must understand how logistics creates competitive advantage by aligning operations with business strategy, managing customer service levels, measuring service quality, and recognizing its financial impact. This heading also evaluates the increasing role of technology in logistics, including barcoding, RFID, e-fulfilment systems, warehouse management systems, automated data capture, and the integration of digital tools across the logistics network.

CIPS Logistics Management Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

NEW QUESTION # 35

Mobile Ltd offers customers £50 to return old or broken phones. What is the most likely reason?

- A. Re-manufacture
- B. Recovery**
- C. Recycle
- D. Reuse

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

"Recovery" focuses on extracting valuable materials (e.g., precious metals) from returned items. For broken phones, recovery is often most economical versus full remanufacture. (CIPS L5M10 Study Guide, p. 191)

NEW QUESTION # 36

Which pieces of information would you require to calculate aBOM exposure? Select TWO

- A. Lead-time of the materials
- B. Materials required to complete an order**
- C. Price of the materials
- D. Current inventory levels**

Answer: B,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

ABOM exposure determines net requirements by expanding the Bill of Materials for an order and offsetting it against current inventory/receipts to find what must be procured or made. Prices and lead times are relevant for scheduling/costing, not for the netting calculation itself. (CIPS L5M10 Study Guide, p. 182)

NEW QUESTION # 37

Terry manages a warehouse stocking electronics and has a pilferage (theft) issue. Which of the following would help reduce this issue?

- A. Warehouse Management System
- B. Additional breaks for staff
- C. Paperless communication with suppliers
- D. **RFID tags**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

RFID tagging supports item-level identification and can trigger alarms at controlled exit points, helping deter and detect theft. While a WMS improves control and accuracy, RFID directly addresses shrinkage through automated detection. (Reference: CIPS L5M10 Study Guide, RFID uses-waste and pilferage reduction, p. 23)

NEW QUESTION # 38

PLM manages large distribution centres. Goods are not stored when delivered but are prepared immediately for shipment to retail outlets. What type of system is this?

- A. Distribution channelling
- B. **Cross docking**
- C. Distribution resource planning
- D. Pull-through distribution

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Cross docking (XDK) involves transferring inbound goods directly to outbound transport without long-term storage, reducing handling, time, and warehousing costs. It requires tight coordination between transport and order schedules. (Reference: CIPS L5M10 Study Guide, Cross docking and distribution centre operations, p. 24)

NEW QUESTION # 39

Red Lettuce Ltd is a manufacturer of screwdrivers. It uses a finite loading approach in its work centres. What does this mean?

- A. Each work centre is given a target number of items to produce
- B. **The amount of work given to each work centre is limited to a specific amount**
- C. Demand for work may vary from work centre to work centre
- D. Each work centre produces items to a specific budget

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Finite loading assigns work to production centres only up to their available capacity and processing time. It ensures that the workload remains realistic and prevents overloading any resource. By contrast, infinite loading ignores capacity limits and assigns all work regardless of availability, leading to backlogs or bottlenecks.

(Reference: CIPS L5M10 Study Guide, Production planning - finite vs. infinite loading, p. 120)

NEW QUESTION # 40

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