

効果的なSAA-C03関連試験 &合格スムーズSAA-C03日本語復習赤本 | 最高のSAA-C03復習対策



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従来の試験によってGoShikenが今年のAmazonのSAA-C03認定試験を予測してもっとも真実に近い問題集を研究し続けます。GoShikenは100%でAmazonのSAA-C03「AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate」認定試験に合格するのを保証いたします。

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>> SAA-C03関連試験 <<

Amazon SAA-C03日本語復習赤本、SAA-C03復習対策

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Amazon AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Associate 認定 SAA-C03 試験

問題 (Q826-Q831):

質問 # 826

A company is building a three-tier application on AWS. The presentation tier will serve a static website. The logic tier is a containerized application. This application will store data in a relational database. The company wants to simplify deployment and to reduce operational costs.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use Amazon S3 to host static content. Use Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) with AWS Fargate for compute power. Use a managed Amazon RDS cluster for the database.
- B. Use Amazon CloudFront to host static content. Use Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) with Amazon EC2 for compute power. Use a managed Amazon RDS cluster for the database.
- C. Use Amazon EC2 Reserved Instances to host static content. Use Amazon Elastic Kubernetes Service (Amazon EKS) with Amazon EC2 for compute power. Use a managed Amazon RDS cluster for the database.
- **D. Use Amazon S3 to host static content. Use Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) with AWS Fargate for compute power. Use a managed Amazon RDS cluster for the database.**

正解: D

解説:

Amazon S3 is an object storage service that offers industry-leading scalability, data availability, security, and performance. You can use Amazon S3 to host static content for your website, such as HTML files, images, videos, etc. Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) is a fully managed container orchestration service that allows you to run and scale containerized applications on AWS. AWS Fargate is a serverless compute engine for containers that works with both Amazon ECS and Amazon EKS. Fargate makes it easy for you to focus on building your applications by removing the need to provision and manage servers. You can use Amazon ECS with AWS Fargate for compute power for your containerized application logic tier. Amazon RDS is a managed relational database service that makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the cloud. You can use a managed Amazon RDS cluster for the database tier of your application.

This solution will simplify deployment and reduce operational costs for your three-tier application.

References: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/userguide/WebsiteHosting.html>

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonECS/latest/developerguide/Welcome.html>

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonRDS/latest/UserGuide/Welcome.html>

質問 # 827

A genomic research company analyzes approximately 50 TB of raw DNA sequence data for each project that the company stores in Amazon S3. The company accesses data files frequently during the first 30 days of each project. The company rarely accesses the data after the first 30 days. However, the company must retain the data for 7 years.

The company needs a cost-effective storage solution for the data.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- **A. Store the data in Amazon S3 Standard for the first 30 days. After 30 days, move the data to Amazon S3 Glacier Deep Archive.**
- B. Store the data in Amazon EFS for the first 30 days. After 30 days, move the data to Amazon S3 Glacier Flexible Retrieval.
- C. Store the data in Amazon S3 Standard for the first 30 days. After 30 days, move the data to Amazon S3 Standard-Infrequent Access S3 Standard-IA.
- D. Store the data in Amazon S3 Standard for the first 30 days. After 30 days, move the data to Amazon EBS volumes.

正解: A

解説:

The data is frequently accessed only for the first 30 days and then is rarely accessed but must be retained for 7 years. That pattern matches Amazon S3 Standard for the initial active period and then S3 Glacier Deep Archive for long-term retention at the lowest storage cost. AWS guidance positions Glacier Deep Archive for long-lived archive data that is accessed once or twice a year and is ideal for compliance-style retention. EFS and EBS are not cost-effective archival storage choices for this use case. S3 Standard-IA is cheaper than S3 Standard, but Glacier Deep Archive is more cost-optimized for multi-year rare access.

質問 # 828

An online gaming company is transitioning user data storage to Amazon DynamoDB to support the company's growing user base. The current architecture includes DynamoDB tables that contain user profiles, achievements, and in-game transactions. The company needs to design a robust, continuously available, and resilient DynamoDB architecture to maintain a seamless gaming experience for users. Which solution will meet these requirements MOST cost-effectively?

