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Salesforce Mule-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Explain the common technical complexities and patterns in integration development: This domain explores interaction patterns, composition patterns, API specifications, observability approaches, and deployment • application architecture comparisons.
Topic 2	• Identify the roles, responsibilities, and lifecycle of a integration project: This domain covers integration project lifecycles, common failure points, MuleSoft's API-led delivery model, DevOps practices, and team roles within integration projects.
Topic 3	• Describe the components and benefits of Anypoint Platform for system integration: This domain covers Anypoint Platform's integration components, connectors, runtime • control planes, deployment options, and reusable Exchange assets.
Topic 4	• Recognize and interpret essential integration concepts and terminology: This domain focuses on foundational concepts including cloud service models, infrastructure types, networking protocols, data formats, security principles, and API classifications.

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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Integration Foundations Sample Questions (Q13-Q18):

NEW QUESTION # 13

Which Exchange asset type represents configuration modules that extend the functionality of an API and enforce capabilities such as security?

- A. Rulesets
- B. Connectors
- C. Policies
- D. REST APIs

Answer: C

Explanation:

Policies: In Anypoint Platform, a Policy is a configuration module that intercepts requests and responses to enforce specific behaviors, such as security (OAuth, Basic Auth), traffic control (Rate Limiting), or compliance.

Exchange Asset: Policies (both out-of-the-box and custom policies built in XML) are stored as assets in Anypoint Exchange.

Why others are incorrect:

Rulesets: Usually refer to API governance rules (linting RAML).

Connectors: Used to connect to external systems (Salesforce, DB), not to enforce security on the API itself.

NEW QUESTION # 14

Which Exchange asset type represents a complete API specification in RAML or OAS format?

- A. REST APIs
- B. Connectors
- C. SOAP APIs
- D. API Spec Fragments

Answer: A

Explanation:

REST APIs (Asset Type): In Anypoint Exchange and Design Center, when you create a new project to define a full API specification (using RAML or OAS), the resulting asset type is categorized as a "REST API." API Spec Fragments: These are parts of a specification (like a specific Data Type, Trait, or Security Scheme) designed to be reused across multiple different API specs.

They are not "complete" APIs on their own.

SOAP APIs: Use WSDL (XML), not RAML/OAS.

NEW QUESTION # 15

Which component of Anypoint Platform belongs to the platform control plane?

- A. Runtime Fabric
- B. API Manager
- C. Runtime Replica
- D. Anypoint Connectors

Answer: B

Explanation:

Control Plane vs. Runtime Plane:

Control Plane: The set of components that manage, monitor, and design APIs and applications. This includes API Manager, Runtime Manager (the console), Anypoint Exchange, and Design Center³.

Runtime Plane: The infrastructure where the applications actually run (execute). This includes the Mule Runtime engine, Runtime Fabric, and CloudHub workers.

API Manager: It sits in the Control Plane and pushes policies (governance) down to the runtime engines (gateways).

NEW QUESTION # 16

In preparation for a digital transformation initiative, an organization is reviewing related IT integration projects that failed for various reasons.

- A. Spending too much time on enablement
- B. Following an Agile delivery methodology
- C. Reliance on an Integration-Platform-as-a-Service (iPaaS)
- **D. Lack of alignment around business outcomes**

Answer: D

Explanation:

MuleSoft Catalyst: This is MuleSoft's delivery methodology. It identifies that integration projects often fail not due to technology, but due to a lack of clear strategy and alignment.

Business Outcomes: A primary cause of failure is when IT builds projects in isolation without understanding the business value or specific outcomes (KPIs) required by the organization⁵.

Why others are incorrect:

Agile (C): Is generally recommended/beneficial.

Enablement (B): Is a core pillar of success (C4E), not a cause of failure.

NEW QUESTION # 17

An integration team uses Anypoint Platform and follows MuleSoft's recommended approach to full lifecycle API development. Which step should the team's API designer take before the API developers implement the API specification?

- **A. Publish the API specification to Exchange and solicit feedback from the API's consumers**
- B. Use the scaffolding capability of Anypoint Studio to create an API portal based on the API specification
- C. Use API Manager to version the API specification
- D. Generate test cases using MUnit so the API developers can observe the results of running the API

Answer: A

Explanation:

Design-First Feedback Loop: In the MuleSoft API Lifecycle, after designing the API specification (RAML/OAS) in Design Center, the critical next step is to Publish to Exchange³.

Mocking & Validation: Once in Exchange, the API creates a "Mocking Service." This allows potential consumers (frontend devs, mobile devs) to make test calls against the design before any backend code is written.

Purpose: This solicits feedback to ensure the design meets business needs. If changes are needed, they are made to the spec cheap and fast, rather than rewriting complex code later (Implementation phase).

NEW QUESTION # 18

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