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Snowflake SnowPro® Specialty: Gen AI Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q83-Q88):

NEW QUESTION # 83

A Gen AI Specialist needs to extract the 'invoice number' and 'total_amount' from a specific invoice PDF, 'invoice_001 .pdf, located in an internal stage named They want to use the default (latest) model build version for a model named 'invoice_processor'. Which SQL query correctly uses the '!PREDICT method to extract the required information, and what key fields would be present in the JSON output for a successful extraction of 'invoice_number' and 'total_amount'?

- A.
- B.

```
SELECT @invoices_stage.invoice_processor!PREDICT('invoice_001.pdf', 1) FROM DUAL;
```

The output would directly return 'invoice_number' and 'total_amount' as separate columns.

- C.

```
SELECT invoice_processor!PREDICT(URL('@invoices_stage/invoice_001.pdf'), 1) FROM DUAL;
```



The output would include 'document_metadata.confidence' and raw extracted text for each field.

- D.

```
SELECT invoice_processor!PREDICT(GET_PREIGNED_URL('@invoices_stage', 'invoice_001.pdf')) AS extraction_results FROM DUAL;
```

The output would include '_documentMetadata.ocrScore', 'invoice_number.score', 'invoice_number.value', 'total_amount.score', and 'total_amount.value'.

- E.

```
SELECT invoice_processor!PREDICT(GET_PREIGNED_URL('@invoices_stage', 'invoice_001.pdf'), 'latest') FROM DUAL;
```

The output would include 'confidence', 'invoice_number_value', and 'total_amount_value'.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Option C is correct. The '!PREDICT' method is used with 'GET_PREIGNED URL' to access a document from a stage. If the model build version is not specified, the latest available version is used by default. The 'FROM DUAL' clause is appropriate for extracting information from a single specified document. The function returns a JSON object, where extracted entities like 'total_amount' are typically represented as arrays of objects, each containing 'score' and 'value' fields, and '_documentMetadata.ocrScore' provides the OCR confidence. Option A uses 'FROM DIRECTORY(@invoices_stage' which would process all documents in the stage, not just a single specified file. Option B uses an incorrect string literal for the model version and has incorrect keys for the output fields. Option D uses an incorrect syntax for calling the '!PREDICT method and incorrectly assumes direct column output. Option E uses 'URL()' which is not the correct function for generating a presigned URL, and also describes incorrect output fields.

NEW QUESTION # 84

An organization is implementing a two-tier LLM access control strategy in Snowflake. First, common models like 'mistral-7b' and 'llama3.1-8b' need to be broadly accessible to all users granted the 'SNOWFLAKE-CORTEX USER' database role. Second, a specialized data science team, using the 'ANALYST_ROLE', requires exclusive access to the higher-capability 'claude-3-5-sonnet' model, which should NOT be generally available through the broad access mechanism. Which set of SQL commands, executed by the 'ACCOUNTADMIN' role, correctly establishes this access control strategy?

- A.

```
USE ROLE SECURITYADMIN;  
ALTER ACCOUNT SET CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST = 'mistral-7b, llama3.1-8b';  
GRANT SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER TO ROLE DS_ANALYST_ROLE;
```

```
USE ROLE ACCOUNTADMIN;  
ALTER ACCOUNT SET CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST = 'mistral-7b, llama3.1-8b';  
CALL SNOWFLAKE.MODELS.CORTEX_BASE_MODELS_REFRESH();
```

- B. GRANT APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-CLAUDE-3-5-SONNET" TO ROLE DS_ANALYST_ROLE;

- C.

```
USE ROLE ACCOUNTADMIN;  
GRANT APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-MISTRAL-7B" TO ROLE PUBLIC;  
GRANT APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-LLAMA3.1-8B" TO ROLE PUBLIC;  
GRANT APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-CLAUDE-3-5-SONNET" TO ROLE DS_ANALYST_ROLE;
```

- USE ROLE ACCOUNTADMIN;
ALTER ACCOUNT UNSET CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST;
GRANT USAGE ON MODEL SNOWFLAKE.MODELS."CLAUDE-3-5-SONNET" TO ROLE DS_ANALYST_ROLE;
- D. GRANT APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-MISTRAL-7B" TO ROLE PUBLIC;
- E.

USE ROLE ACCOUNTADMIN;
ALTER ACCOUNT SET CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST = 'mistral-7b, llama3.1-8b, claude-3-5-sonnet';
REVOKE APPLICATION ROLE SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-CLAUDE-3-5-SONNET" FROM ROLE PUBLIC;

Answer: B

Explanation:

Option A is correct. This sequence first uses 'ALTER ACCOUNT SET CORTEX MODELS_ALLOWLIST to make 'mistral-7b' and broadly available by their plain names to any user with The call ensures these changes are applied. Then, it grants the specific application role 'SNOWFLAKE."CORTEX-MODEL-ROLE-CLAUDE-3-5-SONNET" directly to , providing exclusive access to that model without adding it to the general allowlist. Option B is incorrect because adding 'claude-3-5-sonnet' to the account-level would make it generally available, violating the requirement for exclusive access. Option C is incorrect because granting individual application roles to 'PUBLIC' for 'mistral-7b' and is not the method described for making them broadly accessible via an account parameter (allowlist). While it provides access, it doesn't align with the 'broadly accessible...via a Snowflake account parameter' part of the requirement. Option D is incorrect as 'ALTER ACCOUNT UNSET removes the broad access for 'mistral-7b' and Additionally, direct 'GRANT USAGE ON MODELS is not the primary mechanism for controlling access to base Cortex models; rather, application roles are used. Option E is incorrect because the 'ALTER ACCOUNT command for 'CORTEX MODELS_ALLOWLIST can only be executed by the 'ACCOUNTADMIN' role, not 'SECURITYADMIN'.

