

Palo Alto Networks XSIAM-Engineer Related Certifications | XSIAM-Engineer Exam Overview



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Palo Alto Networks XSIAM Engineer Sample Questions (Q376-Q381):

NEW QUESTION # 376

A multi-national corporation is deploying XSIAM globally. One of the critical objectives is to correlate security events from diverse geo- locations while adhering to strict data residency requirements for certain regions (e.g., GDPR in Europe, CCPA in California). How should the XSIAM data source evaluation and deployment strategy address these conflicting requirements?

- A. Utilize a data lake solution in each region to store raw logs locally, and only forward anonymized metadata to a central XSIAM tenant for global correlation.
- B. Implement multiple XSIAM tenants, each in a region compliant with local data residency laws, and use XSIAM's Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response (SOAR) capabilities to correlate incidents across tenants.
- C. Anonymize all sensitive data at the source before sending it to a central XSIAM tenant, then use a separate, localized system for re-identification when necessary.
- D. Configure XSIAM's data retention policies to be short for sensitive data types to minimize exposure, and rely on local

backups for compliance audits.

- E. Deploy a single XSIAM tenant in a central region and use VPNs for all data ingress, accepting potential compliance risks for certain data types.

Answer: B

Explanation:

For strict data residency, deploying multiple XSIAM tenants in compliant regions is the most direct solution. XSIAM's architecture, particularly its SOAR capabilities, can then be used to orchestrate and correlate security events and incidents across these distributed tenants while ensuring raw data remains within its compliant region. Options A, C, D, and E either violate residency, lose valuable context, or introduce unnecessary complexity/risk.

NEW QUESTION # 377

A critical objective for a new XSIAM deployment is to enable real-time detection of insider threats, specifically focusing on data exfiltration attempts. This requires monitoring sensitive file access on endpoints, cloud storage interactions (e.g., OneDrive, Google Drive), and email activity (Microsoft 365 Exchange Online). Which data sources, in order of criticality for this objective, should be prioritized for integration into XSIAM, and what specific data points are most crucial?

- A. 1. Endpoint security logs (file access, process activity), 2. Cloud access security broker (CASB) logs (cloud storage interactions), 3. Email gateway/M365 Audit logs (email content, attachments). Crucial data points: username, file path, cloud app, email recipient, attachment hash.
- B. 1. VPN access logs (user login/logout), 2. Active Directory logs (authentication failures), 3. Application logs (database queries). Crucial data points: user ID, login success/failure, database query string.
- C. 1. Network flow data (NetFlow/IPFIX), 2. Intrusion Detection System (IDS) alerts, 3. Vulnerability scanner results. Crucial data points: source/destination ports, alert ID, CVE I
- D. 1. Physical access logs (door entries), 2. HVAC system logs (temperature changes), 3. Building alarm system events. Crucial data points: entry time, sensor reading, alarm type.
- E. 1. Firewall logs (denied connections), 2. Web proxy logs (URLs visited), 3. HR system logs (employee status changes). Crucial data points: source IP, destination IP, URL.

Answer: A

Explanation:

For insider threat detection related to data exfiltration, the most critical data sources are those directly monitoring access to and movement of sensitive data. Endpoint logs (file access, process activity) are paramount for detecting local exfiltration attempts. CASB logs provide visibility into cloud storage activities, which are common exfiltration vectors. Email logs (M365 Audit) are crucial for detecting data sent via email. The specified data points (username, file path, cloud app, email recipient, attachment hash) are essential for building effective detection rules and forensic analysis.

NEW QUESTION # 378

What is the reason all Broker VM options are greyed out when a user attempts to select a Broker VM as a download source in the Agent Settings profile?

- A. The Broker VM is offline.
- B. Local Agent Setting applet is currently activated without FQDN.
- C. NTP is not synchronized properly on the Broker VM.
- D. Local Agent Setting applet is currently activated without SSL certificate.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Broker VM options appear greyed out in the Agent Settings profile when the Local Agent Settings applet is activated without an FQDN. An FQDN is required for agents to resolve and connect to the Broker VM as a download source.

NEW QUESTION # 379

What is the primary benefit of setting the "--memory-swap" option to "-1" during Cortex XSIAM engine deployment?

- A. It enhances the network throughput by optimizing memory usage.

- B. It increases the total disk space available to the engine.
- C. It automatically doubles the available RAM to the engine.
- D. It allows the engine to operate without requiring swap capabilities.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Setting the "--memory-swap" option to "-1" during Cortex XSIAM engine deployment configures the container to run without requiring swap capabilities. This ensures the engine operates fully within allocated RAM, improving stability and avoiding issues related to memory swapping.

NEW QUESTION # 380

An XSIAM engineer needs to implement a scoring rule that dynamically adjusts alert severity based on the 'asset_criticality' field, which is populated via an external CMDB integration. Alerts associated with assets marked 'High' criticality should receive a significant score boost, while 'Low' criticality assets should see a reduction. Which of the following XQL-like logic within a scoring rule's condition and action configuration best supports this scenario, assuming 'alert.asset_criticality' is a field that holds 'High', 'Medium', or 'Low'?

- A. Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'High' Action: Additive +30; Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'Low' Action: Additive -15. Configure as two separate scoring rules with distinct orders.
- B. Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'High' Action: Multiplicative x2.0; Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'Low' Action: Multiplicative x0.5. Configure as two separate scoring rules.
- C. Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'High' Action: Additive +alert.base_score 0.5; Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality = 'Low' Action: Additive -alert.base_score 0.2.
- D. Use a single scoring rule with a complex XQL case statement:
 -
- E. Condition: 'alert.asset_criticality in ('High', 'Low') Action: (alert.asset_criticality = 'High') then SetTotalScore(90) else SetTotalScore(30)'.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Options A and C are the most practical and effective ways to implement this in XSIAM's scoring rules. Option A (Separate Additive Rules): This is a standard and clean way. You create one rule to boost 'High' criticality alerts and another to reduce 'Low' criticality alerts. Additive changes are direct and predictable. Option C (Separate Multiplicative Rules): This is also a very effective method. Multiplying by 2.0 significantly increases the score for 'High' assets, and multiplying by 0.5 effectively halves it for 'Low' assets. This maintains proportionality based on the initial score, which is often desirable for risk. Option B ('Set Total Score' with Conditional Logic): While 'Set Total Score' can be powerful, using 'if/then/else' directly within the action part like this with XQL is not the primary way XSIAM scoring rules are configured for score modification. 'Set Total Score' usually sets an absolute value, and complex conditional logic for modifying is done via separate rules or more advanced methods. This approach would also overwrite all previous scoring, which might not be desired for 'boosting' or 'reducing' an existing score. Option D (Dynamic Additive based on 'base_score'): While theoretically possible, XSIAM's direct scoring rule actions primarily support fixed additive/multiplicative values or 'Set Total Score'. Performing dynamic calculations like 'alert.base_score 0.5' directly in the 'Additive Score Change' field is not a standard configuration option within the UI for score actions. Option E (Single rule with 'case' statement): XSIAM's scoring rules are typically evaluated sequentially with simple conditions and actions per rule. Embedding complex 'case' statements for score modification directly within a single rule's 'Action' field like this (e.g., modifying 'alert.score' within a 'SetTotalScore' operation) is not a supported syntax for how score modifications are defined in the UI for additive/multiplicative/set total. You'd typically use separate rules for different conditions and their associated actions.

NEW QUESTION # 381

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