

NREMT EMT Latest Test Labs, EMT Valid Exam Notes

NREMT Practice Exam/ National Registry EMT Exam Updated 2023-2024 Latest Version Graded A+ (VERIFIED)

Why are prehospital emergency care guidelines updated on a regular basis?
A. Additional information and evidence indicate that the effectiveness of certain interventions has changed.
B. EMS providers should be encouraged to actively participate in research and become familiar with data analysis.
C. The federal government requires the implementation of changes to existing emergency care protocols at least every five years.
D. Statistical data indicate that an increasing number of people being diagnosed with a particular illness. ----- **Correct Answer** ----- A. Additional information and evidence indicate that the effectiveness of certain interventions has changed.

A 4 year old female has a peanut lodged in the external auditory canal of her right ear. You should:
A. Transport her to the emergency department.
B. Remove the peanut with a cotton-tipped swab.
C. Use tweezers to try to remove the object.
D. Thoroughly flush her ear with sterile saline. ----- **Correct Answer** ----- A. Transport her to the emergency department.
See emergency Medical care for specific injuries
See components of the EMS system

Which of the following statements regarding the EMS medical director and an EMT's scope of practice is correct?
A. The EMS medical director can expand the EMT's scope of practice but cannot limit it without state approval.
B. An EMT's scope of practice is exclusively regulated by the state EMS office, not the EMS medical director.
C. The EMS medical director can expand or limit an individual EMT's scope of practice without state approval
D. An EMT's scope of practice may be expanded by the medical director after proper training and state approval ----- **Correct Answer** ----- D. An EMT's scope of practice may be expanded by the medical director after proper training and state approval
See levels of training

As an EMT, it is important to remember that the signs and symptoms of cumulative stress:
A. Are most effectively treated with medications.
B. Might not be obvious or present all the times.

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NREMT Emergency Medical Technicians Exam Sample Questions (Q20-Q25):

NEW QUESTION # 20

An infectious disease spread by the fecal-oral route that is considered an acute infection with a currently available vaccine is

- A. Hepatitis A
- B. Hepatitis E
- C. Hepatitis B
- D. Hepatitis C

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Hepatitis A is transmitted primarily via the fecal-oral route, often through contaminated food or water. It leads to an acute liver infection, not a chronic condition. Unlike Hepatitis C, which has no vaccine, Hepatitis A has an effective vaccine and is preventable with proper hygiene and immunization.

Hepatitis B is spread through blood and sexual contact, not fecal-oral. Hepatitis E is also fecal-oral but is rare in the U.S. and doesn't have a widely used vaccine.

References:

CDC Hepatitis A Fact Sheet (2023)

NREMT Infectious Disease Control Guidelines

AAOS "Emergency Care and Transportation of the Sick and Injured" (11th ed.), Chapter: Infectious and Communicable Diseases

NEW QUESTION # 21

Which of the following actions are appropriate management for two-rescuer pediatric basic life support? Select the three correct options.

- A. Perform rescue breathing at a rate of 20 per minute
- B. Compress at a rate of 180 per minute
- C. Start CPR if the pulse rate is 72
- D. Perform compressions at a ratio of 15:2
- E. Use the two-thumb-encircling-hands technique for infants
- F. Compress the chest one-half the diameter of the chest

Answer: D,E,F

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

For pediatric BLS with two rescuers, current AHA Guidelines (2020) recommend:

* Two-thumb encircling hands technique: Most effective for infants; provides consistent depth and control.

* Compression ratio of 15:2: Enhances ventilation without compromising perfusion.

* Compression depth: 1/3 of chest or approximately one-half the chest's depth.

CPR begins if pulse <60 bpm with signs of poor perfusion, not at 72 bpm. Rate of 180/min is excessive; ideal rate is 100-120/min.

References:

AHA BLS Provider Manual (2020) - Pediatric BLS Section

NREMT Cardiology & Resuscitation Module

Pediatric Advanced Life Support (PALS) Guidelines

NEW QUESTION # 22

A law enforcement officer requests that you place the clothes from a sexual assault victim in a bag for transport to the hospital.

Which type of bag should you use?

- A. Cloth
- **B. Paper**
- C. Plastic
- D. Polypropylene

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

In cases of sexual assault, preserving evidence integrity is critical. Clothing or other forensic evidence must be placed in paper bags. Plastic or non-breathable materials can trap moisture, promoting mold or degradation of evidence like DNA or bodily fluids.

This approach follows chain-of-custody protocols used by law enforcement and medical facilities for handling forensic material.

References:

NREMT EMS Operations - Evidence Preservation and Forensics

U.S. Department of Justice: "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations" National EMS Education Standards - Legal and Ethical Principles

NEW QUESTION # 23

In order for a plaintiff to recover damages in a lawsuit against an EMT, there must be a duty to perform, breach of duty, damage, and

- A. Abandonment
- B. Contributory neglect
- C. Malfeasance
- **D. Proximate causation**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

To establish negligence, four legal elements must be proven:

* Duty to act- a legal obligation to provide care.

* Breach of duty- failing to meet the standard of care.

* Damages- harm occurred.

* Proximate causation- the breach directly caused the damage.

"Proximate causation" means the EMT's action or inaction is closely linked to the harm suffered by the patient.

References:

NREMT Candidate Handbook - Legal and Ethical Guidelines

"Emergency Care" (13th ed., Limmer & O'Keefe) - Chapter: Medical, Legal, and Ethical Issues National EMS Education Standards - Professionalism and Ethics

NEW QUESTION # 24

A choking patient becomes unresponsive. What should the EMT perform next? Select the two correct options.

- **A. Begin chest compressions**
- **B. Check for a pulse**
- C. Position the patient in recovery and administer back blows
- D. Do not ventilate until the foreign body is removed
- E. Open the airway and look in the mouth

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

If a choking patient becomes unresponsive, EMTs should:

* Check for a pulse

* Begin chest compressions if no pulse is found. Chest compressions can help dislodge the object. After compressions, the airway

Ventilation is attempted after clearing the airway or if no object is seen. Do not withhold compressions waiting for object removal.

References:

NEW QUESTION # 25

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