

100% Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Correct Answers - Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions

PT-AM-CPE CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL – PINGAM
COMPLETE EXAM QUESTIONS AND EXPLAINED
ANSWERS

PT-AM-CPE Certified Professional - PingAM Exam

Q1. Which component of PingAM is primarily responsible for evaluating login policies and determining whether a user can authenticate?

- A. Policy Agent
- B. Authentication Tree
- C. Data Store
- D. Session Service

Answer: B. Authentication Tree
Explanation: Authentication Trees provide flexible, node-based flows to evaluate credentials and contextual information for login. They replace static authentication chains in newer versions.

Q2. What is the default protocol PingAM uses for **federated single sign-on (SSO)** between service providers and identity providers?

- A. OAuth2
- B. OpenID Connect
- C. SAML 2.0
- D. Kerberos

Answer: C. SAML 2.0
Explanation: While PingAM supports multiple federation standards, SAML 2.0 is the primary standard for enterprise SSO between IdPs and SPs.

Q3. In OAuth2, which grant type is most secure for mobile/native applications that cannot keep a client secret?

- A. Implicit Grant
- B. Authorization Code with PKCE

BTW, DOWNLOAD part of Dumpkiller PT-AM-CPE dumps from Cloud Storage: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1fDHZVN3ODgNkVROEIk2PQK_ZqufEaJ1o

Ping Identity certification PT-AM-CPE exams has become more and more popular in the fiercely competitive IT industry. Although more and more people sign up to attend this examination of, the official did not reduce its difficulty and it is still difficult to pass the exam. After all, this is an authoritative test to inspect the computer professional knowledge and information technology ability. In order to pass the Ping Identity Certification PT-AM-CPE Exam, generally, many people need to spend a lot of time and effort to review.

Our PT-AM-CPE practice questions and answers are created according to the requirement of the certification center and the latest exam information. Our PT-AM-CPE real dumps cover the comprehensive knowledge points and latest practice materials that enough to help you Clear PT-AM-CPE Exam tests. You will get our valid PT-AM-CPE dumps torrent and instantly download the exam pdf after payment.

>> 100% Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE Correct Answers <<

Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions | Latest Braindumps PT-AM-CPE Book

Dumpkiller is a platform that will provide candidates with most effective PT-AM-CPE study materials to help them pass their PT-

AM-CPE exam. It has been recognized by all of our customers, because it was compiled by many professional experts of our website. Not only did they pass their PT-AM-CPE Exam but also got a satisfactory score. These are due to the high quality of our PT-AM-CPE study torrent that leads to such a high pass rate as more than 98%. You will never feel disappointment about our PT-AM-CPE exam questions.

Ping Identity Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Sample Questions (Q15-Q20):

NEW QUESTION # 15

In the OAuth2 Device Flow, which of the following HTTP codes is returned if a user has not yet authorized a client device?

- A. HTTP 401
- **B. HTTP 400**
- C. HTTP 302
- D. HTTP 403

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Device Authorization Grant (Device Flow), defined in RFC 8628 and implemented in PingAM 8.0.2, involves a polling mechanism where the device repeatedly asks the token endpoint for an access token using the device_code it received earlier. According to the PingAM documentation on "Device Authorization Grant" and "OAuth 2.0 Endpoints," during the period when the user is still navigating to the verification URL and entering their user code, the device's polling requests to the /oauth2/access_token endpoint will not result in a successful token issuance. Instead, PingAM returns a 400 Bad Request status code.

It is important to look at the JSON response body accompanying the 400 error. The body contains an error field with the value authorization_pending. This specific error code tells the device that the authorization request is still valid and in progress, but the user has not yet completed their part. The device should continue to poll at the interval specified in the initial response.

Other error codes like 403 Forbidden (Option A) would typically indicate a permanent rejection or that the device is polling too frequently (slow_down). 401 Unauthorized (Option C) is generally reserved for invalid client credentials when the client is confidential. 302 Found (Option D) is a redirect, which is not used in the back-channel polling phase of the Device Flow. Therefore, while a 400 error usually suggests a client error, in the context of the Device Flow, it is the standard protocol-level response used to communicate that the token is not yet ready because the user hasn't finished authorizing.

