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Oracle MySQL Implementation Associate Sample Questions (Q190-Q195):

NEW QUESTION # 190

Which feature of MySQL InnoDB Cluster helps maintain high availability in case of primary server failure?

- A. Synchronous replication with manual failover
- B. Semi-synchronous replication
- C. Query caching
- D. Group Replication with automatic failover

Answer: D

Explanation:

MySQL InnoDB Cluster uses Group Replication with automatic failover to promote a new primary server automatically in the event of primary server failure, ensuring continued availability.

NEW QUESTION # 191

What does the SELECT privilege allow a user to do in MySQL?

- A. Insert new records
- B. Create new databases
- C. Update existing records
- **D. Read data from tables**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The SELECT privilege allows users to retrieve or read data from tables. Users can run queries that fetch data, but they cannot modify, insert, or delete data unless they have the appropriate privileges.

NEW QUESTION # 192

Which type of index should you use if you want to ensure that all rows in a table have a unique combination of values in two or more columns?

- A. BTREE INDEX
- B. PRIMARY KEY
- C. HASH INDEX
- **D. UNIQUE INDEX**

Answer: D

Explanation:

A UNIQUE INDEX ensures that all combinations of values across the indexed columns are unique, preventing duplicate entries.

NEW QUESTION # 193

What is the role of binary logs in MySQL backups?

- A. They store copies of MySQL configuration files
- B. They store user activity logs
- C. They contain performance statistics
- **D. They record changes made to the database**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Binary logs in MySQL record all changes to the database, including updates, inserts, and deletes. They are critical for point-in-time recovery and replication.

NEW QUESTION # 194

Which statement would you use to rename a MySQL user without affecting their privileges?

- **A. RENAME USER 'old_user'@'host' TO 'new_user'@'host';**
- B. REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* FROM 'old_user';
- C. UPDATE mysql.user SET User = 'new_user' WHERE User = 'old_user';
- D. ALTER USER 'old_user'@'host' TO 'new_user'@'host';

Answer: A

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