NEW QUESTION # 85

A Snowflake data engineering team needs to implement a system where they can call the SNOWFLAKE .CORTEX. COMPLETE function using the model, which is hosted in a different region than their primary Snowflake account. They also want to ensure that only llama3.1-8b approved models are callable. Which of the following configurations or privileges are necessary to achieve these requirements?

- The role used by the data engineering team must be granted the SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER database role to enable calling Cortex AI functions.
- The ACCOUNTADMIN role must set the CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST account parameter, including 'llama3.1-8b', to restrict or permit specific LLMs.
- To enable cross-region inference for the model, the CORTEX_ENABLED_CROSS_REGION account parameter must be set to 'ANY_REGION' or a list explicitly including the target region.
- Individual GRANT USAGE ON LLM statements are required for each specific LLM (e.g., llama3.1-8b) to the data engineering team's role, in addition to account parameters.
- The SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER role provides implicit access to all available LLMs in all regions, making further allowlist or cross-region configurations redundant.

- A. Option B
- B. Option D
- C. Option E
- D. Option A
- E. Option C

Answer: A,D,E

Explanation:

Option A is correct because the SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER database role grants the necessary privileges for users to call Snowflake Cortex AI functions. Option B is correct because the 'CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST' account parameter, configurable by ACCOUNTADMIN, explicitly permits or restricts specific LLMs for use. Option C is correct because the 'CORTEX_ENABLED_CROSS_REGION' account parameter allows inference requests to be processed in a region different from the default, and can be set to 'ANY_REGION' or a list of supported regions. Option D is incorrect; access to LLMs is controlled via the 'CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST' parameter and the CORTEX_USER role, not individual 'GRANT USAGE ON LLM' statements. Option E is incorrect because while 'CORTEX_USER' grants access to functions, 'CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST' is needed to restrict which specific models can be used, and CORTEX_ENABLED_CROSS_REGION is required for cross-region inference.

NEW QUESTION # 86

A Document AI administrator is investigating why a new 'finance_automation_role' cannot create Document AI model builds in 'finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema'. The role has the 'SNOWFLAKE.DOCUMENT_INTELLIGENCE_CREATOR' database role, and 'USAGE' on the database and schema. The warehouse is active and accessible. The error message received is: Unable to create a build on the specified database and schema. Please check the documentation to learn more.

Which 'combination of missing schema-level privileges' is explicitly cited in the documentation as a direct cause for this error, assuming a unique model build name?

• A.

```
Only CREATE STAGE is missing on finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema.
```

• B.

```
Only CREATE SNOWFLAKE.ML.DOCUMENT_INTELLIGENCE is missing on finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema.
```

• C.

```
Both CREATE SNOWFLAKE.ML.DOCUMENT_INTELLIGENCE and CREATE MODEL are missing on finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema.
```

• D.

```
Only CREATE MODEL is missing on finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema.
```

• E.

```
Only CREATE SNOWFLAKE.ML.DOCUMENT_INTELLIGENCE is missing on finance_analytics.quarterly_reports_schema.
```

Answer: C

Explanation:

The troubleshooting documentation for the error message 'Unable to create a build on the specified database and schema' explicitly lists two primary causes related to missing schema-level privileges: 'The 'CREATE SNOWFLAKE.ML.DOCUMENT_INTELLIGENCE' privilege is not granted to your role' and 'Your role has not been granted the 'CREATE MODEL' privilege on the schema that uses the model'. Both of these privileges are required on the schema to prepare a DocumentAI model build. Therefore, the combination of both missing would directly lead to this specific error. Options C and D are individual components of the correct answer, but the question asks for the 'combination of missing schema-level privileges' as cited in the documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 87

A data engineering team is setting up a new Cortex Search Service named to power a RAG application over their table, which stores historical ticket text and metadata. They need to ensure proper setup, cost efficiency, and data integrity. Which of the following statements are true regarding the creation and initial configuration of this Cortex Search Service? (Select all that apply)

- A. Columns intended to be filterable in search queries must be explicitly listed in the 'ATTRIBUTES' field during service creation and must also be included in the source query for the service.
- B. The role used to create the Cortex Search Service must be granted the 'SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER' database role.
- C. The 'CREATE CORTEX SEARCH SERVICE' command should specify a Snowpark-optimized warehouse for optimal performance, as it is designed for memory-intensive ML workloads.
- D. If the service is created using the Snowsight AI & ML Studio, its name will be double-quoted, and thus must be double-quoted when referenced in subsequent SQL queries.
- E. To enable continuous updates of the search index as new tickets are added,

```
ALTER TABLE customer_support_tickets SET CHANGE_TRACKING = TRUE;
```

Answer: A,B,D,E

Explanation:

Option A is incorrect. Snowflake recommends using a dedicated warehouse of size no larger than MEDIUM for a Cortex Search Service, as larger warehouses do not necessarily increase performance for these functions. Snowpark-optimized warehouses are primarily for ML training workloads with large memory requirements. Option B is correct. Change tracking is required on the base table to allow continuous updates of the search service, especially if the role creating the service does not own the table. Option C is correct. The role used to create a Cortex Search Service must be granted the 'SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX_USER' database role. Option D is correct. Any columns specified in the 'ATTRIBUTES' field for filtering must also be included in the source query that defines the search service. Option E is correct. When a Cortex Search Service is created from Snowsight, its name is double-quoted, meaning it must be referenced using double-quotes in SQL queries.

NEW QUESTION # 88

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