NEW QUESTION # 16

What scope is required to be included in a client's request if you wish to utilize the OpenID Connect capabilities of PingAM's OAuth2 implementation?

- **A. openid**
- B. openid+connect
- C. id
- D. profile

Answer: A

Explanation:

PingAM 8.0.2 implements OpenID Connect (OIDC) 1.0 as an identity layer on top of the OAuth 2.0 protocol. While OAuth 2.0 is designed for authorization (accessing resources), OIDC is designed for authentication (verifying who the user is).

According to the "OpenID Connect 1.0" documentation in PingAM, the presence of a specific scope in the Authorization Request is what signals to the AM server that the request should be treated as an OIDC flow rather than a standard OAuth2 flow. This mandatory scope is openid.

When PingAM receives an /oauth2/authorize request containing the scope=openid parameter:

It triggers the OIDC processing logic.

It ensures that an ID Token (a signed JWT containing user identity information) is generated alongside (or instead of) the Access Token.

It allows the client to later access the UserInfo Endpoint to retrieve further claims about the authenticated user.

Other scopes like profile (Option A), email, or address are optional OIDC scopes used to request specific sets of user claims, but they do not "activate" OIDC on their own. openid+connect and id (Options B and D) are not recognized standard scopes in the OIDC specification. Therefore, openid is the fundamental requirement for any OIDC interaction in PingAM 8.0.2.

NEW QUESTION # 17

If there is a need to reset a registered device over the REST API, which one of the following statements is incorrect?

- A. Only administrator accounts, not user accounts, have the ability to use the REST API for resetting a device profile
- B. Administrators can call the REST API to reset a user's device profile
- C. Administrators can call the REST API to reset a device that is out of sync, where the HOTP counter exceeds the HOTP threshold window and requires a reset
- D. Administrators can provide authenticated users with a self-service page to reset their devices via the REST API

Answer: A

Explanation:

In PingAM 8.0.2, device management is a critical part of the Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) lifecycle. When a user registers a device for Push, OATH, or WebAuthn, that information is stored as a part of their identity profile. There are many scenarios where a device might need to be reset—for example, if a phone is lost, if the ForgeRock/Ping Authenticator app is reinstalled, or if an HOTP (HMAC-based One-Time Password) counter becomes desynchronized beyond the allowed window.

According to the PingAM documentation on "Managing Devices for MFA" and the "REST API for Device Management":

Administrator Capabilities: Administrators have the authority to manage device profiles for any user. They can list, rename, or delete (reset) device profiles using the `/json/realms/root/realms/[realm]/users/[username]/devices` endpoint. This is vital for helpdesk scenarios (Option D and B).

User Self-Service (The Incorrect Statement C): Statement C is technically incorrect because PingAM's REST API specifically supports self-service device management. An authenticated end-user has the permission to manage their own devices. They can call the `/json/realms/root/realms/[realm]/users/[username]/devices` endpoint using their own valid SSO token to delete their own registered devices. This allows organizations to build self-service portals where users can "Unpair" a lost device without calling support (Option A).

The internal security of PingAM ensures that while a regular user can only access their own device sub-resource, an administrator with the appropriate `amAdmin` or `Delegate Admin` privileges can access the resources of all users. Therefore, the claim that only administrator accounts can use the REST API for these actions is false and contradicts the "User Self-Service" philosophy built into the PingAM 8 API architecture.

NEW QUESTION # 18

When making a request to the `/oauth2/access_token` endpoint using the JWT profile client authentication method, which parameter is used to provide the JWT value?

- A. `client_id`
- B. `client_token_value`
- C. `client_credentials`
- D. `client_assertion`

Answer: D

Explanation:

PingAM 8.0.2 supports advanced client authentication methods defined in the OpenID Connect and OAuth 2.0 specifications, including `private_key_jwt` and `client_secret_jwt`. These methods allow a client to authenticate without sending a static password/secret in the request. Instead, the client generates and signs a JSON Web Token (JWT).