- **A. Use DynamoDB global tables for automatic multi-Region replication. Deploy tables in multiple AWS Regions. Use provisioned capacity mode. Enable auto scaling.**
- B. Create DynamoDB tables in multiple AWS Regions. Use on-demand capacity mode. Use DynamoDB Streams for Cross-Region Replication between Regions.
- C. Use DynamoDB Accelerator (DAX) to cache frequently accessed data. Deploy tables in a single AWS Region and enable auto scaling. Configure Cross-Region Replication manually to additional Regions.
- D. Create DynamoDB tables in a single AWS Region. Use on-demand capacity mode. Use global tables to replicate data across multiple Regions.

正解: A

解説:

DynamoDB Global Tables provide a fully managed, multi-region, and multi-master database solution that allows you to deploy DynamoDB tables in multiple AWS Regions. This ensures high availability and resiliency across different geographical locations, providing a seamless gaming experience for users. Using provisioned capacity mode with auto-scaling ensures cost-efficiency by scaling up or down based on actual demand.

Option A: While on-demand capacity mode is flexible, provisioned capacity with auto-scaling is more cost-effective for predictable workloads.

Option B (DAX): DAX improves read performance, but it doesn't provide the multi-region replication needed for high availability and resiliency.

Option C: DynamoDB Streams with manual cross-region replication adds more complexity and operational overhead compared to Global Tables.

質問 # 829

A company is performing a security review of its Amazon EMR API usage. The company's developers use an integrated development environment (IDE) that is hosted on Amazon EC2 instances. The IDE is configured to authenticate users to AWS by using access keys. Traffic between the company's EC2 instances and EMR cluster uses public IP addresses. A solutions architect needs to improve the company's overall security posture. The solutions architect needs to reduce the company's use of long-term credentials and to limit the amount of communication that uses public IP addresses. Which combination of steps will MOST improve the security of the company's architecture? (Select TWO.)

- A. Set up a gateway endpoint to the EMR cluster.
- **B. Set up IAM roles for the developers to use to connect to the Amazon EMR API.**
- C. Set up AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store to store access keys for each developer.
- **D. Set up interface VPC endpoints to connect to the EMR cluster.**
- E. Set up a private NAT gateway to connect to the EMR cluster.

正解: B、D

質問 # 830

A company recently migrated its application to a VPC on AWS. An AWS Site-to-Site VPN connection connects the company's on-premises network to the VPC. The application retrieves customer data from another system that resides on premises. The application uses an on-premises DNS server to resolve domain records. After the migration, the application is not able to connect to the customer data because of name resolution errors.

Which solution will give the application the ability to resolve the internal domain names?

- A. Create an Amazon Route 53 public hosted zone for the on-premises domain. Configure the network ACLs to forward DNS requests against the on-premises domain to the Route 53 public hosted zone.
- **B. Create an Amazon Route 53 Resolver outbound endpoint. Configure the outbound endpoint to forward DNS queries against the on-premises domain to the on-premises DNS server.**
- C. Launch EC2 instances in the VPC. On the EC2 instances, deploy a custom DNS forwarder that forwards all DNS requests to the on-premises DNS server. Create an Amazon Route 53 private hosted zone that uses the EC2 instances for name servers.
- D. Set up two AWS Direct Connect connections between the AWS environment and the on-premises network. Set up a link

aggregation group (LAG) that includes the two connections. Change the VPC resolver address to point to the on-premises DNS server.

正解: B

解説:

When AWS workloads must resolve DNS names from on-premises systems over a hybrid network (like VPN or Direct Connect), the best solution is to use Amazon Route 53 Resolver outbound endpoints.

The outbound endpoint enables DNS queries to be forwarded from your VPC to on-premises DNS servers.

You must also configure a Route 53 Resolver forwarding rule to define which domain names (e.g., corp.internal) should be forwarded to the specific on-premises DNS IPs.

This setup allows private DNS resolution from AWS to on-premises systems and is fully managed, eliminating the need to run and maintain EC2-based DNS proxies (as in option A).

Options C and D are incorrect:

C is not DNS-specific and doesn't solve name resolution.

D misuses a public hosted zone for a private DNS domain.

Reference:

Route 53 Resolver Outbound Endpoints

質問 # 831

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