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Snowflake DEA-C01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Movement: Snowflake Data Engineers and Software Engineers are assessed on their proficiency to load, ingest, and troubleshoot data in Snowflake. It evaluates skills in building continuous data pipelines, configuring connectors, and designing data sharing solutions.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Storage and Data Protection: The topic tests the implementation of data recovery features and the understanding of Snowflake's Time Travel and micro-partitions. Engineers are evaluated on their ability to create new environments through cloning and ensure data protection, highlighting essential skills for maintaining Snowflake data integrity and accessibility.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security: The Security topic of the DEA-C01 test covers the principles of Snowflake security, including the management of system roles and data governance. It measures the ability to secure data and ensure compliance with policies, crucial for maintaining secure data environments for Snowflake Data Engineers and Software Engineers.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Performance Optimization: This topic assesses the ability to optimize and troubleshoot underperforming queries in Snowflake. Candidates must demonstrate knowledge in configuring optimal solutions, utilizing caching, and monitoring data pipelines. It focuses on ensuring engineers can enhance performance based on specific scenarios, crucial for Snowflake Data Engineers and Software Engineers.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Transformation: The SnowPro Advanced: Data Engineer exam evaluates skills in using User-Defined Functions (UDFs), external functions, and stored procedures. It assesses the ability to handle semi-structured data and utilize Snowpark for transformations. This section ensures Snowflake engineers can effectively transform data within Snowflake environments, critical for data manipulation tasks.

Snowflake SnowPro Advanced: Data Engineer Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q132-Q137):

NEW QUESTION # 132

A data engineer runs Amazon Athena queries on data that is in an Amazon S3 bucket. The Athena queries use AWS Glue Data Catalog as a metadata table.

The data engineer notices that the Athena query plans are experiencing a performance bottleneck. The data engineer determines that the cause of the performance bottleneck is the large number of partitions that are in the S3 bucket. The data engineer must resolve the performance bottleneck and reduce Athena query planning time.

Which solutions will meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- **A. Create an AWS Glue partition index. Enable partition filtering.**
- B. Transform the data that is in the S3 bucket to Apache Parquet format.
- **C. Use Athena partition projection based on the S3 bucket prefix.**
- D. Use the Amazon EMR S3DistCP utility to combine smaller objects in the S3 bucket into larger objects.
- E. Bucket the data based on a column that the data have in common in a WHERE clause of the user query.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/big-data/top-10-performance-tuning-tips-for-amazon-athena/> Optimizing Partition Processing using partition projection Processing partition information can be a bottleneck for Athena queries when you have a very large number of partitions and aren't using AWS Glue partition indexing. You can use partition projection in Athena to speed up query processing of highly partitioned tables and automate partition management. Partition projection helps minimize this overhead by allowing you to

query partitions by calculating partition information rather than retrieving it from a metastore. It eliminates the need to add partitions' metadata to the AWS Glue table.

NEW QUESTION # 133

An insurance company stores transaction data that the company compressed with gzip. The company needs to query the transaction data for occasional audits. Which solution will meet this requirement in the MOST cost-effective way?

- A. Store the data in Amazon S3. Use Amazon Athena to query the data.
- B. Store the data in Amazon S3. Use Amazon S3 Select to query the data.
- C. Store the data in Amazon Glacier Flexible Retrieval. Use Amazon S3 Glacier Select to query the data.
- D. Store the data in Amazon Glacier Instant Retrieval. Use Amazon Athena to query the data.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 134

A gaming company uses a NoSQL database to store customer information. The company is planning to migrate to AWS. The company needs a fully managed AWS solution that will handle high online transaction processing (OLTP) workload, provide single-digit millisecond performance, and provide high availability around the world. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Amazon Keyspaces (for Apache Cassandra)
- B. Amazon DocumentDB (with MongoDB compatibility)
- C. Amazon Timestream
- D. Amazon DynamoDB

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 135

A company stores CSV files in an Amazon S3 bucket. A data engineer needs to process the data in the CSV files and store the processed data in a new S3 bucket. The process needs to rename a column, remove specific columns, ignore the second row of each file, create a new column based on the values of the first row of the data, and filter the results by a numeric value of a column. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Use an AWS Glue custom crawler to read and transform the CSV files.
- B. Use AWS Glue DataBrew recipes to read and transform the CSV files.
- C. Use an AWS Glue workflow to build a set of jobs to crawl and transform the CSV files.
- D. Use AWS Glue Python jobs to read and transform the CSV files.

Answer: B

Explanation:

AWS Glue DataBrew is a visual data preparation tool that allows you to clean, normalize, and transform data without writing code. Using DataBrew recipes, you can easily perform transformations such as renaming columns, removing specific columns, ignoring certain rows, creating new columns, and filtering data based on column values. This solution requires the least development effort because it provides a no-code/low-code interface for performing these tasks.

While AWS Glue Python jobs can handle these transformations, they would require writing custom code, which involves more development effort compared to using DataBrew.

AWS Glue crawlers are used for cataloging data and are not suitable for performing complex transformations like ignoring rows, renaming columns, or creating new columns.

Using an AWS Glue workflow to build a set of jobs to crawl and transform the CSV files adds unnecessary complexity. You would need to orchestrate multiple jobs and workflows, which requires more setup and development compared to using DataBrew for the transformations.

NEW QUESTION # 136

