

H12-821_V1.0 Valid Exam Objectives - Test H12-821_V1.0 Free



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Huawei HCIP-Datacom-Core Technology V1.0 Sample Questions (Q1168-

Q1173):

NEW QUESTION # 1168

Regarding the description of network address port translation (NAPT) and network address translation only (No-PAT), which of the following statements is correct?

- A. No-PAT only supports protocol port translation at the transport layer
- B. NAPT only supports protocol address translation at the network layer
- C. After NATP conversion, for external network users, all packets will only come from the same IP address
- D. No-PAT supports protocol address translation at the network layer

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 1169

In a multi-level RR scenario, the first-level RR will be connected to a large number of second-level RRs, which may cause the BGP routing table of the first-level RR to overflow. What method can be used to reduce the risk of overflowing the BGP routing table of the first-level RR?

- A. Set the same Cluster-ID
- B. Route aggregation
- C. Routing Control
- D. ORF

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 1170

Which of the following statements regarding OSPF route summarization commands are true?

- A. The asbr-summary command is executed in the OSPF view.
- B. Advertise is the default parameter of the abr-summary command. That is, if not-advertise is not specified in the abr-summary command, the advertise parameter takes effect by default.
- C. Not-advertise is the default parameter of the abr-summary command. That is, if advertise is not specified in the abr-summary command, the not-advertise parameter takes effect by default.
- D. The abr-summary command is executed in the OSPF area view.

Answer: A,B,D

Explanation:

The asbr-summary command is executed in the global OSPF view to summarize external routes. The abr-summary command is executed in the OSPF area view to summarize routes between areas. By default, the advertise parameter is enabled unless explicitly overridden by the not-advertise option.

NEW QUESTION # 1171

Regarding the description of IGMP Snooping-working mechanism, which is the correct?

- A. The layer 2 switch establishes and maintains the PIM routing table on the layer 2 by continuously monitoring IGMP messages.
- B. When IGMP Snooping is not running, the multicast message will be broadcast on the second layer. After running IGMP Snooping, the message will no longer be broadcast on the second layer, but will be multicast on the second layer.
- C. If the host sends an IGMP host report message, the switch will delete the multicast entry corresponding to the host.
- D. If the host sends an IGMP leave message, the switch will add the host to the corresponding multicast table.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 1172