According to the "OAuth 2.0 Client Authentication" and "JWT Profile for Client Authentication" (RFC 7523) documentation, when a client sends this JWT to the `/oauth2/access_token` endpoint, it must use the `client_assertion` parameter.

The request must also include the `client_assertion_type` parameter, which must be set to the constant value: `urn:ietf:params:oauth:client-assertion-type:jwt-bearer`.

Option A (`client_credentials`) is a grant type, not a parameter for providing a JWT.

Option B (`client_token_value`) is not a standard OAuth2 parameter name.

Option C (`client_id`) is often included in the request, but it is the identifier of the client, not the container for the cryptographic assertion itself.

When PingAM receives a request with a `client_assertion`, it extracts the JWT, verifies the signature using the client's public key (stored in the client's profile or retrieved via a JWKS URI), and validates the standard claims (`iss`, `sub`, `aud`, `exp`). This method is significantly more secure than simple secrets because it proves the client possesses the private key and limits the window for replay attacks through the token's expiration claim.

NEW QUESTION # 19

Which OAuth2 flow is most appropriate for a microservice requesting an access token?

- A. Authorization code flow
- **B. Client credentials flow**
- C. Resource owner flow
- D. Implicit grant flow

Answer: B

Explanation:

In PingAM 8.0.2, choosing the correct OAuth2 grant flow depends entirely on the type of client and the nature of the resource access. For a microservice (a machine-to-machine scenario), the Client Credentials Flow (defined in RFC 6749) is the industry-standard and documented best practice.

A microservice is categorized as a Confidential Client because it runs on a secure server where it can safely store its own credentials (client_id and client_secret). In a microservice-to-microservice interaction, there is no "end-user" present to provide consent or enter a password. Instead, the microservice authenticates as itself to the PingAM token endpoint.

According to the PingAM "OAuth 2.0 Grant Flows" documentation:

The microservice sends a POST request to the /oauth2/access_token endpoint.

The request includes the grant_type=client_credentials parameter along with the client's own authentication (such as Basic Auth with secret, or mTLS).

PingAM validates the client's credentials and scopes.

Since this is a machine-to-machine flow, PingAM bypasses the user authorization (consent) step and issues an Access Token directly to the service.

Why other options are incorrect:

Implicit flow (A) and Authorization code flow (B) are designed for scenarios where a human user is present to authenticate and authorize access.

Resource owner flow (D) (also known as the Password grant) requires the service to handle a user's cleartext credentials, which is a major security risk and is deprecated in modern security architectures.

The Client Credentials flow ensures that microservices can securely obtain the tokens necessary to communicate with other protected APIs within the ecosystem without requiring human intervention.

NEW QUESTION # 20

.....

Maybe you severely need a proper guide for your PT-AM-CPE exam test. Do not seek with aimless any more. Our Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE exam guide will clear your confusion and help you out the difficulties. We offer the PT-AM-CPE original questions with verified answers. Our PT-AM-CPE PC test engine benefits you in your actual test. It has been tested and verified malware-free software, which ensure the safety installation. Besides, PT-AM-CPE PC test engine possess the characteristic of score comparison and improvement check. The customizable and intelligent PT-AM-CPE study material can help you pass your exam at your first attempt.

Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions: https://www.dumpkiller.com/PT-AM-CPE_braindumps.html

Ping Identity 100% PT-AM-CPE Correct Answers Besides, you can install it on your electric device and practice it at your convenience, So choosing right study materials is very necessary and important in the Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions - Certified Professional - PingAM Exam valid test, But our Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions - Certified Professional - PingAM Exam valid practice material will get you prepared for the Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions - Certified Professional - PingAM Exam exam by our high-efficiency form of review, Ping Identity 100% PT-AM-CPE Correct Answers The most advantage of the online version is that this version can support all electronica equipment.

