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HCIA-Cloud Computing V5.0

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Cloud Computing V5.5 exam questions, you get with ActualCollection brain dumps PDF. As per the format of the H13-511_V5.5 Exam, our experts have consciously created a questions and answers pattern. It saves your time by providing you direct and precise information that will help you cover the syllabus contents within no time.

Huawei H13-511_V5.5 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe what cloud computing is: This topic covers the fundamental definition and concept of cloud computing technology. It explains how cloud computing enables on-demand access to shared computing resources over the internet.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Be able to describe what virtualization is: This topic covers the concept of virtualization technology and how it enables multiple virtual instances to run on physical hardware. It explains the foundational role virtualization plays in creating isolated computing environments.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the characteristics of cloud computing: This section explains the essential attributes and defining features of cloud computing such as on-demand self-service, broad network access, and resource pooling. It outlines what distinguishes cloud computing from traditional computing models.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the differences between virtualization and cloud computing: This section clarifies how virtualization and cloud computing are related yet distinct technologies. It explains that virtualization is a key enabler of cloud computing but cloud encompasses broader service delivery models and characteristics.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand KVM technology: This topic focuses on Kernel-based Virtual Machine (KVM) as a specific virtualization solution for Linux systems. It covers how KVM transforms Linux into a hypervisor to manage virtual machines efficiently.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe the history of cloud computing: This section traces the evolution and development of cloud computing from its origins to its current state. It provides historical context for how cloud technology emerged and transformed over time.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> List a few use cases of cloud computing: This topic presents practical applications and scenarios where cloud computing is implemented across different industries. It demonstrates real-world examples of how organizations utilize cloud services to solve business problems.

Huawei HCIA-Cloud Computing V5.5 Sample Questions (Q63-Q68):

NEW QUESTION # 63

At which layer of the TCP/IP reference model does a router work?

- A. Transport layer
- B. Network layer**
- C. Data link layer
- D. Application layer

Answer: B

Explanation:

The HCIA-Cloud Computing syllabus explains that routers are responsible for inter-network communication and packet forwarding based on IP addresses. In the TCP/IP reference model, this function corresponds to the Network layer.

Routers analyze the destination IP address of a packet and use routing tables and routing protocols to determine the best path for forwarding the packet to its destination. This behavior is distinct from switches, which forward frames based on MAC addresses at the data link layer.

The Data link layer (A) is associated with switches, the Transport layer (D) handles end-to-end communication (such as TCP and UDP), and the Application layer (C) provides services to applications.

Therefore, according to HCIA-Cloud Computing network fundamentals, the correct answer is Network layer.

NEW QUESTION # 64

After adding a security group, you need to add corresponding rules in the security group before the virtual machine with the network card under the security group can communicate with the outside world

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 65

Hypervisor is the key to virtualize compute resources.7Which of the following is also called a hypervisor?

- A. VRM
- B. VNM
- C. VMM
- D. VPM

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the Huawei HCIA-Cloud Computing technical documentation, the term Hypervisor is used interchangeably with Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM). The VMM is the core software component that creates the virtualization layer between the physical hardware and the Guest Operating Systems. Its primary responsibility is to abstract physical resources (CPU, Memory, I/O) and present them as logical, virtualized resources to the Virtual Machines. The VMM manages the execution of the Guest OS and ensures that different VMs remain isolated from one another on the same physical host.8 In the Huawei ecosystem, specifically within the FusionCompute architecture, the hypervisor functionality is provided by the CNA (Computing Node Agent) node using the UVP (Universal Virtualization Platform) engine.9 While "Hypervisor" is a general industry term, "VMM" specifically describes the role of monitoring and mediating the hardware requests from virtualized guests.10 The other options provided are incorrect in this context: VRM (Virtual Resource Management) is the centralized management node that coordinates multiple CNA nodes but is not the hypervisor itself. VNA (Virtual Node Agent) is an agent running on the CNA node that communicates with the VRM, but it does not perform the actual hardware virtualization.

The VMM performs critical tasks such as instruction trapping and emulation.11 When a Guest OS attempts to execute a "privileged instruction" that would normally interact directly with the hardware, the VMM intercepts it and executes it safely on behalf of the VM.12 This ensures that a single VM cannot crash the entire physical host or access the data of another VM. Understanding that the Hypervisor and VMM are the same entity is fundamental to mastering the taxonomy of virtualization used in Huawei's ICT training and exams.

NEW QUESTION # 66

DAS & SAN support data transmission over fiber channel or IP networks, while NAS support data transmission over I've been at works only.

- A. true
- B. false

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 67

Which of the following computer hardware is not a necessary group or part for a server?

- A. hard disk
- B. CPU
- C. Power supply and fan module
- D. Monitor

Answer: D