Change is a major part of life-a fact of which we are all frightfully PT-AM-CPE aware sometimes, Good luck, Besides, you can install it on your electric device and practice it at your convenience.

So choosing right study materials is very necessary and important in the Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Exam PT-AM-CPE Cram Questions valid test, But our Certified Professional - PingAM Exam valid practice material will get you prepared for the Certified Professional - PingAM Exam exam by our high-efficiency form of review.

**Pass Guaranteed Quiz 2026 Trustable Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE: 100%
Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Correct Answers**

The most advantage of the online version is Accurate PT-AM-CPE Prep Material that this version can support all electronica equipment, Time is money, time is life.

- Real Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE PDF Questions [2026]-The Greatest Shortcut Towards Success □ Immediately open □ www.pass4test.com □ and search for { PT-AM-CPE } to obtain a free download □ Valid Dumps PT-AM-CPE Ebook
- Free PDF Quiz Ping Identity - Efficient 100% PT-AM-CPE Correct Answers □ Search on 【 www.pdfvce.com 】 for > PT-AM-CPE □ to obtain exam materials for free download □ PT-AM-CPE Pass4sure Dumps Pdf
- 100% Pass 2026 Ping Identity PT-AM-CPE: Accurate 100% Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Correct Answers ⇌ Download ➡ PT-AM-CPE □ for free by simply entering > www.pass4test.com □ website □ PDF PT-AM-CPE Cram Exam
- PT-AM-CPE Real Testing Environment □ PDF PT-AM-CPE Cram Exam □ PT-AM-CPE Valid Test Format □ Open ▷ www.pdfvce.com ◁ enter ➡ PT-AM-CPE □ □ □ and obtain a free download □ Pdf PT-AM-CPE Format
- 100% Pass Quiz PT-AM-CPE - The Best 100% Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Correct Answers □ Open ▶ www.prepawayexam.com ◀ and search for □ PT-AM-CPE □ to download exam materials for free □ Valid PT-AM-CPE Test Labs
- PT-AM-CPE Learning Engine □ Latest PT-AM-CPE Exam Review □ Top PT-AM-CPE Dumps □ Search for ▶ PT-AM-CPE ◀ and easily obtain a free download on ➡ www.pdfvce.com □ □ Test PT-AM-CPE Free
- PT-AM-CPE Exam Learning □ PT-AM-CPE Valid Test Format □ PT-AM-CPE Exam Torrent □ Copy URL ➡ www.vce4dumps.com □ □ □ open and search for (PT-AM-CPE) to download for free □ PT-AM-CPE Free Brain Dumps
- PT-AM-CPE Customized Lab Simulation □ Valid PT-AM-CPE Test Labs □ PT-AM-CPE Customized Lab Simulation □ Simply search for [PT-AM-CPE] for free download on 「 www.pdfvce.com 」 □ PT-AM-CPE Valid Test Format
- PT-AM-CPE Valid Test Format □ PT-AM-CPE Exam Learning □ PT-AM-CPE Pass4sure Dumps Pdf □ Search for (PT-AM-CPE) and download exam materials for free through ✓ www.prepawaypdf.com □ ✓ □ □ Valid PT-AM-CPE Test Labs
- Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Braindumps pdf - PT-AM-CPE study guide □ Copy URL ➡ www.pdfvce.com □ □ open and search for □ PT-AM-CPE □ to download for free □ PT-AM-CPE Valid Exam Labs
- Free PDF 2026 PT-AM-CPE: Professional 100% Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Correct Answers □ Open { www.verifiedumps.com } enter ➡ PT-AM-CPE □ and obtain a free download □ PT-AM-CPE Real Testing Environment
- www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, ycs.instructure.com, www.qianqi.cloud, ycs.instructure.com, www.ganjingworld.com, akademi.jadipns.com, enmaklewis.sites.gettysburg.edu, dl.instructure.com, techlearnersacademy.com, Disposable vapes

P.S. Free & New PT-AM-CPE dumps are available on Google Drive shared by Dumpkiller: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1fDHZVN3ODgNkVROEIk2PQK_ZqufEaJ1o